Weather
Continued cloudy weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 78.1 and the maximum 70.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 89.2 and 71.4.

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PEKING INFORMED SHANTUNG IS STILL UNDER DISCUSSION

Formal Assurance Sought From Japan For Return Of Tsingtau

MILITARISTS ACT

Urge Government To Open Parley With Nipponese On Question

SIGN OTHER PACT

Believed Acceptance Of Austrian Treaty Opens Way Into League

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, July 10.—It is semi-officially stated that the Shantung question is still engaging the attention of the Chinese Delegation, which proposes a supplementary clause containing a definite undertaking from Japan regarding the restoration of Kiaochow or an exchange of notes to the same effect at the Conference. Many of the delegations are believed to be sympathetic but the Japanese do not yet see their way to accept this course.

Both Japan and China are anxious to settle the matter if a satisfactory plan is possible, as it would place both countries in a better position vis-a-vis the Powers.

It is understood the militarists are bringing heavy pressure to bear on the Government with a view to instituting local negotiations between China and Japan on the matter. If these ended favorably, this fact would enable the Japanese to announce that they are in perfect agreement with the Chinese and would remove the doubts which are said to be arising in France concerning Japan's attitude.

To Sign Austrian Treaty

Peking, July 9.—A semi-official report states:

The acting premier continues in office indefinitely, and no changes are likely to occur in the Cabinet at present.

Efforts are being made to persuade the Chinese Government that the Austrian Treaty will not contain the Covenant of the League of Nations. Also that it is impossible to secure a revision of the Shantung Agreement, which certain agents and officials contend is definitely settled. The Government, however, has instructed Lu Cheng-hsiang, the chief delegate in Paris, to sign the Austrian Treaty without reservation and there is every reason to believe the Treaty will contain the Covenant.

Cabinet Conference Held To Discuss Situation

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 6.—A cabinet conference was called yesterday to continue the discussion of diplomatic problems arising from the failure of the delegates to sign the Treaty of Peace with Germany. It was decided to issue two mandates, one, to be sent out immediately to the whole people, declaring that the peace treaty was not signed and why; the second, to be released within a few days if advices from Paris are confirmed, declaring peace with Germany. Instructions have meanwhile been cabled to the delegates still in Paris to continue at their posts, and to sign the treaty with Austria.

The decision to sign the treaty with Austria clears the way for an understanding of China's position in world politics. She will thus continue to co-operate with her Allies though registering her sense of the injustice of the treatment accorded her. It is believed here that China has automatically become a member of the League of Nations by its formation and that under the arbitration of that body her disagreement with Japan over Shantung can be settled.

Move Of Anfu Club

A new angle is taken today on political intrigue for office in the capital. It is reported that the Anfu Club has absolutely withdrawn support of Chou, because he refuses concessions to their demands. They have suggested three other candidates all of whom either refuse the office or are clearly incapable, hoping thus to force acceptance of their leader and now strongest man, Wang Yi-tang, Speaker of the House. The Moderate group of the Club under Tuan Chi-jui are still backing the President's candidate, but their group is in the minority.

Charming Chinese Wife Of U.S. Naval Officer

Mrs. William C. Dronberger

Mrs. William C. Dronberger, charming Chinese wife of Lieutenant-Commander Dronberger, of the United States Navy, photographed upon her recent arrival in San Francisco from Shanghai. Mrs. Dronberger is en route to Brooklyn, N. Y., to join her husband, whom she has not seen for two years. She first went to America in 1906 for education in a girls' finishing school near Philadelphia. After returning to Shanghai she married Commander Dronberger, who was on service with the Asiatic Squadron. The couple will return to China to make their home.

Greeks Leave Aidin And Turks Take Town

Part Of Place In Flames And Wire Lines Are Down, Is Report Received

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 5.—Le Temps states that the Turks have entered Aidin, which the Greeks have evacuated. Part of the town is in flames. The telegraphs have been cut.

Peking Asks Russia To Suppress Poppy

Purpose To Check Cultivation Of Drug On Borders Of Northwest Provinces

Peking, July 9.—The Chinese Government has requested the Russians to suppress the poppy in regions bordering on China. The Russians have replied, welcoming the proposal and trusting that China will similarly suppress the cultivation of the poppy plant particularly in the northwest, from which large quantities of opium reach the interior of China.

Chinese Air Squadron Chief Is Appointed

Chin Kou-yung Is To Direct Flying Between Urga And Kalgan

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, July 9.—General Hsu Shu-cheng has arranged with the Board of Communications for Chin Kou-yung, former chief of the Aviation College, to take charge of an aviation squadron operating between Kalgan and Urga.

Empire Itself Leaque, Says General Smuts

Expresses Views In Address After Being Honored By Manchester University

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 5.—General Smuts, receiving the degree of Doctor of Laws at Manchester University today, referred to the greatness of the British Empire, which, in itself, he said, is a League of Nations.

He said that at the Conference in Paris M. Clemenceau referred to our fourteen representatives as Lloyd George savages but they represented realities with no nonsense about them and the British Empire, with its great political preponderance, was going to play an important part in the future of the world.

"We fought not only for victory but for ideals and principles which we intended to see triumphant."

Ekaterinburg Is Menaced By Advancing Bolsheviki On West Front In Siberia

Columns Of Refugees Reported To Be Converging On Omsk---Railway Strike On Nikolsk Line Shows Signs Of Improvement

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Omsk, July 8.—The Bolshevists have occupied Krasno-Ufimsk, thereby threatening Ekaterinburg.

The columns of refugees moving from the frontal regions into Ishim and Petropaviovsk as the Siberian forces retreat are now converging on Omsk.

Refugees who have arrived from Perm state that on the eve of occupation secret Bolshevist agents put up posters saying, "We will drench Perm in blood."

The British officers and crews of the vessels operating on the river Kama have reached Omsk safely.

Rail Traffic Crippled

Harbin, July 9.—It is reported from Nikolsk that some of the railway employes have started work but the majority are continuing on strike. Traffic has greatly diminished. Some of the employes have been replaced by soldiers.

It is reported from Omsk that notwithstanding the fact that the Government troops in some places have been forced to retreat under pressure of overwhelming Bolshevist forces, the situation is not critical.

The retreat is due to the fact that the Bolshevists have concentrated on the Siberian front large forces which were taken from other fronts, thereby allowing General Denikin and General Yudenich to gain ground.

Situation Still Serious

Harbin, July 8.—It is reported from Vladivostok that the railway situation is still very serious. The majority of the railway employes at Nikolsk have joined the strikers and consequently few trains reach Vladivostok. This is causing a delay in supplying the troops who are operating against the Bolshevists, and is evidently intended for the latter's benefit.

The strikers request:

First, an immediate increase of wages.

Second, the fixing of payment for overtime in accordance with the decree issued by the Provisional Government in 1917.

Bolshevists Are Blamed

It is understood the Railway Administration is ready to help the workmen concerning an increase in wages but are unable to fulfil the requests on short notice, of which the workmen are well aware. The prevailing opinion therefore is that the strike was inspired by the Bolshevists, who are prepared to take advantage of the interruption of traffic.

Harbin, July 5.—An official communique from the Siberian army states:

A successful raid has been carried out against the enemy's rear south of the Samara-Zlataust railway. We surprised a divisional staff capturing important documents and destroying two batteries, after which our detachment returned without losing a single man.

KAISER'S YOUNGER SONS ALL OFFER THEMSELVES

All But Crown Prince State Willingness To Stand Trial For Their Father

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, July 5.—The five younger sons of the ex-Kaiser have telegraphed to King George placing themselves at the latter's disposal in the event of their father's extradition in order to spare him "such degradation."

Germans May Ratify Treaty Next Week

Paper Announces It Will Be Submitted To Assembly At Weimar

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, July 5.—The Weimar correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung states that the Treaty of Peace will be submitted to the National Assembly for ratification about the middle of next week.

FORMER ENVOY TO ITALY PASSING THROUGH CITY

Mr. William Potter, Formerly United States Ambassador, Here For Brief Visit

Mr. William Potter, former American Ambassador to Italy, and one of the "dollar a year" men serving the United States Government during the war, arrived in Shanghai yesterday from Peking and Nanking and is leaving for America by the Empress of Russia tomorrow after several months spent in visiting various points in the Far East.

Mr. Potter, during the war, was Federal Fuel Controller for the state of Pennsylvania, the largest coal producing state in the Union, and following the termination of his service started on a pleasure tour of the East. While in Tokio he was for several weeks the guest of Ambassador Morris and on leaving Japan visited Korea, going thence to Peking. He expressed warm gratification for the cordial relations of friendship he has found existing between the Chinese and American people.

Mr. Potter is accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel Karl F. Baldwin, U. S. Coast Artillery Corps, Military Attache to the Embassy at Tokio.

KURDISTAN UPRISING PUT DOWN BY BRITISH

Independence Movement Is Crushed And Prisoners Are Set Free

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 5.—The Kurds, headed by Sheik Mahmud, under the influence of Turkish and Kurdish agitators aiming at the independence of Kurdistan under Turkish auzerainty, rose on May 2 at Sulemaniyas, in southern Kurdistan, overcame the small resistance offered and took five officers and nine other ranks prisoners.

A relief column advanced towards the end of May but was found not sufficiently strong enough to rescue the prisoners, whereupon a larger force equipped with artillery and Indian cavalry and commanded by Major-General Fraser was concentrated and advanced on June 17 against Bazyan Pass, which was held by Mahmud's forces. The pass is 5,000 feet high with the hills rising a further hundred feet above the summit. The pass was captured on June 18, the Kurds, who are not accustomed to the tactics of hill warfare, suffering heavily while we had only slight losses. Our cavalry pushed on the Sulimaniyas and rescued the prisoners. Sheik Mahmud was seriously wounded and captured. The situation is now satisfactory.

LONDON SEES TROOPS IN TRIUMPHAL MARCH

Route Of Parade Three Miles Long Is Lined With Cheering Throngs

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 5.—The triumphal march through the metropolis of detachments fifty strong of County of London troops was the occasion of great demonstrations of their fellow-citizens' pride in the deeds of their own men. Huge crowds lined the route from Constitution Hill through the Mall and the Strand to Tower Hill and greeted the 20,000 territorials, representing every unit.

The Guards Band led the procession, with its colors fluttering in the bright sunshine, along the route, which was three miles long. A hundred nurses in uniform from the five great London hospitals participated and were enthusiastically received.

The King, surrounded by a brilliant staff, took the salute outside Buckingham Palace, where two of the Guards bands played the troops past.

Two cavalry bands played outside the Mansion House, where the Lord Mayor welcomed the troops within the City. Fifty other bands marched in the procession.

Volunteer cadets and V. A. D.'s lined the streets.

Members Of Austrian Peace Delegation At St. Germain

Professor Lammasch — General Statin Pacha.

Important members of the Austrian Peace Mission, photographed at St. Germain, near Paris. Prof. Lammasch and General Statin Pahcha, who is military adviser to the delegation.

KOREAN NOBLES TRIED IN SEOUL LOCAL COURT

Prosecutor Urges Sentences Which Practically Amount To Acquittals

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Seoul, July 9.—The trial of Viscount Kim, Viscount Li and three others charged with violating the regulations for the preservation of peace was held at the Seoul Local Court on July 7. Only the defendants, their relatives and representatives of the press were admitted to the courtroom. Two Korean counsels appeared for the defendants.

The findings in the preliminary examinations show that at the time of the recent disturbances, the defendants were authors of representations made to the Premier of Japan and the Governor-General of Korea demanding the restoration of the independence of the Korean Kingdom and that they disseminated these petitions through the newspapers.

Viscount Kim, aged 85, who was made a Peer at the time of the annexation, practically admitted the charge. Viscount Yi did likewise.

The Public Procurator demanded a sentence in each case of two years' imprisonment, execution of which, however, was to be deferred for five years, which practically amounts to acquittal. Sentence will be delivered on the 11th.

CZECHS OCCUPY GROUND EVACUATED BY MAGYARS

Retirement To Lines Fixed By Peace Conference Is Reported Completed

(Reuter's Service)

Copenhagen, July 5.—In a message from Prague it is officially announced that the Magyar troops completed their retirement on the 2nd in western Slovakia to the frontiers laid down by the Peace Conference and the Czecho-Slovaks occupied the evacuated territory.

Fliers From Canada Are Forced To Descend

Intention Was To Intercept R34; More Belated Messages Are Received

(Reuter's Service)

Halifax, July 5.—The Handley-Page machine was forced to descend at Passborough owing to engine trouble. The crew is safe.

St. John's, July 4.—The Handley-Page machine left on the 3rd for New York expecting to sight the R34. It hopes to reach its destination at noon tomorrow.

Boston, July 5.—The R34 is in distress and has asked for American destroyers to tow her. Her difficulties are caused by a strong headwind and her supply of petrol running short.

London, July 5.—The position of the R34 at midnight was 59.40 North, 15.45 West.

MANY ATTEND OPENING OF SUMMER HOSPITAL

Institution Under Direction Of Chinese Red Cross Ready To Renew Service

With the premises filled to capacity with patients, the Chinese Red Cross society's Summer Disease Hospital was reopened for service for the twelfth year yesterday at 316 Tientsin Road where a reception was held to prominent foreign and Chinese residents and members of the press. From 1:30 to 5.30 o'clock a stream of guests who visited the institution and were shown round the place by the hospital committee headed by Mr. Shen Tung-lo, Vice-president of the society, Dr. S. Y. Wong, society physician, and Messrs. T. S. Lin and V. H. Chen, physicians. The hospital is in the charge of Dr. H. C. Patrick. A busy season is expected in view of the epidemic of accute diarrhoea in Poo-lung and Tungkadoo.

Already about 100 patients are living on the premises with twice that number cured and allowed to return home. On account of the high demand for treatment, arrangements are being made with the Shanghai Kung Li Hospital in Nantao whereby patients suffering from milder ailments will be sent to that hospital after preliminary treatment. Already over 40 cases of acute diarrhoea have been handled and none of them has yet proved to be fatal. Treatment consists of the injection of saline solution into the blood system of patients. Only 15 cases of this character were handled throughout the whole summer last year.

During the season last year, 1,274 patients were treated of whom only 11 died. In spite of the generous contributions from local Chinese, there was deficit of about $2,000. The contributions amounted to $2,912.50 and the room receipts totaled $84 while the expenses for the season amounted to Tls. 2,120.45 and $2,599.07. In view of the record demand this year, an appeal for contributions is extended to all residents in Shanghai.

Present at yesterday's reception were Mr. Chu Pao-san, chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, Dr. Patrick, Dr. C. C. Landis, Inspector E. Kilner of the Municipal Health Department, Pastor Yui, Dr. K. D. Howe and a number of others. A picture was taken following the reception.

FOREIGNERS IN CANTON WILL CELEBRATE PEACE

Date Of Observance Which Chinese Will Not Take Part In Fixed For July 14

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Canton, July 10.—The Peace celebrations at Shameen have been fixed for July 14.

The Chinese have notified the Committee that they are unable to take part in the celebrations which will be confined to Shameen.

The following is the program: Service in the Catholic Cathedral at 9 o'clock in the morning; service at Christ Church at 10:15 in the morning, in the afternoon a children's garden party; in the evening illuminations, open-air cinema and fireworks.

PRESS LICENSING BY-LAW IS PASSED BY 269-159 VOTE

Majority Is Swung By Nearly 140 Japanese Voting As Unit

NOT ONE AGAINST

Judges Warn Conditions Of License Cannot Stand In Court

DECLAREDILLEGAL

British And American Judges Are Agreed Measure Is Invalid

With the Japanese ratepayers voting solidly for the measure and after Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, Judge of the British Supreme Court and chairman of the meeting, had given his own and Judge C. S. Lobingier's opinion that certain of the conditions could not hold in any court of law, the Council yesterday put through its by-law to license the press of Shanghai.

Not a single Japanese vote of dissent was registered against the resolution, which was beaten by a count of 110 voters, while approximately 140 individual Japanese ratepayers cast their votes for the regulation. They stood as the one nationality represented at the meeting which did not split on the issue and without their unanimity the resolution would probably have been beaten, at least on the count of individuals. The count of voters was 269 to 159. No poll of actual votes, however, was taken.

No Opposition Speeches

There were no speeches in opposition to the resolutions, other than Sir Havilland's calling attention to the fact that the conditions of search and confiscation as asked by the Council could not hold in British nor American nor, so far as he knew, in any court of law.

Sir Havilland gave his opinion previous to the putting of the resolution regarding license conditions and, after the Chairman of the Council had concluded his remarks, again spoke, correcting a statement by Mr. Pearce regarding one of the conditions asked. The conditions, Nos. 2 and 7, which were the subject of Sir Havilland's words are as follows:

2.—That free access be given to the Police on duty and to officers of the Revenue Office.

7.—That any matter printed, lithographed or otherwise reproduced or published in breach of Conditions Nos. 5 and 6 hereof be liable to seizure and confiscation by the Police and the licensee liable to prosecution. That, upon any breach of Condition No. 6 hereof the license be subject in times of unrest to immediate suspension until the court to which the licensee is amenable shall have pronounced its decision in action to be brought forthwith by the Council against the licensee whereupon the suspension shall be removed, continued or made permanent as the court may recommend and that under no other circumstances whatsoever shall the licence be suspended except upon the recommendation of the court to which the licensee is amenable in action first taken by the Council against the licensee and then only for the period for which such suspension shall be recommended by the court.

There is nothing in the other conditions asked by the Council—which are appended hereafter—to enforce anything other than the registry of name by publications.

No Power To Sanction Measure

Sir Havilland said:

"Before the meeting proceeds to consider the next resolution, I think it my duty, following the precedent which, I think was set by Sir Frederick Bourne, when he occupied this chair, to point out objections to certain of the license conditions. I give this as my opinion and I shall report my opinion to the Consular Body in the event of your passing them, and they will take such action thereupon as they think right.

"Before the meeting proceeds to the consideration of the conditions of the license, I think it my duty to inform you that, in my opinion, it is beyond the power of this meeting to sanction Conditions 2 and 7. The duty of imposing conditions is vested by the Land Regulations in the Council. Though the Council asks the ratepayers to confirm their conditions and undertakes to submit them to the

Consular Body this does not alter their position.

"I further think that the Council has no power to make these two conditions and therefore, as your authority in the matter depends on their power, you also have none. Their power is limited to laying down the conditions under which licensed business may be carried on and providing for such inspection as may enable them to take proper action if they are evaded. It is not to be thought that by attaching a condition to a license the Council may make themselves judges in their own cause and seize and confiscate property without the sanction of a Court of justice.

"The right which is claimed under Condition 2 of domiciliary visit is one most carefully guarded in all countries where extraterritoriality prevails, and it is impossible to suppose that this power has been placed in the hand of the Council so lightly as to enable them to make it a condition of carrying on a lawful trade.

"Condition 7 besides giving the power to confiscate property provides for recourse to the Courts regarding the suspension of the license in terms which purport to confer a jurisdiction on the Courts. This is of course beyond the power of the Council. It is also a futile provision, as no Court ever sits to make recommendations to a party, or makes an order against a party over whom it has no jurisdiction.

"I wish to add that on reading the draft of these conditions I at once informed the Council of my view that they were beyond their powers; and that seeing the importance of the matter I have fortified my judgment by consultation with the Judge of the United States Court for China, who authorises me to say that he agrees with my view."

Mr. Pearce then spoke to the resolution, his speech being hereafter given, and the chairman, before putting the resolution to the vote, said:

"As I have given an opinion as to the position in regard to part of this resolution I think I ought to add a word. The chairman of the Council is not quite correct in saying that Condition No. 2 is the same in all licenses. I have very carefully looked into all the licenses, and I think you will find that at the end of similar clauses—I quote from memory—the words 'officers (and then defining them) entrusted with the inspection of licensed premises.' That, to my mind, makes a very large difference. I merely mention that to show that I have not overlooked that point.

"The other point which I wished to make, and I think it is my duty again to remind you in consequence of the stress that has been placed upon it by the Chairman of the Council and that is, that as the last condition is worded you will never get, so far as I know, any court to make the recommendation that is asked, excepting the Court of Consuls, to maintain the order."

Japanese In Force

It was early apparent that the Japanese were out in force. They were first on hand and in unusually large numbers. The Town hall was filled for the meeting and at 12:30 p.m. Mr. E. C. Pearce, chairman of the Council, announced that there were 638 votes present and twenty more were needed. Five minutes later a quorum was reported present and the meeting was called to order. The first business, after the reading of the notice, was the election of Sir Havilland de Sausmarez to take the chair and Mr. E. L. Allen was elected secretary. Present on the platform, besides the chairman and secretary were Messrs. E. C. Pearce, C. M. Bain, J. H. Dollar, A. Howard, T. Ibukiyama, H. A. J. Macray, W. L. Merriman, A. Brooke Smith and Ed. White—the entire Council, and Mr. N. O. Liddell, secretary to the Council.

First Resolution Read

Mr. Pearce then read the first resolution, putting the by-laws approved by the Consular Body, which was seconded by Mr. White. Sir Havilland then called attention to the fact that these by-laws were the ones which had been under discussion for 3 years, were endorsed by both Council and Consular Body and had nothing to do with the press by-law. The vote was put and the resolution passed without dissention.

Mr. Pearce next spoke in support of the second resolution, which was also seconded by Mr. White. The chairman called for the usual show of hands. The by-law looked to have been passed but to secure the vote the chairman asked the meeting to divide and pass before tellers appointed to station themselves at opposite sides of the hall. The Japanese delegation remained in its seats until the other nationalities had filed into the aisle, then rose, almost as a unit, and marched in solid formation past the teller's station.

The vote was announced and there was very little applause.

Mr. Pearce's speech putting the resolution follows:

"Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen: The power which we ask you to vest in us in terms of the resolution which I shall shortly read, calling for the licensing of printing establishments and of the press cannot be dealt with with such brevity as the last resolution. For the past fortnight some of our local pressmen have held up their hands in horror, they have reviled you with trenchant articles on the sanctity of the freedom of the press; they have told you that the very idea of the restriction of this freedom by a system of licensing is repugnant to the constitutions of all free countries; they have told you that the laws of America and of Great Britain and of other countries will not tolerate such a thing; they have told you that the Council contemplates muzzling the press—the Council has told you that it does not; they have told you that the laws of each individual nation here represented provide all that is necessary in this matter of restraining the publication of scurrilous and inciting printed matter the Council tells you that they do not.

"Some of the opponents of the licensing of printing establishments and the press seem to forget that this settlement is not America, it is not Great Britain, it is Shanghai. You cannot by any stretch of the imagination compare conditions here with those of any city in the West. They are so entirely different, they are, I suppose, unique. This fact has long since been recognised, and for the purposes of local government, a code of local laws has been—so to speak—superimposed upon the extra-territorial laws of each one of us. Americans and Britons or the subjects of other nations, we are naturally jealous of our own national laws, but these laws must on occasion by very reason of the different conditions under which we live here give way to the code of laws devised to meet our needs as a cosmopolitan community, as Shanghailanders. Should this code which consists of our Land Regulations and our by-laws prove to be inadequate, and I say most emphatically that it has, surely it is up to us to see that we make good this inadequacy. The French Consul-General has recently issued an ordinance for the regulation of all printing establishments in the French Settlement, the British Municipal Council in Hankow has for some years had a by-law governing the licensing of the press; the municipality of the British Concession in Tientsin has recently obtained a similar power of licensing—yes, even though the very idea is opposed to British views upon the freedom of the press. If these authorities need this power and have it, how much more do we need it and should we have it. As your Council, entrusted with the administration of the affairs of the Settlement, and with practical experience of the difficulties with which the maintenance of peace and good order are beset, I claim that we are qualified to advise you as to the powers that should be vested in us, to enable us to properly carry out our duties to you collectively and individually.

"In the North China Daily News of July 5, the following paragraph appears under the caption 'The Shanghai Students' Union':

Council All-Seeing

"'The above Union being alive to the danger that the students patriotic agitation may lead to unscrupulous politicians using it to serve the latter's own ends has, etc., etc.'

"I ask you did those who bolstered up the students' movement foresee whither that movement was leading? Did they realise what the students are now realising themselves? The answer is no. Did your Council realise the danger of this movement—did it foresee what it would lead to?—emphatically, ye Now, ladies and gentlemen, whose advice are you going to take—theirs or ours, which is that you vest in us the power to license printing establishments and the press and thus enable us to combat in some measure the printing and publication of indecent, seditious and inciting printed matter. You are told that if you vest us with this power, we shall abuse it by muzzling the press, you are told the newspapers won't be permitted to criticise our actions as a Council. This is ridiculous—if it is constructive, it is welcome—if destructive, it matters not so long as it does not disturb peace and good order. We do not wish to curb freedom of expression, constructive or destructive. Ladies and gentlemen, is it likely that we should muzzle the press unless it became a danger to public order and peace. Would you for one moment tolerate any attempt on our part to do so; would the press tolerate it? If we abused the power we ask you to vest in us the press would have its remedy in the Court of Consuls or it could, or you could, and would turn us out of office with little ceremony.

"Are we to govern the virulent press or is it to govern and lead public thought into paths of violence? Are we to allow the spread of false and malicious rumors as to the poisoning of food and water—rumors which, baseless as they are, are credited by the masses merely because they appear in print; rumors which gave rise to attacks on unoffending and innocent Chinese and Japanese with fatal results in more than one instance during the recent unrest; rumors indeed which might very conceivably have led to racial disturbance but for the commendable restraint shown by those against whom they were primarily directed. Are we in a state of unrest, when every trade in the place is on strike? Are we, in this Settlement—which mark you was specially set aside for the residence of foreigners—to be dictated to by students, political malcontents and agitators, as to whether our markets are to be opened, as to whether our industries are to work? or whether at their pleasure we are to be allowed chauffeurs to drive our motor cars? Is this Settlement to be used as a pawn in Chinese politics? Are we going to allow the Chinese population however well meaning and patriotic their motives may be to cause chaos, disorder and conditions that might conceivably lead to the worst form of Bolshevism? Remembering that the prosperity of the Settlement is largely founded on its neutrality in the politics of China are we to abandon this neutrality, and allow the Settlement to be made the jumping off ground for all political upheavals? I say, emphatically, no. Something must be done and something has got to be done to stop the course of publications of an inciting character. What has the responsible press to fear; we are not after them, we are after the purveyors of seditious, violent and scurrilous printed matter.

"The usual process of law, while sufficient in normal times, is all insufficient in abnormal times. Under normal conditions the issue of a warrant and the subsequent proceedings in court meet the requirements of the case, but under abnormal conditions—conditions of unrest—if we are to be obliged to await the issue of a warrant and the subsequent court proceedings before we can take drastic action, why God help us, it might be too late—you know how quickly a flare-up can be set going in China and you know as well as I know what a flare-up can mean.

"You will ask how is licensing going to provide the panacea for these ills, the answer is it cannot, but it will assist in combating them. The measure of its assistance will of course depend on the license conditions that you may from time to time approve and that the Consular Body may confirm. With these conditions we are not at the moment concerned, but our views on the subject will be put to you in the next and last resolution. All we ask you under the resolution to which I am now speaking is that you endorse the principle of the licensing of printing establishments and the press with the safeguard that the conditions of license shall first be approved by you in meeting assembled and thereafter confirmed by the Consular Body, before they are imposed.

"Ladies and gentlemen with the exception of Mr. Dollar, who is opposed to the principle of the licensing of printing establishments and the press, my colleagues on the Council are unanimous in support of the resolution."

Mr. Pearce then read the resolution.

Resolution.—That the following by-law to be known as by-law XXXIVA be passed and approved.

"No person shall carry on the business of a printer, lithographer or engraver or print or publish any newspaper, periodical paper or other printed matter containing public news, intelligence or occurrences within such limits without a license first obtained from the Council and in the case of foreigners countersigned by the Consul of the nationality to which such foreigner belongs. In respect of such licenses the Council may charge such fees and impose such conditions as may be authorised at any annual or special meeting of ratepayers provided that such conditions shall be approved by the Consular Body before the same are imposed.

"Any person offending against or infringing the provisions of this by-law shall be liable for every offence to a penalty or fine not exceeding $300 or to any such other penalty as shall be prescribed by the law to which such person is amenable. Any person assisting to publish or circulate any lithograph, engraving, newspaper, periodical paper or other printed matter which does not contain the name and address of the printer upon the first leaf and, if it shall consist of more than one leaf, upon the last leaf as well, shall be liable for every offence to a penalty or fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars ($25) or to any such other penalty as shall be prescribed by the law to which such person is amenable."

The Third Resolution

After Sir Havilland had spoken in regard to the conditions embodied in the third resolution Mr. Pearce made the following speech in its support:

"Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen: The principle of the licensing of printing establishments and of the press having been endorsed by you we come now to the conditions which shall be imposed in respect of such licences. The conditions which we recommend and which are set out in the Resolution do not I think require any detailed explanation, they are self explanatory. It may be that you, or that the Consular Body will think that these conditions require modification, —it may be that you, or that they will wish to suggest other conditions or that some of the conditions we suggest should be omitted.

"Condition 1 is of no great importance. Condition 2 gives the right of entry that is common to all licenses. Much has been said about the right of search, but I can assure you that it will only be upon very good reason that we shall exercise this right of entry. That we should have this right is essential, if we are to be vested with the measure of power that we seek in order to suppress publications of an inciting character.

"Condition 3 is surely innocuous: it provides for the registration of newspaper titles.

"Condition 4 is a condition to which we attach considerable importance. The British law, and I believe also the law of other Western Countries, provides that printed matter shall bear the name and address of the printer. In fact the breach of this provision under British law at least renders the offender liable to a very heavy penalty—no less than £5 for each copy issued without such name and address.

"Condition 5 is important; it prohibits indecent and obscene publications. Condition 6 is most important: it prohibits publications of a seditious, or scurrilous character or of a character that is calculated to incite to a breach of the peace.

"Condition 7 provides for the confiscation of indecent, obscene, seditious, scurrilous and inciting matter. It also provides—*but in times of unrest only*—for the immediate suspension of the license as a penalty for publishing seditious, scurrilous or inciting matter with the express proviso that the suspension shall be effective only until the court having jurisdiction over the licensee shall have pronounced decision in action, to be brought *forthwith* by the Council against the licensee, whereupon the suspension shall be removed, continued or made permanent as the court concerned may recommend. In normal times suspension for whatever reason will only take effect if and when the Court concerned shall have recommended suspension upon action brought by the Council in the usual way, and then only for the period recommended by the Court. You many say that the expression 'in times of unrest' is somewhat vague, you may ask who is to judge as to what are times of unrest. The expression is, I admit, somewhat vague—of necessity so—but its interpretation must, we contend, unquestionably be left to the Council, who alone can judge on such a question.

"Such, ladies and gentlemen, are the conditions which we propose and we propose them in the conviction that they are necessary, indeed very necessary, and in the belief that they provide so far as provision is reasonably possible against any abuse of the freedom of the press.

"As I remarked when addressing you on the last resolution, the ordinary process of the law is adequate for normal times, but you must surely realise that in abnormal times and under the very exceptional conditions under which we live in this Settlement, that the delay which may be occasioned by such process, however little it may be, may prove fatal.

"It is because of this fact that we have considered it essential to provide for the suspension of licenses in times of unrest, until we have the directions of the court concerned, should the licensee be guilty of publishing matter of an inciting character.

"Ladies and gentlemen, in moving the adoption of these licence conditions, I must state as I did in moving the last Resolution, that Mr. Dollar does not for the like reason associate himself with the rest of the Council in supporting the resolution which I now have the honor to propose."

This resolution read:

That subject to their prior approval by the Consular Body the Council be, and it is hereby directed to impose the following conditions in respect of all licenses to carry on the business of a printer, lithographer or engraver or to print or publish any newspaper, periodical, paper or other printed matter:

1.—That the license be exhibited in a conspicuous place upon the licensed premises.

2.—That free access be given to the Police on duty and to officers of the Revenue Office.

3.—That the title of any newspaper, periodical or other paper printed on the licensed premises be duly registered.

4.—That the name and address

(Continued on Page 3)

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Press By-Law Is Passed By Solid Vote Of Japanese Despite Declared Illegality

Continued from Page 2)

of the licencee be printed upon the first leaf and, if it consists of more than one leaf, upon the last leaf of all lithographs, engravings, newspapers, periodicals and printed matter of whatever description before the same are published or put into circulation.

5.—That no matter of an indecent or obscene character be printed, lithographed, engraved or otherwise reproduced or published by the licensee or upon the licensed premises.

6.—That no matter of a seditious or scurrilous character or of a character that is calculated to incite to a breach of the peace or to the disturbance of good order be printed, lithographed, engraved or otherwise reproduced or published by the licensee or upon the licensed premises.

7.—That any matter printed, lithographed or otherwise reproduced or published in breach of Conditions Nos. 5 and 6 hereof be liable to seizure and confiscation by the Police and the licensee liable to prosecution. That, upon any breach of Condition No. 6 hereof the license be subject in times of unrest to immediate suspension until the court to which the licensee is amenable shall have pronounced its decision in action to be brought forthwith by the Council against the licensee, whereupon the suspension shall be removed, continued or made permanent as the court may recommend and that under no other circumstances whatsoever shall the license be suspended except upon the recommendation of the court to which the licensee is amenable in action first taken by the Council against the licensee and then only for the period for which such suspension shall be recommended by the court.

The Resolution Passes

Sir Haviland followed Mr. Pearce's speech with his further remarks regarding Condition No. 2 and the resolution was then put to the vote, winning on the show of hands. Many of the voters had left the hall previous to the putting of this resolution.

The First Resolution

Mr. Pearce's speech putting the first resolution was as follows:

"Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen: The resolution set out in the notice convening this meeting moves the adoption of the by-laws as presented to us by the Consular Body and published in the Municipal Gazette of June 26, plus an addition to by-law XXXIV, vesting in your Council the power to license printing establishments and the press.

"When the notice convening this meeting was published it seemed to us to be unnecessary specifically to limit or restrict this power, first because we had placed on record the fact that we had no intention of muzzling the press, and secondly because we realised that any abuse of the power we were asking you to give us would not for one moment be tolerated. We considered that the freedom of the press and liberty of expression of thought would thus be amply safeguarded.

"Comment and criticism have however since made evident the desirability of specifically limiting the powers which we seek to prevent the printing and publication of seditious, scurrilous and inciting matter. It seemed to us best that we should therefore state in detail what powers we want and further that we should provide against any possibility of the abuse of such powers. Accordingly we decided to place our views before you by means of an amendment to the resolution set out in the notice convening the meeting, so as to limit that resolution to the adoption of the by-laws Nos. XXXIII to XXXVII forwarded to us by the Senior Consul on June 12, and to deal with the question of the licensing of printing establishments and the press by means of a separate resolution and further to move, also by a separate resolution, the adoption of the conditions which we recommend should be imposed in respect of such licenses.

"With the permission of the chairman I will first deal with the amendment to the resolution contained in the notice convening the meeting. The original resolution reads:

"'That the by-laws published in the Municipal Gazette of June 26, 1919, be passed and approved in substitution for the existing by-laws Nos. XXXIII to XXXVII inclusive, attached to the Land Regulations.'

"As amended the resolution reads:

"'That the by-laws contained in the enclosure to the letter of the Senior Consul to the Chairman of Council, dated June 12, 1919, published in the Municipal Gazette of June 26, 1919, be passed and approved in substitution for the existing by-laws Nos. XXXIII to XXXVII inclusive, attached to the Land Regulations.'

"In March, 1916, the Council submitted a code of amended by-laws for your approval. This code was rejected and referred back for consideration to a special committee upon the motion of Mr. E. S. Little, seconded by Mr. Tucker. In March, 1917, the code produced by the special committee was passed and approved by you, subject to certain amendments and thereafter it was duly presented to the Consular Body for its approval. After the lapse of a year, we were informed that it had not received that approval; instead a remodelled code was submitted to us, to which in response to the Consular Body's invitation, we gave our very careful consideration. Certain of the amendments and excisions effected accorded with the views that we as a Council had always held, others had however the affect of so seriously limiting some of our all insufficient existing powers, that we decided that we could not recommend them for adoption, unless most if not all of the amendments that we suggested received the approval of the Consular Body. To have done otherwise would have meant taking a retrograde step, and we felt confident, and we still feel confident, that you could not wish that local government should be made so subservient to the many national interests that are here represented to the possible prejudice of this International community. This was in 1918; another year—in fact more than a year—has since elapsed and now a new code has been submitted to us by the Consular Body—a code the adoption of which we have no hesitation in recommending, since it is modelled on the lines of and embodies the more important of the provisions contained in the code originally submitted by the Council to you in 1916, with the exception of the specfic provision made in the latter for tramway regulations and for the licensing of printing establishments and the press, etc. The text of this code was published in the Municipal Gazette of June 26, and copies with the correspondence relating thereto will be found in your seats.

"This code does not I think require any detailed comment, as its provisions have in effect been the subject of discussion at former meetings. I may perhaps, however, point out that the meticulous traffic regulations included in prior codes have given way to a general power of making such regulations, and that the system of the graduation of penalties has been abandoned as we have always maintained it should be.

"Ladies and gentlemen, for over three years we have waited for these by-laws to be added to our existing code. For over three years we have lost revenue because of their non-approval. For over 3 years we have been severely handicapped in the administration of the affairs of this Settlement, because of the lack of the powers for which provision is therein made. We now ask you to pass these by-laws, and in asking you to do so, I again emphasise that they do not include the licensing of printing establishments and the press which forms the subject of the next resolution."

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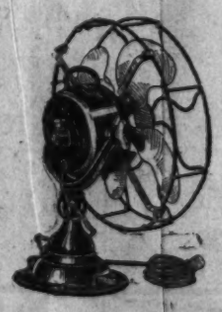

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COMPOSITION OF FLEET IN PACIFIC IS GIVEN

Washington Designates Vessels That Are To Serve In New Naval Division

(Kokusai—Reuter)

Washington, June 26.—The Navy Department announces that the composition of the Pacific Fleet will be as follows:

Battleships.—New Mexico, Wyoming, Arkansas, New York, Texas, Arizona, Idaho, Mississippi, Virginia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Georgia, Nebraska, Vermont.

Cruisers.—Seattle (the flagship), Chicago, Cleveland, Denver, Tacoma, Marblehead, Vicksburg, Montana, North Carolina, Pueblo, and one other, name mutilated in transmission.

There will be 108 destroyers, half actively cruising and the remainder manned by skeleton crews. The cruisers, Birmingham, Melville, Prairie, Buffalo, Salem and Blackhawk will act as tenders. In addition there will be fourteen submarines, two mine layers, twelve mine sweepers, two hospital ships, one repair ship, three supply ships, seven fuel ships, target repair ships, a radio repair ship and ten tugs.

Mr. Miller Named As New Manager Of Philippine Bank

Mr. J. W. Miller has been named as Manager of the Shanghai branch of the Philippine National Bank to succeed Mr. F. V. Reilly, who goes with the Park Union Banking Corporation. Mr. Miller has been associated with the local branch of the Manila bank since February. He was manager of the Cebu branch of the bank before coming to Shanghai.

PARLIAMENT AT PEKING HOLDS WILD SESSION

Clash Between Anfuites And Chiwei Party Members Ends In Fistic Battle

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 6.—Violent scenes took place at the meeting of Parliament yesterday, when members of the minority Chiwei party tried to buck the government party in the passage of an illegal act, and succeeded in breaking up the sitting in disorder, the issue brought up was concerned with the new appointment of Hsu Shu-cheng, one of the principal military Anfu officials, when the official system of regulations for the new commissioner of the North West frontier, who has just been appointed, was brought before the House of representatives by the Government.

Questions were made regarding the estimations for the new office, to which members of the Anfu Club answered by recommending that the bill be sent to committee for scrutiny. Menfbers of the Chiwei party then rose and pointed out that the introduction of regulations for the organisation of a new commissioner's office after his appointment was illegal. It was proposed to decide the question of referring to committee by ballot. Arguments on the motion became hot, members rising out of order all over the room; fists were shaken and hard words said. Suddenly the Chiwei members left their seats and the House in a body, thereby breaking the quorum. The Anfu members, however, not recognising defeat by such tactics, stayed at their desks sending out to scour the city for absent members, and to try and persuade some of the Chiwei men, who all lingered at the gate of the building, to return.

Inside the House arguments continued hot, till suddenly an inkbottle hurtled through the air, hit a member who was on his feet, hurting him. The Speaker moved the adjournment of the House, seeing that the disorder had grown beyond control. The members adjourned their discussion only as far as the pressroom. Here a real fistfight began; Tu Ti-hua, Chien Yu, Su Yung-shuan and others rushed to attack Yuan Yung-shi, and a scuffle ensued which was interrupted by the intervention of Chang Ao-yu, chief of the parliamentary guards. This officer in turn was roughly handled before the squabble actually ceased. Doctors were summoned to examine the wounds of Chien and Yuan, both of which gentlemen intend to bring suits for damages against their assailants.

So the parliament meeting ended. The Chiwei members have interpolated the Government demanding to know why the frontier commissioner was named before the regulations governing same were submitted to Parliament.

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TUCHUN OF FENGTIEN IS VICTOR IN DISPUTE

Meng En-yuan Loses Post In Kirin And Is Ordered To Report In Peking

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 7.—Chang Tso-lin, Tuchun of Fengtien and Inspector-General of the three Eastern provinces, has been victorious in his quarrel with Meng En-yuan, the Tuchun of Kirin. Last night's mandates contain an order appointing Meng En-yuan to the rank of Hui Wei General and ordering him to Peking for duty. This appointment, while a promotion for Tuchun Meng, is an advancement of the Irish variety, the rank of Hui Wei General implying nothing more than a seat on the shelf where retired Tuchuns are kept.

Another presidential mandate has appointed Pao Kuei-ching, the Tuchun of Heilungkiang and a close friend of Chang Tso-lin, as successor to Meng En-yuan in Kirin; while yet a third mandate provides that General Sung Lieh-cheng, Commander-in-Chief of the Fengtien Troops and Chang Tso-lin's right-hand man, s 'all replace General Pao Kuei-ching i Heilungkiang, with the rank of Acting Tuchun.

These mandates give Chang Tso-lin complete control of the situation in Manchuria, and, as the new Tuchuns of Heilungkiang and Kirin are Chang's personal friends, it is evident that there will henceforth be no one to dispute his authority as Inspector-General of the three Eastern provinces. General Meng En-yuan's independent attitude towards Chang Tso-lin, coupled with his refusal to recognise Chang's authority over him and his troops, led to the dispute which has just ended in Meng's transfer to Peking.

General Chang Tso-lin's complete control over the military situation in Manchuria will, it is believed here, work for the benefit of the country as a whole, as it is important to have absolute unity in the Eastern provinces at this time. In the present state of the Siberian situation, and with Japanese troops massed in both Siberia and Manchuria in overwhelming numbers, it is felt in official circles that everything should be avoided which might give the Japanese an excuse to intervene in a military way in Manchuria.

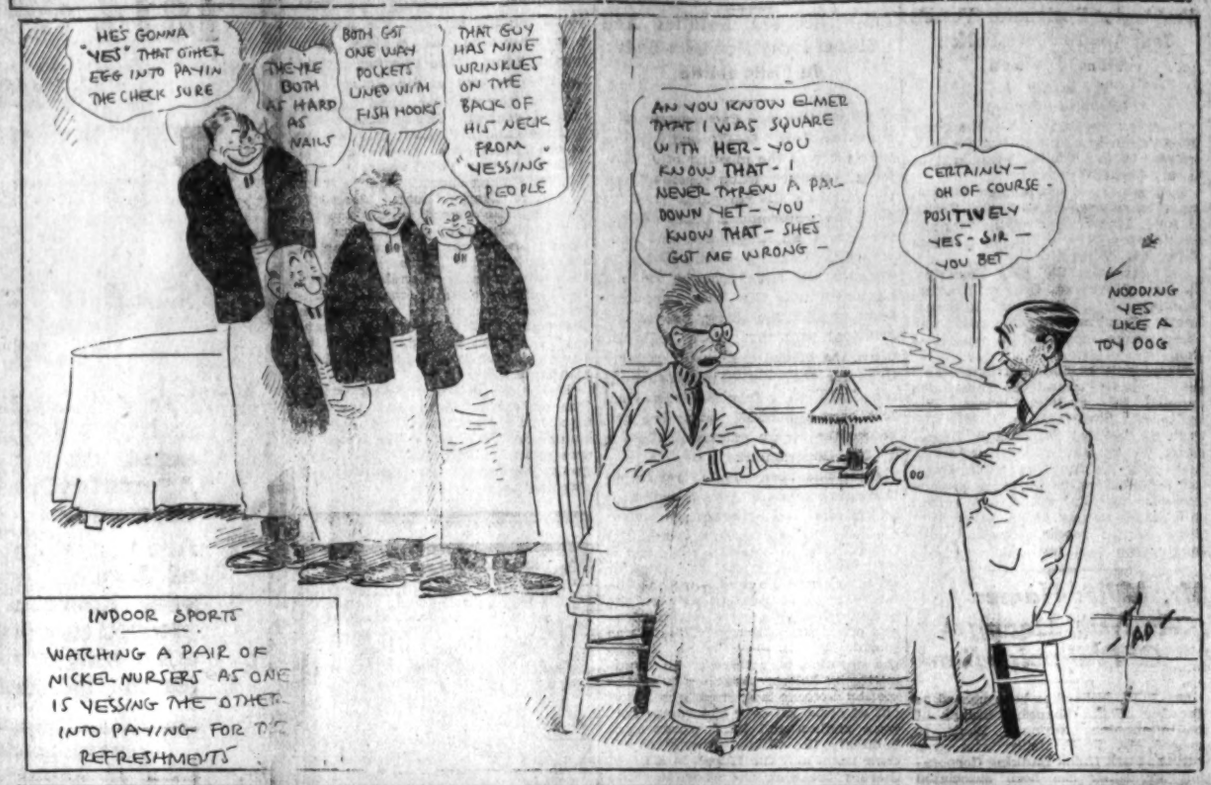
Another reason why General Chang's supreme control in Manchuria is looked upon with favor here is to be found in the Mongolian situation. Chang Tso-lin has at his disposal large forces of comparatively well trained troops, many of which have already been despatched to the Mongolian borders. Led by commanders whose chiefs are at odds these troops will be of little value to China, but with a united command they will not only constitute an efficient frontier force against any army that Semenoff may attempt to send into Mongolia, but will likewise serve two further purposes, first that of observing Japanese activities in Eastern and Inner Mongolia, and secondly that of serving as a foil to General Hsu Shu-cheng's frontier defense army. General Chang Tso-lin is not on the best of terms with Hsu Shu-cheng at the present time, and his men in Mongolia will accordingly prevent Hsu from gaining a preponderating influence in that territory.

No Outbreak Reported

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, July 10.—The position in Kirin is still strained but there has been no actual outbreak between the troops commanded by General Meng En-yuan and General Chang Tso-lin.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad


HE'S GONNA "YES" THAT OTHER EGG INTO PAYIN THE CHECK SURE
THEY'RE BOTH AS HARD AS NAILS
BOTH GOT ONE WAY POCKETS LINED WITH FISH HOOKS
THAT GUY HAS NINE WRINKLES ON THE BACK OF HIS NECK FROM "YESSING" PEOPLE
AN YOU KNOW ELMER THAT I WAS SQUARE WITH HER - YOU KNOW THAT - I NEVER THREW A PAL DOWN YET - YOU KNOW THAT - SHE'S GOT ME WRONG -
CERTAINLY - OH OF COURSE - POSITIVELY YES - SIR - YOU BET
NODDING YES LIKE A TOY DOG
INDOOR SPORTS
WATCHING A PAIR OF NICKEL NURSERS AS ONE IS YESSING THE OTHER INTO PAYING FOR THE REFRESHMENTS
TAD

AFGHAN AMIR'S LETTER PROVES UNSATISFACTORY

Indian Viceroy Replies And Says Modification Of Terms Is Impossible

(Reuter's Service)

Simla, July 8.—The Amir's letter of June 29 was received in Simla yesterday. The letter protests against the one-sided character of the terms of the armistice, says that their literal observance is impossible, urges the withdrawal of our troops at Spin Baldak and Dakka and also prohibits the movements of our aeroplanes, which may provoke an attack by Afghan troops, resulting in a breach of the negotiations. In conclusion it asks the Viceroy to fix a date to meet the Afghan Delegates.

The Viceroy of India, who is replying today, observes that the Amir forgets that his Government began the war and also that it is now anxious to sue for peace. The British Government has been gravely affronted by recent events and also the British public is indignant that Great Britain should be so wantonly attacked. His Excellency holds that any modification of the terms of the armistice is impossible and that it is unnecessary to prolong the correspondence.

He directs that the Afghan Delegates shall present themselves before our lines on the morning of July 22 to be escorted to Rawal Pindi. The British Delegates will be Sir Alfred Hamilton Grant, Foreign Secretary to the Government of India; Mr. J. L. Maffey, Private Secretary to the Viceroy; General F. J. Moberly and two Indian representatives.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

The dispute between Fengtien and Kirin, following the dismissal of General Meng En-yuen of Kirin, has assumed a serious aspect. Large forces of troops have been mobilised by both Tuchuns at Changchun to prepare for hostilities. Business is at a standstill and the financial machinery is absolutely wrecked.

In spite of the protest of the Italian Minister, the surplus salt revenue of the month of June, amounting to $2,480,000, has been released by the Bank Consortium.

The President has declared that if the formation of the new Cabinet by Mr. Chou Shu-mou meets with opposition again, he will resign from the Presidency. The political situation is again critical.

Mr. Chu Chi-chien, the Northern chief peace delegate, has consented to come up to Peking but is not yet decided whether he will proceed to Shanghai or not.

General Hsu Shu-cheng has called a joint conference of representatives from the Mongolian and Northwestern districts on July 15. It is understood that delegates will come from the Mongolian Bannermen. The report that the Mongolian princes are opposed to the appointment of the Boarder Defense Commissioner is denied.

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...nghai and the Navy on July 26 ...d 27.

...lcano Plays Sunday

All hopes of a game at the Race ...ourse tomorrow afternoon were ...attered by the heavy rain of yester...ay and the diamond is in horrible ...hape. A game between Shanghai ...nd the U. S. S. Elcano is scheduled ...or Sunday, marking the start of an ...ntensive training season for the ...ocals in preparation for the coming ...eries.

A practice session will follow Sun...ay's game and a midweek game will ...e scheduled next Wednesday against ... sailor team.

At least two new players will be ...iven tryouts by the locals next week. ...enkins and Cox, infielders, will make ...ids for the local nine. Jenkins played ...econd base for Hankow, Cox played ...unset League ball in San Francisco ...nd was given a tryout with the ...oast League.

...Series Will Boost Game

The 1919 season, nearly wrecked ...by the rain, will be given a real start ...by the coming series as the Shang...hai team will have a chance at three ...good clubs. The Navy team, too, ...will be strengthened by the arrival of ...the U. S. S. Wilmington from cruise ...and the U. S. N. Albany from ...Vladivostok.

TENNIS IN ENGLAND

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 5.—At Wimbleton in the ladies' finals Suzanne Lenglen beat Mrs. Lambert Chambers, the holder of the title, by 10-8, 4-6, 9-7. Ten thousand spectators, including Their Majesties, watched the very dramatic third set in which Mlle. Lenglen led by 4-1 and Mrs. Chambers reached 6-5 and 40-15.

Today's Band Programs

Performances by the Public Band will be given today, weather permitting, programs as follows:

(a) In the HongKew Recreation Ground at 5:30 p.m.:

1. March—The Lion of St. Marc ..... Tabiani.
2. Overture—Tutti in Machera ..... Pedrotti.
3. Waltz—Mignonne ..... Drigo.
4. Selection—By the Mississipi ..... Knowles.
5. (a) One Step—Somewhere in Ireland ..... Ball.
   (b) Fox Trot—Round Her Neck She Wears a Ribbon ...Norton.
6. Selection—Alexandro Stradella ..... Flotow.

(b) In the Race Club Enclosure at 9 p.m.:

1. March—Preparedness ..... Deiro.
2. Selection—Going Up ..... Hirsch.
3. Selection—Hawaiian Melodies ..... Lake.
4. Selection—The Rainbow Girl ..... Hirsch.
5. Selection—Furs and Frills ... Hein.

A. de KETGER,
Conductor-in-Charge.

Many Firms Represented In Hong Doubles' Tourney

Representatives Of 29 Business Houses, British Supreme Court And Consulate-General To Play

Sixteen matches have been arranged in the hong doubles' tennis championship, played under the auspices of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association. Players represent 29 business houses and teams are also entered from the British Supreme Court and the British Consulate-General.

The first round must be completed by next Wednesday afternoon, according to an announcement made last night by Mr. J. E. Hargreaves, secretary of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association.

The drawings for the first round follow:

C. Knight and W. Bertenshaw of the Electricity Department vs. H. Phillips and A. H. George of the British Consulate-General.

A. P. Nazer and J. R. Maughan of Lester, Johnson and Morriss vs. G. E. Griffin and H. N. Olsen of the Yangtsze Insurance Association, Ltd.

E. J. Barrett and H. B. Ollerdessen of the Stock Exchange vs. H. Gulich and A. V. White of White and Company.

T. Veitch and C. Cooper of Reiss and Company vs. D. Campbell and W. Butchart of Jardine, Matheson and Company.

W. T. Manley and H. Middleton of the Chinese Government Railways vs. S. Toyozumi and H. Nakashima of Mitsui and Company.

T. Orton and G. Bartlett of Moller and Company vs. E. Hagen and T. J. Fisher of Butterfield and Swire.

I. A. Donnelly and C. D. Dixon of Mackenzie and Company vs. J. H. Little and S. S. Roberts of Butterfield and Swire.

J. Tanaka and Y. Okada of Mitsui and Company vs. E. S. Hine of the General Accident Fire and Life Assurance Co., Ltd., and E. G. Tait of the Norwegian Lloyd Insurance Co., Ltd.

Top Half

M. Shibayama and K. Tanizawa of Mitsui and Company vs. E. G. Norman of the Worthington Pump Co. and J. E. Hargreaves of Babcock and Wilcox, Ltd.

L. A. Chill and J. L. Wade of Probst, Hanbury and Company vs. R. S. Campbell and H. D. Hilliard of the Customs.

O. J. Barnes and C. C. Graham of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank vs. G. E. Denham and Skinner-Turner of the British Supreme Court.

W. Ironside and W. G. Cameron of Butterfield and Swire vs. E. A. Prince and C. J. Smith of Meyer and Measor.

R. D. Canavarro and V. O. Remedios of Jardine, Matheson and Company vs. E. Leitao and R. Roberts of the China Mutual Life Insurance Co.

J. S. McEachran and A. L. D. Stewart of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China vs. H. H. Fowler and J. Elmore of G. McBain.

P. Marshall and F. B. Pfordten of the Eastern Extension Australasia and China Telegraph vs. H. Beison and H. Toussaint of Gaston, Williams and Wigmore.

S. M. Oliveira and G. Silva of the Yangtsze Insurance Association, Ltd. vs. Capt. E. I. M. Barrett and W. Beatty of the Police.

Certain-teed

Solves Every Paint Problem!

If a surface needs painting or varnishing, it needs ***Certain-teed***. There is no paint-surface on your place for which a ***Certain-teed*** Paint or Varnish has not been especially prepared. For interior walls, ceilings, woodwork, floors and furniture; exterior walls, roofs, porches, outbuildings and porch furniture,

Use **Certain-teed**
Paints and Varnishes

In each case the ***Certain-teed*** product you use is made to withstand the particular wear or exposure to which it will be subjected. It contains the proper materials, blended in the correct proportions for decoration, preservation, covering capacity and long service. Our stock is complete. Let us show you how ***Certain-teed*** Paints and Varnishes will save money for you.

AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY
Wholesale Agents for China.
Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow.

DRINK
RED ROC
The Perfect Water

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
77 ROUTE VALLON

PRICE REDUCTION

GOODYEAR
AKRON
TIRES

Effective today, we announce the following reduction in prices:

METRIC & INCH SIZE COVERS 10-15 %

CORD INCH SIZE COVERS 15-36 %

HEAVY TOURIST TUBES 25 %

The desire to give the motor car owner the benefit of reduced production costs effected since the ending of the war, allows us to make this announcement.

See the Goodyear Service Station Dealer for New Prices

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO.
AKRON, OHIO, U.S.A.

CHINESE PEACE BODIES TAKE STAND ON POLICY

Governments Of Both North And South Urged To Sign Treaty With Austria

To prove to the Allied nations that China's refusal to sign the German Treaty of Peace was caused by the Shantung clause and that clause alone, the Chinese Peace Union, consisting of the amalgamated peace organisations in China, yesterday urged the Peking and Canton Governments to declare to the world that aside from the Shantung question, China approves the contents of the treaty, that China will sign the Austrian pact, which will be similar in nature to the German document except the concessions to Japan, and that China thus will join the League of Nations.

The message also advocated that a note be addressed to Germany that the state of war created by China's declaration of war last year be terminated and that the War Participation Bureau as well as the Sino-Japanese Arms Alliances be dissolved in order to prove that China no longer desires to be hostile to Germany.

As to the future of the Shantung rights, the union favors the submission of the case to the League of Nations for a fair and just decision, which must provide for the abrogation of the secret pacts and loans between Peking and Tokio. It denounces any attempt by Peking to negotiate directly with Tokio in this question, as it will open the way to corruption and treason again.

To pave the way to the entry to the League of Nations, on which China must now depend to win her

the Chinese. He spoke of the mutual advantages gained by both foreigners and Chinese by proper co-operation and by understanding one another.

Messrs. Green and Cobbs urged unity of British and American interests and aims and united co-operation with the Chinese business man. Mr. Keegan asked the foreigner to "know the Chinese," and Mr. Lion spoke of the cordial relations existing among the British, Americans and French with the Chinese. Mr. Lee responded on behalf of the Chinese business men.

News Brevities

The Mixed Court will be closed on Saturday, it being the date fixed by the Chinese Government as Commemoration Day.

* * *

Captain George E. Spangler, of the American Railway Mission to Siberia, is at present in Shanghai purchasing supplies.

* * *

The U.S. Post Office announces that ordinary mails to go by the Empress of Russia on Saturday will close at 3 p.m.; registered articles, money orders and parcel post at 2 p.m.

* * *

Judge Paul Myron Linebarger was admitted to practice in the United States Court for China Thursday on recommendation of the Bar Examining Committee. He is already a member of the bars of the United States Supreme Court, the State Supreme Courts of Illinois and Wisconsin and several lower Federal Courts. In granting the application Judge Lobingier expressed his pleasure in welcoming to the ranks of the court's practitioners a former colleague in the Philippine judiciary and expressed the hope that his stay might be long and pleasant.

* * *

The Customs House will be closed for public business and the shipment and the delivery of cargo suspended

Mr. P. Nijinsky, Russian dancer, who appeared in public here a few years ago, has returned to Shanghai and to start a class in artistic dancing for men and women. The class will be begun in a short time. Mr. Nijinsky's present headquarters are at the Astor House.

Near Border Opposed

Authorities At Futziadian Are Taking Measures Dealing With Financial Situation

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, July 9.—The Chinese authorities at Futziadian are taking measures to prevent speculation in rouble and Siberian notes. One banking office has been closed and others which are under suspicion are being guarded by Chinese soldiers.

It is understood the local authorities are prepared to reconsider the plan of closing the Chinese exchange shops, which are practically ruining the Russian population.

CHINESE BUSINESS MEN HOSTS TO FOREIGNERS

Entertain British, French And Americans With Dinner At Cafe Parisien

British, French and American business men were guests last night of Mr. Chu Pao-san, President of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce; Vice-President Shen Lien-fong of the Chamber, General Manager Fu Siao-en of the Commercial Bank of China and Mr. James H. Lee, compradore of the Asia Banking Corporation, at a dinner given in the ball room of the Cafe Parisien. Seventy attended.

Judge Charles S. Lobingier, of the United States Court for China, Mr. J. J. Keegan of Gaston, Williams and Wigmore, Mr. Thomas F. Cobbs of the British-American Tobacco Company, Mr. O. M. Green of the North China Daily News, Mr. G. Lion of the Banque Industrielle de Chine and Mr. Lee were the speakers. Mr. N. T. Chang acted as toast master.

Judge Lobingier thanked the hosts for the opportunity for Chinese and foreign business men to meet, remarking that no foreigner in business can succeed without the aid of

DRINK
RED ROC
Perfect Water

Business Men's Lunch
at
Sullivan's Candy Store
every day (excepting Sunday)
11.30 a.m. until 2 p.m.
Price 60 cts.

Southern Government Opposes Bank Change

Canton Administrative Body Addresses Telegram To Shareholders Here

Denouncing the Peking Parliament's proposal to restore the 1913 Constitution of the Bank of China which turns the institution into a private bank of the Ministry of Finance, the Administrative Council of Canton yesterday addressed a telegram to the Merchants' Shareholders' Union of the bank at Shanghai, promising to fight for them in their struggle against the legislation.

The message stated that a vigorous protest had already been lodged by the council with Peking against the proposal and that it was most exasperating that Peking should be intriguing to wreck the whole financial machinery of the country by conspiring with the illegal Parliament.

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the mark
of accuracy in—
indicating,
recording &
controlling
TEMPERATURE

THE fact that we produce more temperature instruments than any other concern in the world proves our ability to supply a product of solid worth at all times.

Tycos Instruments are in daily use everywhere in both home and factory.

Nearly seventy years of unfailing experience and careful manufacture down to the smallest detail have procured for us a most enviable reputation.

Look for Tycos on the following instruments:

Household Thermometers
Industrial Thermometers
Pyrometers
Temperature, Pressure and Time Regulators
Hygrometers
Hydrometers Barometers
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Air Meters Hand Levels
Sphygmomanometers
Fever Thermometers, etc., etc.

Write today for literature. Address
Taylor Instrument Companies
Rochester, N.Y., U.S.A.

There's a Tycos Thermometer for Every Purpose.

Mr. Inukai Returning With Plan For Peace

Japanese Writer Whose Book Made Him Hated In China Heard From

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, July 9.—Mr. Inukai, a former friend of Dr. Sun Yat-sen and author of "The Best Way to Swallow China," a notorious publication which made him the best-hated foreigner in the Far East, is reported to be coming to China with a view to arranging peace between the North and the South.

Red Cross Delegate Departs For Geneva

Dr. B. Y. Wong Sails To Attend International Convention In Switzerland

Dr. B. Y. Wong, physician of the Red Cross Society, who will represent China at the International Red Cross Convention at Geneva, will sail for London today on the Mishi Maru. Dr. Wong expects to be gone for four months and will return by way of the United States.

Attending the convention also is Major S. M. Cox, who has been appointed advisory delegate in conjunction with the appointment of Dr. Wong as the official delegate. Dr. Cox is already on his way to Switzerland.

Wedding

Herts-Katz

Mr. Henry Harold Herts and Miss Deborah Evelyn Katz were quietly married at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's brother, Mr. J. B. Katz, 402 Great Western Road. Only the near relatives and friends of the bride and groom were present and the ceremony was performed in the presence of Mr. A. G. Loehr of the American Consulate-General. The young couple were the recipients of a large number of beautiful presents. They are leaving for a honeymoon in the North.

BABY'S TONGUE TELLS
Of Troubles That Yield To Baby's Own Tablets

Little tongues that cannot talk tell mothers just as plainly that their owners are not well.

When baby's tongue is white and coated, or yellow, especially towards the root, is a sign of disturbance of the stomach, indigestion, cold or feverishness. Baby's Own Tablets act like magic, and safely even in the youngest babe, in curing these disorders. They should be close at every mother's hand these summer months when children grow languid and their appetite fickle.

Baby's Own Tablets are guaranteed absolutely harmless and free from opiates. They gently regulate the bowels, are a remedy for simple fever, colic, constipation and diarrhoea, make teething easy, destroy worms, promote health-giving sleep and regular development.

Of chemists, also post free of 60 cents the vial from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Accused Discharged In Conspiracy Case

J. Bogg, Tried On Opium Fraud Charge, Declared Not Guilty

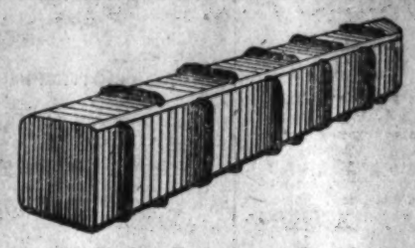
John Bogg, charged with conspiracy with one C. W. Wallace and one de Ross to defraud a Chinese named Ching Chong of money and jewelry to the value of about $1,000 through false representations that Wallace was prepared to sell 32 pounds of opium, was declared not guilty by a jury in the British Supreme Court yesterday.

The case was heard by Judge Skinner Turner and the jury was made up of Messrs. D. McColl, C. C. Humphreys, J. C. Carter, W. Taylor and J. J. Sheridan. In discharging the accused the court stated that it would seem he had got into difficulty owing to having been mixed up with undesirable acquaintances. Wallace was recently tried in the United States Court and given six months' imprisonment.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, Crown Advocate, appeared to prosecute and the accused was undefended.

One of the jurymen summoned, Mr. W. A. Donaldson, was fined $5 by the court for non-attendance.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road



The Standard Concrete Reinforcement
Corrugated Bars
Rolled from new billet, confirming with American Manufacturers' Standard specifications.
Square Type D. Stock Sizes—¼, ⅜, ½, ⅝, ¾, 1 inch.
We prepare accurate estimates, submit proper designs, and render prompt service. Large stocks ready for immediate needs.
Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.
6 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai. Tel. Central 778
Peking, Tsinan, Tientsin, Hankow, Canton, Hongkong,
AMCO
Vladivostock, Urga, Kalgan, Changsha, Harbin, Yunnanfu.
(C.B. 1)

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK, LTD.
9, Ningpo Road
A Bank of the Chinese, by the Chinese, and for Everybody
This Bank is a Chinese Bank, carrying on banking and exchange business of every description along modern lines.
It is our endeavor to execut every transaction, whether large or small, to the full satisfaction of our clients. "SERVICE and EFFICIENCY" is our motto.
Your visit is invited and your patronage solicited. This is YOUR BANK.
K. P. CHEN, General Manager.
Cable address: "COMSAVBANK"
Phone No. C. 4522, C. 4523

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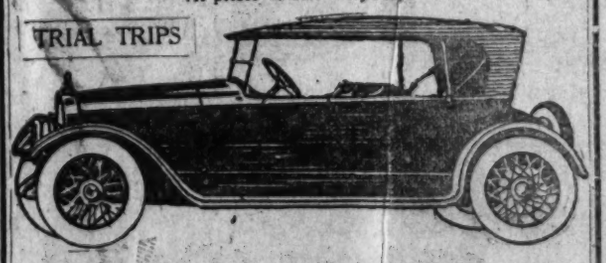
OREGON VAT 1851
LOGANBERRY JUICE
Serve it for Luncheon, Dinner or Dance
Gande, Price Co., Agents

CARS New and Second-hand CARS
FOR SALE
All the well-known makes—4, 6, 8 and 12 Cylinders
ROADSTERS, TOURING CARS, LANDAULETTES, LIMOUSINES.
At prices to suit everybody.
TRIAL TRIPS



AUTO CASTLE 228 Avenue Joffre (Opp. French Fire Station): 'Phone, C. 402

Tabaqueria Filipina
SHANGHAI
SOLE AGENTS FOR

Owing to high exchange prices have been reduced considerably.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
KAIPING Coke Coal
For all Industrial and Household Purposes
Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid — Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1919

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Registered Offices of the following Companies have this day been removed to No. 103 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, China.

R. N. Truman & Co.
Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations, Ltd.
Batu Anam (Johore) Rubber Estates, Ltd.
Chemor United Rubber Co., Ltd.
New Amherst Rubber Estate, Ltd.
Semambu Rubber Estates, Ltd.

Shanghai, 11th July, 1919.

24406

TO LET

675, RUE RATARD

Semi-detached 5-roomed residence, with all modern sanitary installations and large garden, situated in one of the quietest localities. For further particulars, apply to

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,
20, The Bund,
Entrance on Nanking Road.

24407

LOST

Two Deposit Bills for $200 each; one No. 406, issued by the Bank of China, in name of Yih Yung Kee, (業蓉記) due on November 30, 1919; One No. 551, issued by the National Commercial Bank, in name of Tsiang Teh Kee, (蔣德記) due on 12th day of 6th moon.

The public are hereby warned against negotiating the same, which have been cancelled at the Banks concerned.

YIH YUNG KEE.

Shanghai, July 10, 1919.

24408

Chinese Post Office

Notification No. 412

Resumption of Insured Parcel Service with Szechwan.

Insurance of parcels to and from Szechwan has now been resumed.

W. W. RITCHIE,
Postal Commissioner.

Chinese Post Office,
Shanghai, July 10, 1919.

CANCELLATION

Notice is hereby given that we have received telegraphic advice from the How Kee, (厚記) Chungking, to stop payment on a draft No. 110, issued by the How Kee, Chungking, in favour of Ziang Kee, (祥記) for Shanghai Tls. 3,000, due on 15th day of 6th moon, payable at the How Kee, Shanghai.

The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating the said draft, as it has been cancelled for payment.

NOW KEE, SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, July 11, 1919.

24413

Municipal Notification

No. 2602.

7% LOAN 1919

Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.

24248

MOTOR BOATS

For Business or Pleasure.

A number of Fast and Medium speed Motor Boats, Motor Tow Boat and a large Houseboat for sale.

Apply to
WRIGHT & BELYEA,
8 North Honan Road.

24240

Shanghai Race Club

NOTICE

The Dinner and Entertainment advertised for to-night will take place at a date to be announced later.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.

PLATINUM,

ORDERS taken for Jewellers, Electricians, Dentists and other professions and trades.

We also buy raw and old platinum at best market prices.

Melting done promptly.

WO SHING,

Tel. C. 1577, 198 Kiangse Road.

24286

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang

Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)

Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office: 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

Removal Notice

We have removed from 127 Peking Road

to

450-1-2-3 Wei Hai Wei Road

HWA VENG CARPET FACTORY

T. Ichiki & Co.

Phone North 2631.

Dealer in

Musical Instruments and Music.

Y. 36, North Szechuen Road.

Japanese Bone-setting Treatment

Anyone who suffers from any of the undermentioned troubles may be wondrously and promptly cured:

Fractures.
Dislocations.
Contused wounds.
Incomplete dislocations.
Transmutation of members from injuries.
Disability of motion of joints.
Rheumatism from wounds.

Diagnosis in the forenoon.
Attendance by arrangement in the afternoon.

Apply to:
KUAISHUNDO
No. 42, Chapoo Road

Szechwan Grass Cloth

Just sufficient for your wants. Ideal for the summer months.

We supply it:

ONE PRICE
ONE ROLL
ONE QUALITY
ONE COLOUR
ONE LENGTH
ONE WIDTH.

Price, Prepaid $7.50 per roll.

Postage and Duty Free.

WIDLER AND COMPANY

Chungking, West China

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

HIRANO WATER

Reynell's

AT ALL HOTELS
AT ALL CLUBS

PURITY GUARANTEED

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

A Good Lunch

nicely and quickly served at

SULLIVANS CANDY STORE

11.30 until 2 p.m.
(excepting Sunday)

NOTICE

During my absence from Shanghai, Mr. George R. Coleman, Vice President, will assume the management of this firm.

Gaston, Williams and Wigmore,
Far Eastern Division, Inc.
JOSEPH J. KEEGAN,
Managing Director.

24397

NOTICE

The undersigned are authorized to sign for this firm:

Mr. George R. Coleman,
Mr. Horace Beeson.

Gaston, Williams and Wigmore,
Far Eastern Division, Inc.
JOSEPH J. KEEGAN,
Managing Director.

24397

Customs Notification

No. 920.

Customs Holday: Commemoration Day

Notice is hereby given that the Custom House will be closed, and the shipment and delivery of cargo suspended, on Saturday, the 12th July, the day fixed by the Government as Commemoration Day.

L. A. LYALL,
Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, 9th July, 1919.

24392

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

Prof. J. K. Seto

Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment
25 N. Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
Tel. North 2768

LOST

Lost: Bill of Lading No. 18, marked S, calling for 9 packages of buffalo hides imported from Kiukiang to Shanghai on the 7th of the 5th moon.

The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating same as it has been declared null and void.

Notice inserted by
Y. C. TING,
for Li Hung Sing Co.

24385

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

MEALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI — PHONE: NORTH 1468

VENUS

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THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 42 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Machzuch

Your Next Storage Battery should be a—

Prest-O-Lite

There is a correct size for your car

Service Station And Distributor for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, by a well-established American firm, a first-class accountant, capable of handling import and export accounts. References required. Apply to Box 18, THE CHINA PRESS.

24419 J. 13

WANTED, by a well-established American firm, an experienced stenotypist. American preferred. References required. Apply to Box 19, THE CHINA PRESS.

24419 J. 13

WANTED, by a well-established American firm, a man to handle the export department. Must be thoroughly familiar with Chinese products, shipping, etc., both to Europe and America. A good opportunity for a first-class man. References and recommendation required. Apply to Box 20, THE CHINA PRESS.

24419 J. 13

WANTED, stenographer and private secretary for work in the Y.M.C.A. in Vladivostock. Apply at 4 Quinsan Gardens.

24411 J. 13

WANTED, experienced and competent stenographer for American firm, preferably American. Permanent position for suitable applicant. Apply to Box 498, THE CHINA PRESS.

24376 J. 11

WANTED, experienced and competent proofreader for work on a daily newspaper. Apply to Box 467, THE CHINA PRESS.

J. 11

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, from about 1st August, small furnished house, detached. Reply, giving full particulars, to B. P. O. Box 333.

24375 J. 11

GODOWNS WANTED

WANTED, godown or godown space, available August 1st, central district. In reply, state location, rental and floor space. Apply to Box 12, THE CHINA PRESS.

24404 J. 13

MISCELLANEOUS

AUCTION: Bébé Peugot motor-car, good condition. Noel, Murray, Friday, July 11th, 12 o'clock.

24387 J. 11

LOCAL business man, about to proceed to America, is open to accept business commissions from firms or individuals. Reply to Box 7, THE CHINA PRESS.

24396 J. 11

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, Canton Road, two rooms, second floor. Szechuen Road, two rooms, second floor. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24247

APARTMENTS

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens

Vacant, one large front room with verandah, facing south, suitable for married couple.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished front room, with open verandah and private bathroom attached. Facing south. All modern comforts, telephone, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

EXCEPTIONALLY cool, screened, large rooms, with excellent meals, in northern district, on trams. Apply to Box 17, THE CHINA PRESS.

24417 J. 11

FOR $100: Nicely furnished room with board, in central district. Quiet. Apply to Box 477, THE CHINA PRESS.

24332 J. 11

FOR RENT, a four-roomed flat screened, large verandah, garden, kitchen, pantry, servants' quarters, etc., near French Park. Apply to Box 480, THE CHINA PRESS.

24335

TO LET, well-furnished room in Western district, opposite Race Course. Apply 78 Bubbling Well Road.

24305 J. 15

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED at once, furnished flat in central district. In reply, state terms and location. Apply to Box 13, THE CHINA PRESS.

24404 J. 12

WANTED, a furnished room with bathroom attached, in private family, without board. Apply to Box 10, THE CHINA PRESS.

24413 J. 12

YOUNG man desires room with board, bathroom, private family preferred. Please state terms to Box 22, THE CHINA PRESS.

24421 J. 11

YOUNG AMERICAN seeks good room and good board in or near Central District. Apply to Box 23, THE CHINA PRESS.

LADY missionary requires bedroom, with board, at Mokanshan, from August 9th, for one month. Reply, stating terms, to S. K. O., 1 Huping Road, Hangchow.

24388 J. 11

WANTED, by young man, furnished room and bath, central district. From August 1st. Apply to Box 3, THE CHINA PRESS.

24386 J. 12

SITUATION WANTED

AN experienced import man, with thorough knowledge of the local market, open for engagement. Capable of taking charge. A. 1 references. Apply to Box 15, THE CHINA PRESS.

24410 J. 15

YOUNG Chinese, with knowledge of bookkeeping, translation and typewriting, seeks better position. Is excellent penman. Apply to Box 10, THE CHINA PRESS.

24401 J. 12

WANTED, energetic young man desires work after office hours; expert steno-typist. Apply to Box 6, THE CHINA PRESS.

24391 J. 6

STENOGRAPHER with very good knowledge of French, hard worker, wants position. Salary no object. No previous office experience. Apply to Box 9, THE CHINA PRESS.

24395 J. 13

A lady seeks position as teacher in some important Chinese School. Tuition of English, preliminary, middle work, drawing, music or piano lessons. Lessons given either at her or at the pupil's house. Very moderate terms. Apply to Box 500, THE CHINA PRESS.

24330 J. 11

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, with immediate occupation, 3 Temple Lane, Tls. 100. The West End Estates, Limited, 38 Kiangse Road.

24324

TO LET, from June 1st, modern detached residence in fine locality, five rooms. Garden. Tls. 100 per month. 197 Bis Avenue due Roi Albert. China Realty Co., Ltd.

24243

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24244

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24245

EDUCATIONAL

LADY wishes pupils for the study of English. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.

24335

WANTED by gentleman, lessons in the Russian language two or three times weekly. Send terms to Box 21, THE CHINA PRESS.

22426 J. 11

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, good strong ricsha with pneumatic tyres, also high-quality baby's pram, reversible, with summer and winter hoods. Can be seen by appointment. Apply to Box 14, THE CHINA PRESS.

24405 J. 11

WANTED, motor-cycle with or without side-car. Must be of good make and in good condition. Please apply to Box 11, THE CHINA PRESS.

24402 J. 12

FOR SALE One MONROE 4-cylinder five passenger touring car, in good condition and running order. For particulars, please apply to The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd. Motor Garage Telephone, West 1213.

24422 J. 13

FOR SALE, in September, a yellow Australian horse, splendid condition, and high dogcart with yellow wheels. Owner going home. Reasonable. Can be driven by lady. Will sell separately. Apply to Box 493, THE CHINA PRESS.

24371

AUCTION: Bébé Peugot motor-car, good condition. Noel, Murray, Friday, July 11th, 12 o'clock.

24387 J. 11

FOR SALE, a very fine Australian horse, together with a handsome whalebacked rubber-tired victoria, recently overhauled. Price, Tls. 600. Apply to Box 4, THE CHINA PRESS.

24390 J. 12

FOR SALE, Clifford-Essex special banjo, in good condition. Can be seen by appointment. Apply to Box 5, THE CHINA PRESS.

24391 J. 12

WANTED, motor-cycle, in good condition. Please send particulars of make, model and price, to Box 497, THE CHINA PRESS.

24374 J. 11

FOR SALE, sailing yacht "Lone Star," with detachable auxiliary motor. Complete and in first-class condition. Owner left city. Cheap. Can be seen at Standard Oil Co., Pootung Wharf.

24364 J. 13

FOR SALE, at less than cost price, American-made, 200 volts A. C. electric ceiling fans and oscillating desk fans. Absolutely new. For particulars apply to Box 417, THE CHINA PRESS.

24135 J. 27

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	2,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun (Kwan-chendze)	Hankow	O/Amur
	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Gencrale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-Up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin, Rotterdam.
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 A.M. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

行 泉 合 中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Acting Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	San Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. ZAU, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .U.S. $2,563,000.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.

London Office:
34 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
323 Montgomery Street

For Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu
India: Rangoon Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris, Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila,	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 25,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $50,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,598,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager
26 The Bund.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT

Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,236 (about £1,063,353)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office—New York City
Head Office for Far East—Shanghai

OTHER BRANCH OFFICES
Peking-Tientsin-Hankow

The Asia Banking Corporation offers an American Banking Service and respectfully solicits your patronage. It is organised especially for the purpose of fostering and developing trade between the Orient and the United States. The entire service, information and TIME of our bank, its staff and correspondents are at the disposal of our clients and their friends.

Interest allowed on current, fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and Francs.

Foreign or local drafts purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today.							
Nagasaki and Vladivostok ..	Simbirsk	..	14.00	..	..	..	13.30
Japan Ports	Simbirsk	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
S'ria, via N'saki & V'vostock	do	..	..	..	c14.30	..	14.15
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
United Kingdom, via Suez ...	†Priam	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Kiangwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow.							
Japan & America	Kumano M.	9.30	..	..	..	..	9.00
Japan Ports	Kumano M.	..	9.30	..	..	..	..
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.50
Swatow and Hongkong	Chenan	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Fengtien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, USA & Europe, via Canada	E. of Russia	..	17.00	..	..	..	16.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Fengtien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & E'pe,	E. of Russia	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	E. of Russia	..	..	A15.00	..	..	14.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Fengtien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Sunday, July 13.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Koonshing	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Koonshing	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Monday, July 14.							
Hongkong	Tean	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Tean	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Tuesday, July 15.							
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	..	11.30	..	..	..	..
Japan & America	Kasuga Maru	11.30	..	..	..	..	11.00
Wednesday, July 16.							
Europe, etc.....	*Nera						
Hongkong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe via Suez	Nera	..	18.30	..	..	..	..

*Ordinary letters will close at the French Post Office at 9 a.m.; registered articles at 5 p.m. on July 15 and parcel post at 5 p.m. on July 12.

† Parcels only.

A Money orders and parcel post until 2 p.m.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m.
C Money orders and parcel post 11 a.m.
E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train
Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco	
Broad Arrow	June 11
West Vaca	June 13
Maricopa	June 14
Royal Arrow	June 18
Tamaha	June 20
Venezuela	June 22
Astral	June 26
Korea Maru	June 28
China	July 5
Satanta	July 5
For Seattle	
Fushimi Maru	June 27
Justin	July 6
For Vancouver	
Harold Dollar	June 12
Empress fo Asia	June 15
Empress of Japan	June 28
For New York Via Panama	
Eurybates	June 14
Egremont Castle	June 28
For London, etc.	
Neuralia	May 24
Kaga Maru	May 26
Mentor	May 27
Amur Maru	May 29
Tokushima Maru	May 30
Yokohama Maru	June 9
Rhesus	June 10
Andes Maru	June 22
Idomeneus	June 26
Glenamoy	June 27
Glenapp	June 29
Tamba Maru	July 1
Penang Maru	July 7
For Liverpool	
Stentor	June 5
Teucer	June 20
For Marseilles	
Indo Maru	June 8
Suki Maru	June 29
For Port Said	
Rynfuku Maru	June 27
For Calcutta via Japan	
Japan	July 4
For Bombay	
Dunera	July 5
For Saigon	
City of Portland.....	June 26
For Java	
Tjipanas	June 19

-:- -:- Financial And Commercial News -:- -:-

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, July 10, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/3½ = Tls. 3.78
@ exch. 74.6 = Mex. $5.07
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 121½ = Tls. 82.47
@ exch. 74.6 = Mex. $110.55
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 74.225
Shai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 210
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1818
Native Interest ..... Tls. .20

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 53⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London .... Fr. 30.72
Ex., New York on London T.T. G. $4.50

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/3½
London ..... Demand 5/3¾
India ..... Nom. T.T. 103
Paris ..... Nom. T.T. 797
Paris ..... Nom. Demand 804
New York ..... T.T. 121
New York ..... Demand 121½
Hongkong ..... T.T. 66
Japan ..... T.T. 42½
Batavia ..... T.T. 107
Singapore ..... T.T. 44¾

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/4½
London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/5¾
London ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/6
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/6¼
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/6¾
Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 864
New York ..... o/d. Docy. 122½
New York ... 4 m/s. Docy. 123¼

Roubles Exchange
Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 4.000 ..... = Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... = Mex. $3.25

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JULY

Hk. Tls.	3.41	@ 5/3¼		£1
,,	1	@ 790½	Francs	8.81
,,	0.74	@ 120¾	Gold	$1
,,	1	@ 42	Yen	2.65
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees	4.40
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50
,,	1	@ —	Roubles	—

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, July 10, 1919.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Trams "B" Tls. 79.50 cash
Hall and Holtz $12.50
Semambus Tls. 0.90 cash

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, July 10, 1919.
BUSINESS DONE

Official
Chengs Tls. 1.90
Padangs Tls. 8.80 XD.
Shanghai Docks Tls. 145.00 Sept.
Tls. 139.50 cash
Tls. 141.00 July
Shanghai and Honkew Wharf
Tls. 106.00 September

Unofficial
Union Insurance HK $187.50
Canton Insurance Tls. 288.50
New Engineering Tls. 28.50 Sept.
Tls. 27.50 cash
Tls. 28.75 September
Shanghai Docks Tls. 138.50 cash
Tls. 139.00
Tls. 140.00 July
Tls. 144.00
Tls. 144.50
Tls. 146.00 September
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.)
Tls. 15.50 cash
Tls. 16.25 September

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, July 10, 1919.
BUSINESS DONE

Japanese Bond 5%:
Tls. 37.00 July
Tls. 38.00 September
Japan-China S. and W. Co.
Tls. 26.10 July
Tls. 27.10 September
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 153.00 August
Kuhara Mining (new)
Tls. 24.20 September
Local Yarn:
Water Moon 16's: Tls. 195.00 July
Tls. 197.50 September

U.K. METAL MARKET
(Reuter's Service)

London, July 4.—Today's Metal prices were as follows:

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b.	91	12	6
American Electrolytic 99 90 percent Copper f.o.b.	95	0	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton...	Nominal		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b.	22	10	0
Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (1/- extra in flask)	21	15	0
Tinplates, I. C. W. 20/24 100 lbs. 112 sheets per case tin lined cases without hoops f.o.b. Wales...		33½	
Antimony "Regulus" (Sellers)	45	0	0
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less ½ percent		12¼	
Standard Tin (cash)	248	15	0
Spelter (ordy. soft) f.o.b....	39	17	6
Galvanised sheets 24 gauge f.o.b.	27	10	0
Standard Tin (3months)	241	2	6

Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, June 25 and 26, 1919.—Following were the prices realised at our auction this week:

Sheet:	Singapore per lb. Cents
Smoked Fine Ribbed	66½/63
Smoked Good Ribbed	63½/57
Smoked Fine Plain	Nil
Smoked Good Plain	58½/52½
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed	Nil
Unsmoked Fine Plain	56
Unsmoked Fine Plain	Nil
Unsmoked Good Plain	42
Cupwashing	50/35
Crepe:	
Fine Pale Thin	69/65½
Good Pale Thin	66/56
Good Pale Blanket	Nil
Good Brown	52
Fine Brown	55½/51
Good Brown	52/47
Good Dark	48/39
Barky	40½/35
Scrap:	
Virgin and Pressed	46/13½
Loose	32½/30½
London Quotations:	
Fine Pale Crepe	1/9¼
Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet	1/8¼

Catalogued for sale 1,738,935 lbs. (about 776 tons).
Sold 1,320,910 lbs. (about 590 tons).

Our auctions started yesterday morning with prices in level with last week's. Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet sold from 64½ to 63 cents with only few Chinese and Japanese speculators operating, during the day buyers became more active, and the price went up to 65½ cents. In the afternoon some European dealers stepped in, and 66 cents was paid.

Fine Pale Crepe was rather neglected in the morning, and the prices were 67 to 65½, cents. Late in the afternoon, a rather keen competition set in and 68½ to 69 cents was paid freely, one lot about 600 lbs. fetching 69½ cents.

Off-grades of Ribbed Smoked Sheet were in good demand and prices advanced from 1½ to 2 cents on the week. No interest was shown in off-grades of Pale Crepe.

Medium and lower Crepes were well competed for, and the average prices improved about 2 cents on the week.

During the continuation of the sale this morning, the market was still stronger. 66½ cents was paid for Standard Sheet, while no lot of Pale Crepe was on offer.

The market tendency is unsettled and the general opinion is that the improvement is only temporary.

Meyer and Measor.

COMMERCIAL CABLES
(Reuter's Service)

London, July 4.—Today's prices were as follows:

Egyptian Cotton: Fully Good Fair Sakellaridis ..... 27.09d.
M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal 14.95d.
Good Middling American Spot ..... 19.44d.
Plantation Rubber, July ...1s. 9½d.
Hornsby's 8¼ lbs. Shirtings 28s. 0d.
Calvert's 10 lbs. Shirtings... 35s. 6d.
Taylor's 40s. Yarn .....Unquoted

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Exchange Market

Messrs. Maitland and Fearon report as follows in their weekly circular:

Exchange.—The London price of silver at 53 1/16d. ready and 53⅛d. two months forward shows a rise of 1/16d. during the week. This rise appears to be due to the fall in the cross rate between New York and London, quoted 4.53 on the 7th inst. Quotations for silver in America are lower and called weak. Our rate for T/T on London, with good amounts of exports paper offering in the earlier part of the week under review, is 1d. up, to 5s. 4d., the market still firm for early and weak forward. At the close the tone was inclined easier.

Our stock of sycee and bar silver at Tls. 20,114,000 is Tls. 2,700,000 lower than last week owing to withdrawals for Canton and the North. We understand that at least Tls. 5,000,000 bar silver is due from American during the month. The stock of Mexican and Chinese dollars at $14,440,000 as about $200,000 up.

LONDON MONEY MARKET
(Reuter's Service)

London, July 4.—Today's rates were as follows:

Consols, 2½ percent for account	£52⅝
French Rentes 3 percent for account	Frs. 61¼
Cheques on London at Paris	Frs. 30.42
Telegraphic Transfers on London at New York	G.$4.54
Japanese 4 percent Bonds.	Y. 82
Rupee Paper, 3½ percent Loan 1854-55	Rs. 57
Bar Silver	53 1/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market Rate of Discount (3 month's Bank Bills)	3 3/16%
Exchange Hongkong (Document Bills at 60 days)	3s. 6 5/16d.
Exchange on Shanghai (Document Bills at 60 days)	5s. 4d.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares	£107.0.0
Shells (ord.) .....Exrights	£8.0.0
Indos (Pref.)	£4.10.0
Indos (Def.)	£36.10.0

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THE MANAGEMENT

Rubber Output

	May	June
Alma	32,000	30,000
Amherst	2,334	1,296
Anglo-Dutch	72,000	67,000
Anglo-Java	208,000	212,000
Ayer Tawah	25,132	26,286
Batu Anam	25,603	26,213
Bukit Toh-Alang	14,236	14,569
Bute	20,900	18,950
Chempedak	11,500	12,500
Chemor	20,800	22,584
Cheng	18,265	17,110
Consolidated	54,509	59,635
Dominion	38,933	42,369
Gula Kalumpong	125,000	129,000
Java Consolidated	79,000	73,000
Kamunting	22,539	22,244
Kapala	12,527	11,150
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	11,700	10,770
Kota Bahroe	34,225	33,968
Kroewoek	44,000	40,000
Langkat	66,290	64,482
Padang	25,000	26,500
Permata	7,479	—
Pengkalan	9,817	—
Repah	21,000	20,000
Samagaga	23,000	25,500
Samambu	14,641	15,482
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	31,650	31,233
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Kelantan	14,000	15,500
Shanghai-Seremban	14,384	13,900
Shanghai-Pahang	16,985	19,018
Shanghai-Sumatra	63,040	67,150
Shanghai-Klebang	12,784	15,222
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	9,054	9,307
Sungei Duri	23,723	26,156
Taiping	13 010	—
Tanah Merah	34,600	27,000
Tebong	80 000	—
Ulobri	4,627	4,847
Ziangbe	84,000	76,000

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WEATHER

Cloudy and misty weather, moderate and variable breezes.

WEDDING

HERTS-KATZ: At 402 Great Western Road, on July 10th, 1919, at 3 p.m. in the presence of Mr. A. G. Loehr, United States Vice-Consul, Henry Harold Herts, of New York, to Deborah Evelyn Katz, of Shanghai.

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IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 11, 1919

Well, We Are Quite Satisfied

THE most conclusive commentary to be made on the result of yesterday's ratepayers' meeting—the passing of the by-law licensing the press—is that it was due principally to the Japanese vote. More than 135 Japanese ratepayers cast their votes unanimously for the by-law. Whereas every other nationality split along lines of individual conviction the Japanese vote was delivered *en bloc*, not a solitary Japanese ballot being cast against the by-law. Which is quite logical, quite natural and quite revelatory. For the only country in the world which still submits to a regulation of the press such as the Council of Shanghai asked and the ratepayers gave is Japan. The nationality whose subjects would most naturally see nothing derogatory to freedom in the Council's proposal is the Japanese. And when the Japanese phalanxes moved down the aisle, as if automatically, to record their votes for the measure they were but responding to the human impulse to make their place of residence as closely akin as possible in manner of government to their native land. Yesterday's whole procedure was thoroughly illuminating of the basic principles involved in this whole issue and thereby a complete vindication of the stand this paper took from the start, regardless of the result. But before Shanghai can be arrayed with Japan to stand as the only two places in the world where the press is subject to government regulation and approval, the Consular Body must give its ratification. And enough consuls have already formally stated their intention to veto the by-law to make it impossible of final enactment, especially in view of the notification by the judges of the British and American Supreme Courts that the by-law is contrary to the law of both countries and therefore unenforceable in those courts. Yesterday's meeting therefore was a purely futile gesture and the situation remains exactly where it was before the Municipal Council gave start to a regrettable incident.

Topics In Brief

Germany has submitted her plan for a League of Nations. Her first choice of plans was submitted in 1914. —*Washington Herald.*

It has been charged that Woodrow Wilson is an idealist. If he still is, after what he has bumped up against in Europe, then there is no cure for him.—*Detroit News.*

We shall soon see whether marriage or drink is the cause of the divorce evil.—*Salt Lake Herald.*

The luxury tax on soft drinks adds the "kick."—*Long Island City Star.*

Forests Of France Helped To Win War

The American Forestry Association, in the June issue of its publication, American Forestry, is printing a noteworthy review of the service of forests—"heroic forests"—in resisting German domination of the world. From the practice trenches of the first Plattsburg camp to the last fighting outposts of the Argonne, soldiers of America shared with the French a novel experience of the value of "wooden walls," a form of defense as old as the siege of Troy. It is to the American public, rather, that the association presents its appeal for a national forestry policy at a time when, as it says, "the center of the lumber industry is fast moving to the Pacific Coast and Canada."

Battle-scarred areas in Northern France, former wooded sections of the British front in Flanders, and other views of destruction along the fighting line, illustrate the article on "Strategic Importance of Forests in War," by J. Demorlaine, originally printed in the Revue des Eaux et Forets, of Paris, now translated and revised to date by Samuel T. Dana of the United States Forest Service and Percival S. Ridsdale, editor of American Forestry.

"Woods are an ornament in peace and a fortification in war," wrote Cicero 2,000 years ago, says the modern author, who asks if the Roman writer "was thinking at the time of the barbarian invasions which menaced the Roman world and which the destruction of the forests of Gaul by the legions of Caesar succeeded only momentarily in arresting." Certainly, the Frenchman declares, the prince of Latin orators could not have foreseen "the war in which we have been engaged for more than four years and in which the woods and forests of France have perhaps played as vital a role as our cannon." It is to wood—wood in all its forms, utilised behind, within, and in front of the trenches—that France owed its ability, he believes, in spite of inferior numbers, "to hold in check the barbarian hordes invading our native soil."

The article continues:

"No one could have anticipated that modern war—prepared for, in fact, as a war wholly of movement—would have become for long months a war of position, transforming our front, from the north to the east, into a vast entrenched camp, and demanding wood in the most diverse forms, from entanglement stakes or telephone pole cross-arms to timbers buried several feet below ground—from the smallest coppice pole to the most majestic veteran of the forest.

"Our French forests were fortunately very rich. Thanks to the conservative foresight of our foresters since the organisation of the present conscientious and devoted forest administration, they have been able to satisfy all needs in spite of the important and more and more numerous demands of the army.

Played Glorious Part In War

"Our woods and our forests have not only given us unreservedly of their riches to enable us to hold our own against the invader," the French writer goes on, "but they have also played a no less glorious part in the episodes of this unforgetable war, which will unquestionably remain the most terrible and most monstrous war of modern times.

"In the days now far distant when we sat on the benches of the Forestry School at Nancy, our comrades will recall that we were taught that our woods and forests would play a dual role in war. In proportion to their extent they could have, on the one hand, a tactical influence as points of support in particular corners of the field of battle, while on the other hand, when affording a continuance screen, they could play a most important and valuable part as a mask for widespread movemets and for important maneuvers of large masses of troops.

"It is considerations of this sort that for four years we have expounded to our pupils at the National Institute of Agronomy. How many of them have unhappily wet with their blood the soil of a wood, the tactical importance of which they fully understand, and which it had been their mission to defend at any price? Our great French forests, from the Vosges to the sea, have often stripped the invader of his offensive powers.

"In 1914 the German armies of the East are held up on the crest of the Vosges from Mulhouse to the forests of Parroy before Luneville. The great forests of Alsace, of the Vosges, and of Lorraine permitted us to regroup our forces, Epinal was saved. At the same time the defense of the Grand Couronne of Nancy succeeded in supporting itself in the important forests of Champenoux and of the plateau of Haye.

"When, after, having jumped the defiles of the Islettes and of the Chalade in the Argonne, the victorious hordes tried to menace our lines of communication in the rear while themselves advancing on the Marne, it was again the great forests of Trois-Fontaines, in front of Saint-Dizier, which saved this important nucleus of roads and railways and enabled us to prevent the boche from reaching the Marne from above Vitry-le-Francois.

"To the west, the army of von Kluck, seeking to isolate the bulk the of the French army in front of the capital and thinking to enter Paris without striking a blow, appeared to forget the dense defensive screen constituted by the forests of Villers-Cotterets and of Compiegne. Thanks to this the army of Manoury accomplished its rapid movement and fell upon the left flank of the German army. Paris, one can say without exaggeration, was saved the first time by its forests.

Foch Relied On Forests

"It is thanks to these again in July, 1918, that Marshal Foch, supporting himself on the projections of the forest of Villers-Cotterets and of Compiegne, worked out the offensive that later developed into the brilliant victory we admire today, and that gave our arms the decision in this unforgettable campaign.

"The great forests of Retz (Villers-Cotterets) and Guise (Compiegne)—advanced bastions in the defense of the entrenched camp of Paris—permitted the Generalissimo and his lieutenants to mass fresh divisions and important groups of artillery out of sight of the enemy's aviators. The latter sought to jump the gap at Soissons between Compiegne and Villers-Cotterets. From the forests of Compiegne, of Pierrefonds, and of Villers-Cotterets our counter-attacks issued in force, consciously supported by artillery well secreted from all indiscreet reconnaissance. Paris was saved again. The capital may well be grateful to the forests that surround it.

"If we look at things from the point of view of the enemy we see that the important forests of Saint-Gobain permitted him to retard the victorious advance of our troops and to defend the important stronghold of Laon, which made a deeper and deeper pocket in our steadily advancing line. In front of Mangin's army the German retreat was favored by the wooded nature of the country. And if one stops to look at the map, without which one may easily go astray, he will find between the Sambre and the Moselle the immense screen of forests which succeeded in 1914 in masking the concentration of the Third, Fourth, and Fifth German Armies.

"According to General Maileterre, north of the Oise the Sarre, and the Aisne, the forests form an almost continuous cover on the accentuated hills. The great wooded region of the Ardennes shows itself in the north, between the Sambre and the Meuse. East of the Meuse the forests spread out indefinitely over the vast plateau of the Ardennes up to Moselle. Mons, Maubeuge, Mezieres, Sedan, Montmedy, Longwy, and Briey mark the vast and undulating line of forest in Belgium and France.

Land That Undid Ludendorff

"It is in this great zone, and under the protection of the immense forests of our northern frontier, that Ludendorff tried to direct the retreat of his armies when once forced to abandon the forest of Saint Gobain, the central bulwark of the Hindenburg Line. As was foreseen, the forests of the Ardennes offered to Ludendorff a favorable ground for the establishment of a new center of resistance around which the German right wing might pivot.

"The resumption of our offensive in the north surprised him. Von Hutier received the order to vacate the pocket of the Loan and to abandon the precious support of the forest of St. Gobain. He concentrated all his forces on the plateau which follows the canal from the Oise to the Sambre, supporting himself in the rear on the forests of Mormal and the Nouvion—that immense green block which the map shows us to the north of the Cateau.

"The forest of Mormal, more than nine miles long and about six miles deep, constituted for the enemy a point of solid support and a formidable obstacle to the advance of the Allied armies. It was necessary to make the boche evacuate this dangerous obstacle by well planned turning movements.

"The British thought that this would be too long a piece of work, and audaciously resolved to force the issue. The army of Rawlinson turned at the same time the powerful defense formed by the forest of Andigny, which the troops of the army of Debeney occupied. On November 4 the great green block on which the boche had counted to retard our offensive fell into our hands. Far from disproving the strategic importance of the forests, these facts confirm it. Only the heroism of our pollus kept it from being of great and prolonged value to the enemy.

Peace To Repair Disasters

"What more powerful demonstration could be wished of the strategic importance of forests in war? Appreciated in time of peace by the tourist and the hunter, who find in their charming walks an easy and agreeable pastime, the forests have played a glorious and momentous part in the campaign.

"This should not be forgotten when we now think of repairing the immense disasters and the bleeding wounds suffered by these majestic forests. As evidence of our gratitude for the part the forests have played, let us leave to nature, intelligently aided by the work of foresters, the task of patiently reconstructing them. Nature is a good mother; she knows how to do things quickly and well. Let us assist, not hinder her, in her work.

"It is not necessary to ask these forests—already bled white, to furnish wood of every nature for our front lines, torn by shot, often devastated thoughtlessly by troops—to furnish in increased quantity the necessary materials for the reconstruction of our liberated regions. The boche must pay back in kind the wood which he has forced us to spend without stint in opposing the fury of the invader. Our French forests, and particularly our beautiful forests of Ile-de-France, ought to enjoy a long and well merited rest from the long months of sufferings; let us leave them to refresh themselves in perfect peace.

"By their strategic importance, which our great military chiefs have not forgotten, they have saved France. In return let us permit them to recover themselves. Failure to aid them in healing their numerous and glorious wounds would be not only a crime of treason against the country, but would show how poorly we understand the real interests of the nation. 'In the depth of the wood the country has its heart.' This should never be forgotten."

Appeal For Higher Education In China

By T. H. Lee
Of Fukien College

The question of education has become in China a very acute problem. With the passing of the old imperial days when the emperor was the dominating power in the policy of the nation and the forcible ushering in of the Republic when the destiny of the nation is suddenly thrust into the hands of the people, the nation, the vast majority of whom are still inarticulate and ignorant of their civic rights and responsibilities, it is only natural that every effort should be made to lead the people in the path of enlightenment so as to prepare and equip them to adjust themselves to this new condition.

The lesson of history tells us, moreover, that the nations which are the strongest and the best regulated, where peace and prosperity abound, are those which have given due attention to the question of education, and making every effort to adjust their citizens to the modern social and industrial environments. Germany, the strongest perhaps of the nations of yesterday, possessed the best-equipped educational facilities from the lowest to the highest. Next come the United States of America, England, Japan and France. These have all become great powers whose wishes cannot well be ignored by the world.

Among the great nations Russia and China are the most backward; and if we try to discover the causes, we are driven to the conclusion that their weakness is due largely to ignorance of modern conditions, and to the extensive illiterary prevailing in these countries.

Apart from the question of religion, we may safely say that a sound system of education goes hand in hand with integrity and initiative—two important factors in a successful career of life; and if in Western countries, under the strong and beneficent influence of Christianity, education is considered of paramount importance, how much more in China in which religion exercises practically very little influence.

If we study the present conditions in China and inquire into the causes of our political corruption, our industrial backwardness, and commercial stagnancy, we are compelled to attribute all these to ignorance of modern conditions and to modern requirements. The panacea to all these evils is education.

Yet, strange as it may seem, despite the general realisation of the vital and urgent need of education, the government provides the least amount of money for this Department while the Military and Naval Departments receive the greatest support. This is like putting the cart before the horse; and the result, as is well known, is the production of unreliable, dangerous, and inefficient army and navy—a mere waste of money to the country.

But were the government rich enough and intelligent enough to spend more money for education, yet it is a question whether she will have the ability to supply the crying demands of the millions. If it is not able to do much for the primary and secondary schools, how much less can it do for the higher institutions such as colleges and universities. But must the people remain quiet and wait for the government to open these colleges? As things stand at present, our students are compelled to get their higher education abroad, either in America, Europe or Japan, which, a side from the question of inconvenience, is at best very expensive and hence very limited in its advantages.

From the report obtained in the second year of the Republic, there were no less than 500 Chinese students studying in the United States, 300 in the British islands, and 300 on the continent including Germany, France, Holland and Austria; while about 10,000 were studying in Japan. If we take the average annual expense for each student studying in the West and Japan, which is $960 for the former and $300 for the latter, we shall find that we are exporting no less than $4,000,000 every year for the education of our young men. If we apply the same amount to higher education at home, we shall be able at $4,000,000 per annum support four best-equipped up-to-date universities in China; and what are the advantages derived therefrom?

(1) With far less expense, more students can be educated.
(2) The money instead of being spent abroad may be retained at home.
(3) China will become one of the great educational centers of the Far East, where studen's from neighboring countries may be easily attracted.

China has at present under government control half a dozen of the so-called universities and colleges—two in Peking, one in Tien'sin, one in Shansi, one in Shanghai, and one in Tongshan; whereas she should have hundreds of them.

By far the majority of the so-called universities and colleges in the provinces are managed and controlled by foreign missions—and these are most efficiently managed. As a means of comparison we put below the names of provinces and the names of colleges or universities and their management:

Canton—Canton Christian College (Mission).
Fukien—Tung Wen Kuan, Amoy; Anglo-Chinese College and Foochow College, Foochow (Mission).
Chekiang—Hangchow Presbyterian College (Mission).
Shanghai—Nanyang College (Government), St. John's University (Mission), Fuhtan University (Private), and Shanghai Baptist College (Mission).
Soochow—The Soochow University (Mission).
Nanking—The Nanking University (Mission).
Shantung—The Shantung [illegible]

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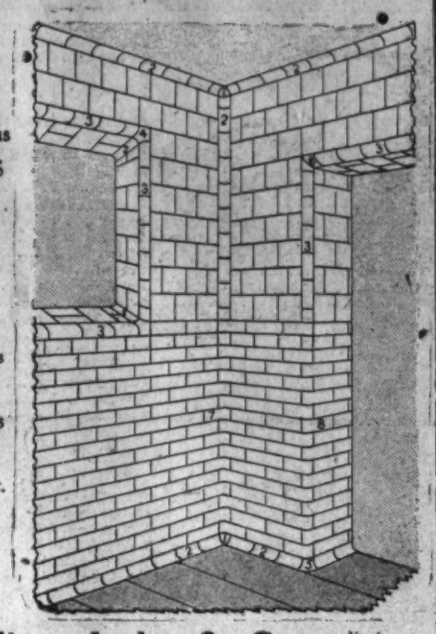
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BY GOLLY- THEM GRAPES IS GOOD- GEE THEY'RE ALL GONE JUST ONE APPLE LEFT- WELL I'LL EAT THAT-
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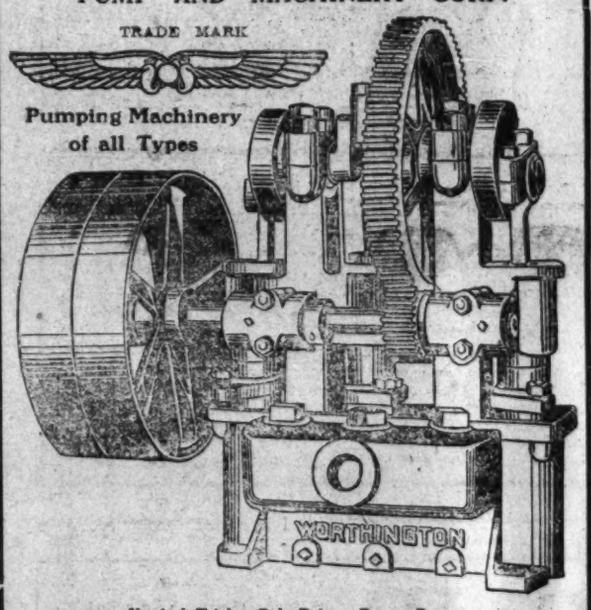

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(2)

The Cost Of Stopping A Train

What does it cost to stop a railroad train? It depends on the size of the train and on its speed. Estimates run from about thirty cents for a light train up to as high as G.$1.75 for a heavy freight, and they do not, of course, always agree. The subject interests railroad men at the present time, we are told by C. C. Anthony, former assistant signal engineer of the Pennsylvania, because the necessity of stopping at certain points is obviated by the use of signals, and it is desirable to know the exact saving. Writing in The Railway Age Mr. Anthony tells us that at railway-crossings, in the absence of interlocking signals, the stoppage of trains is now generally required by law. The same requirement may be made by usage, or by the regulations of State railway commissions, at other points, such as drawbridges and junctions. It may be seen that when we count the cost of stopping many trains daily at a considerable number of points, the annual bill may foot up to an amount that is quite worth taking into consideration. Says the writer:

"It is likely that many railroad officers view with gentle suspicion the estimates that have been prepared by the installation of signals or interlocking, because of the favorable showing made, and, besides, there may be little hope that the predicted benefits can be detected after the work is done. Nevertheless, in many cases the benefits are real, however difficult it may be to show beyond question their money value.

"Impossible as it may be to determine the cost of stops with certainty, and difficult as it may be to see in the operating results the saving effected by eliminating certain stops, nevertheless this saving is real money. In addition to such direct financial saving there is the elimination of damage in starting heavy freight-trains, and the general improvement in train-movement due to cutting out the stopping of all trains at a certain point. The cost of the damage to trains may be included in the cost of the stops, but, even if it is, the indirect and sometimes quite far-reaching effects in the way of accumulating delay, both to the damaged and to other trains, may mean a considerable loss in the course of a year. So, too, with the general improvement in train-movement. It is not merely a matter of saving so many minutes per train, lost in the stops. The few minutes lost by a freight-train in stopping at a crossing may mean a bad combination in meets and passes on all the rest of the run, resulting in many times the original delay before the terminal is reached; and other trains may suffer at the same time. If it is not always, or often, possible to show the money loss from such derangements of the movement the elimination of one cause of them means, as every one knows, real benefit thrown in for good measure above more definite money savings.

"Although there is no quick and easy way of showing beyond dispute just what saving will result from eliminating stops of trains by installing interlocking in a given case, the result can, with proper conservatism, be estimated convincingly. As interlocking costs and the cost of stopping trains have both risen, though probably not in just the same proportion, it is safe to say that the relation, as estimated years ago, is not now very far wrong, or at any rate is not too favorable to interlocking for general purposes."

The Personalities Of Trees

(From St. Nicholas)

It was a beautiful thing about the old Greeks that for them everything in the world was full of life—as, indeed, it is for every one who has open eyes. They believed that every tree was possessed of a peculiar spirit. And they were not far wrong in the matter, either. Trees are just as individual as you and I are—in a way. If you have not found that out, then you have missed a whole book of most charming stories. There are all sorts of folks: the soldier trees, and the strong man trees, and the lady trees and the hero trees, to say nothing of the lover trees and the robber trees and the rest.

Surely you must have seen soldier trees if you have ever been abroad in the wild—the straight, young trees of the forest, strong and confident, with heads erect and arms at attention and shoulder touching shoulder, for all the world like soldiers in battle array.

And the strong man trees—they are the oaks and beeches and hickories, that give strength to the world and furnish the sinews for its toil.

Then there are the lady trees—I always think of the acacias and magnolias and tulip trees as gracious women, filling the world with gentleness and sweet refinement. Retiring by nature, as becomes fair women, they nevertheless bedeck themselves in season with ornaments of silver and gold and await their wooers.

Next to come are the modest servant trees. I came on a group of them only yesterday as I was roaming over the hills in that same ancient land of the Greeks—a group of gnarled olive trees, all knotted and bent with age. They stood in a sheltered cove, leaning toward one another for all the world like a group of ancient retainers from some great house who had gathered here in the quiet nook for a bit of gossip. How many years the old trees have been serving there! No fine lady trees they, to grace lawn or drive with their presence, but only plain servants, standing at their humble tasks, often neglected and sometimes even abused. Yet they had served faithfull through wind and weather, oh, so long, gathering in rich harvests of fruit and oil for the stores of the great house.

'WINE BEES' ARE JUST YEAST

Desire Of Amateurs To Make Drinks Exploited At High Prices

New York.—Housewives and those who are inclined to experiment with substitutes for brewery and distillery products against the coming of prohibition can avoid being stung by "wine bees" or "beer bees" if they will keep in mind that the product advertised under these and other names is only a wild yeast of little value, say the specialists of the Federal Bureau of Chemistry. Many inquiries recently received indicate that some enterprising individuals and firms are advertising this wild yeast under the names "vinegar bees," "beer bees," "wine bees," "Australian bees," and various other designations. Extravagant claims are made for the product, and a fancy price out of all proportion to its original cost and actual worth is asked, say the yeast specialists.

In some advertisements which have reached the bureau the sellers assert that the substance when mixed with water and molasses or sugar will produce vinegar, beer, or wine. Other promoters go so far as to say that the fermented mixture is beneficial in the treatment of rheumatism and kidney trouble—claims which have no foundation in fact.

The primitive process for making "bees" was to expose to the air a mixture of cornmeal and molasses until it became impregnated with wild yeast and bacteria. The ferment so produced was employed locally in making a sort of vinegar or certain alcoholic solutions by adding it to a mixture of water and either brown sugar or molasses, which was then allowed to work or ferment.

In the opinion of the bureau specialists a product made by catching yeast and bacteria indiscriminately from the air may contain harmful as well as desirable organisms, and the specialists state that great care should be exercised in both the preparation and the use of such a product. In their judgment "bees" is not as well suited for fermentation as is the ordinary yeast cake, which can be obtained from any grocer at much less than the fancy price asked for "vinegar bees," and they cannot recommend "bees" at all for making vinegar or alcoholic beverages.

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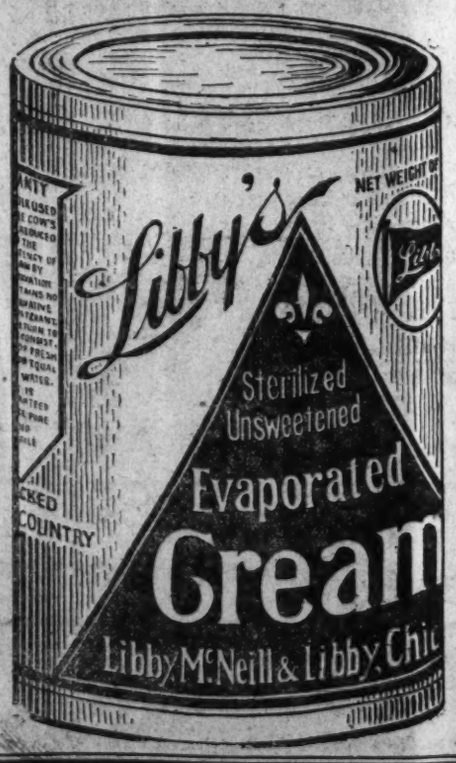

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo, Maru,** Captain H. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, July 11,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi,** Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, July 11,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Kiangwo,** 3,174, tons, Capt. J. Compbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on **Friday, July 11,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru,** Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, July 12,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung,** Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 12,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta,** will leave on **Sunday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talce Maru,** Captain S. Hosokawa, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, July 14,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Lucnbo,** 2,368, tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Monday, July, 14,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiwo,** 2,671, tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the avove-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Tuesday, July 15,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Suiyang M. Capt. S. Kasakari, will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on **Tuesday, July 15,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang,** Captain Carnaghan will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, July 15,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Nagivation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking,** Captain J. Meathrel, will leave on **Wednesday, July 16,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Taishun,** Captain C. Westerland, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

Ningpo:—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking,** Captain A. Stott R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, July 11,** at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO & POOTOO.—The Str. **Kiangteen,** will leave on **Saturday** afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan,** Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 12,** at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean,** Captain A. J. Scott, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, July 15,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage No. 401.

TAKAO (FROMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru,** Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Whaff on **July 16,** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4047.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru,** Captain T. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **August 19,** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kweilin,** Captain A. McDowell, will leave on **Friday July 11,** at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. **Hsinfung,** Captain W. S. Ross, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow,** Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 12,** at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking,** Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 12,** at 10 a.m For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Te. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Chin Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fentien,** Captain Mcintosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 12,** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NEWCHWANG DIRECT.—The Str. **Tonnan,** Captain C. Taylor, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The K.M.A. Str. **Kwangping,** will despatch on **Tuesday, July 15.** For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow,** Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, July 15,** at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.— The Steamer **Kohoku Maru,** Captain M. Tsugaki will be dedspatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **July 20,** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru,** Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **Sunday, July 20.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Manila Maru,** Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **Thursday, July 24.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel No. 4234 & 4047.

LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.—The Steamer **Amazon Maru,** Captain A. Kobayashi, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **August 6.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.—The Steamer **Altai Maru,** Captain T. Fuchigami, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy or about **August.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date		Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July	12	—	Vancouver.	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July	18	—	Seattle	West Munham	Am.	R. D. Co.
July	19	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July	20	—	San Francisco	West Sequana	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co,
July	20	—	San Francisco	Cardareta	Am.	R. D. Co.
July	20	—	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
July	23	—	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	23	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
July	24	—	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
July	25	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	2	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug.	9	—	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	10	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug.	16	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug.	16	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug.	22	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug.	27	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Aug.	28	—	San Francisco	Tancred	Am.	R. D. Co.
Aug.	—	—	San Francisco	West Conab	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	9	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sep.	13	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	14	—	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Sep.	—	—	San Francisco	West Vaca	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co,

FOR JAPAN PORTS

July	12	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	15	—	Kobe	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	15	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	16	—	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	19	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	23	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	23	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	25	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

	—	—	London	Altai Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
July	12	—	London	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	16	—	Marseilles	Nera	Fr.	M.M. Cie
July	17	—	Liverpool	Tydeus	Br.	B. & S.
July	18	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
July	20	—	London	Priam	Br.	B. & S.
July	20	—	Genoa	Glenavy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July	20	—	London	Awa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	21	—	London	Sado Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	21	—	London	Pembrokeshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July	24	—	London	Helenus	Br.	B. & S.
July	31	—	London	Neleus	Br.	B. & S.
July	—	—	London	Kansas	Am.	J.M. & Co.
July	—	—	London	Kentucky	Am.	J.M. & Co.
Aug.	7	—	Liverpool	Deucalion	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	17	—	London	Nagoya	Br.	P.&O.S.N. C

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

July	11	—	Hongkong and Canton	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	11	5.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July	11	4.30	Ningpo and Pootoo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
July	12	4.00	Ninpoo and Pootoo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	12	noon	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
July	15	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
July	16	—	Hongkong & Manila	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	20	—	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July	25	—	Manila & Hongkong	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July	26	—	Manila & Hongkong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

July	11	—	Tientsin	Yunnan	Br.	B. & S.
July	11	—	Chefoo and Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	11	11.00*	Antung	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
July	11	10.00*	Cwangtao, Tungchow	Shansi	Br.	B. & S.
July	12	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
July	12	noon	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
July	12	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
July	12	11.00*	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July	12	—	Newchwang	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	13	noon	W., C., N'wang, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July	15	—	Tientsin	Kwangping	Br.	K.M.A.
July	15	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin.	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
July	15	—	Dairen and Tsingtau	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

C. N. C.
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Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

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For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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Passage: Telephone Central 401.

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S.S. Ecuador	July 19	*S.S. West Conab	July —
*S.S. West Sequana	July 20	S.S. Colombia	July 26
*S.S. West Conab	Aug. —	*S.S. West Vaca	Aug. —
S.S. Colombia	Aug. 16	S.S. Venezuela	Aug. 23
*S.S. West Vaca	Sept. —	*S.S. West Sequana	Sept. —
S.S. Venezuela	Sept. 13	S.S. Ecuador	Sept. 20

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Telephone Central 5056 Cable Addres "Bolano"

FOR RIVER PORTS

July	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tehhsing	Chi. H.O.S.S. Co.
July	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
July	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
July	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
July	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Br. B. & S.
July	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
July	13	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi. C.M.S.N Co.
July	14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
July	14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
July	14	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
July	15	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br. J. M. & Co,
July	15	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
July	16	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br. B. & S.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May	12	San Francisco	Korsnaes	Am.	
May	15	Japan	Yeiraku Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
May	28	San Francisco	Wergeland	Am.	S. & Dix.
June	9		Nancy Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
June	17	Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.
June	19	Japan	Tenju Maru	Jap.	
June	21	Japan	Taito Maru	Jap.	
			Ralph Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
June	28	Liverpool	Priam	Br.	B. & S.
June	29	River ports	Chingchang	Chi.	
June	30	Tsingtau	Senzan Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
July	3	.....	Hwahhsin ..	Chi.	
July	3	.....	Lindsay Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
July	4	Liverpool	Neleus	Br.	B. & S.
July	4	Swatow	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July	6	Hongkong	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	7	Hongkong	Kentucky	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July	7	River Ports	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
July	7	River Ports	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	8	Amoy	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
July	8	Hongkong	Kansas	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July	8	Hongkong	Tajima Maru	Jap.	
July	9	Tientsin, ports	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
July	9	Swatow	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
July	9	Japan	Ichi Maru	Jap.	
July	9	Japan	Taigen Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
July	9	Japan	West Holix	Am.	
July	9	Vladivostok, etc.	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
July	9	Japan	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	9	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
July	9	Native Customs	Mingshun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
July	9	River ports	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
July	9	River ports	Hwahlee	Chi.	J. M. & Co.
July	9	Hankow	Meian	Am.	Socony.
July	9	Chinwangtao	Koukai Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
July	10	Newchwang	Kungping	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July	10	Liverpool	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
July	10	Hongkong	·sintan	Br.	B. & S.
July	10	River ports	Kiangwo	Br.	J. M. & Co
July	10	River ports	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July	10	River ports	Luenyi	Jap.	N.K.K.
July	10	River ports	Tafoo Maru	Br.	B. & S.

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	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*AMAZON MARU	18,000	A. Kobayashi,	Aug. 2	Aug. 6
ALTAI MARU	18,000	D. Fuchigami,	August	

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

[redacted]

Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai. Telephone Central 4234 and 4235.

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TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

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SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

TENYO MARU	July 23, 1919
SIBERIA MARU	Aug. 2, 1919
SHINYO MARU	Aug. 16, 1919
KOREA MARU	Sept. 13, 1919
TENYO MARU	Oct. 6, 1919

FOR HONGKONG

SHINYO MARU	July 26, 1919
TENYO MARU	Sept. 22, 1919

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WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S.	"NANKING"	AUGUST 22nd
*S.S.	"CHINA"	SEP. 14th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI nor HONOLULU.

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S.	"NANKING"	AUGUST 7th
S.S.	"CHINA"	AUGUST 31ts

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to

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EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons		
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Jakano,	July 13
SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Hori,	July 21

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	July 23
SAWA MARU	22,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	Aug. 10

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	July 15
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. J. Nakajima,	July 23
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	July 25

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	July 12
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,000	Capt. R. Arakida,	July 16
YAWATA MARU	7000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	July 19
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Murazumi,	July 23

FOR JAPAN

INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. U. Tanaka,	July 15

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Naduda,	Aug. 8

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimidza,	July 16

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki,	July 23
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. C. Cope,	August 20
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	Sept. 24

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

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CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 8.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line		Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep. Peking arr.		19.50	
23.45	11.12			arr. Tientsin-Central dep.		17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.		16.53	
24.00	11.26			arr. Tientsin-East dep.		16.45	
19.35			524	arr. Mukden dep.			

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line		Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central dep.	16.55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central arr.	16.31	15.20	12.46
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep.	Yangchow dep.	13.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep.	Tsehow dep.	10.33	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr.	Tsinanfu dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	‡		220		‡			8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep.	Taianfu dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38		arr.	Yenchowfu dep.	3.49	0.40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48	318	dep.	Yenchowfu arr.	3.39	0.02	12.48
16.30	6.55	3.16	377	dep.	Linchow dep.	1.20	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr.	Hsuchowfu dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	‡		420		‡			10.
5.40	9.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.33	523	arr.	Pengpu dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11.51	13.20	8.40		dep.	Pengpu arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow dep.	16.48	10.50	8.17
20.08	18.55	13.09	631	arr.	Pukow dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.29	0	dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193	arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Taianfu Branch Line					Linchow-Tsaochuang Branch Line					
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	5.30	d. Linchow a.	6.28	15.50	21.00
14.03	5.05	a. Taianfu d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsaochuang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. K. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

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By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Bukit Toh Alang Rubber Estates Meet

The ninth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bukit Toh Alang Rubber Estates, Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the offices of the secretaries, Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co.

Mr. N. G. Maitland presided and was supported by Messrs. J. H. Osborne and Hugo Reiss, directors. The total number of shares represented was 12,020.

Following the reading of the notice calling the meeting, the chairman said:

"The directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended March 31, 1919, giving very full particulars of the working of the company's estates have been in your hands for some days and with your permission I will follow the usual custom and take them as read.

"The year under review has not been an easy one for rubber companies in general and in our Bukit Toh Alang Estate we have had an additional misfortune; the delay in the recovery of our trees after wintering, which was the main cause of our output of rubber falling short of the original estimate by over 33,000 lbs. I say misfortune; because I can tell you that after careful consideration the Board of Directors came to the conclusion that the delay in recovery from wintering was mainly due to the exceptional dry weather experienced in January and February, 1918, just before the wintering, in which two months the total rainfall only recorded 1.84 inches as against 13.87 inches in the same months in 1917 and 6.07 inches this year.

"There was a falling off in output from 14,644 lbs. in September after recovery from wintering had begun to 10,411 lbs. in October and 12,384 lbs. in November, but this was due to the epidemic of influenza generally prevalent in the Straits at that time. In December and January with more normal labor conditions the output recovered to over 18,000 lbs. for each month and I am glad to report that after the usual wintering season, which is February to April at Bukit Toh Alang, a recovery has already taken place and from the outputs reported for May and June this year we may expect to reach the estimate of 175,000 lbs. made on a conservative basis in view of the previous year's experience.

"Now, gentlemen, that is the only explanation of the serious shortage in our output which can be offered and it has been arrived at after examination of statistics past and present, and also of the reports of Mr. H. C. Pinching, mycologist of the Rubber Growers' Association who visited the estate on August 6 and Mr. Huson, Messrs. Barker and Co's visiting agent, who visited the estate on August 23, but in order that the shareholders may understand that their interests have received every attention, I can assure them that as soon as May output showed no recovery from wintering, we asked our agents for an explanation, subsequent investigations show that we received the only reply possible: that there appeared to be nothing wrong other than the fact that the trees were slow in picking up after wintering. When June and July showed little improvement we wired instructions for a thorough investigation of the matter, the result was a full report from Mr. Pinching, the mycologist, followed by one from Mr. Huson. These reports are very exhaustive and if any shareholder would like to see them he can do so by calling at our secretaries' office.

"Mr. Pinching in his letter covering his report writes:

"'I regret that I cannot find an explanation for the present shortage in output on the estate. After giving the matter my most careful attention I cannot understand why trees such as I saw on the estate should be yielding only at the rate of about 180 lbs. per acre per annum. I feel that shallow tapping, though present to some degree on the estate, could not wholly account for so large a shortage.'

"While this did not help us much to account for the shortage; it is reassuring provided the future development of the estate and improvement of output justifies the conclusion that the shortage of output was a phase and phenomenal and Mr. Pinching's report from that point of view may be considered favorable, he remarks:

"'A very careful inspection of every field showed that your trees were remarkably free from disease.'

"He points out that while the majority of the land having been used for producing crops, prior to the planting up of hevea, may account for the absence of disease by reason of the changkollings of the taploca days. The previous use of the land for this purpose resulted in the impoverishing of the soil later in his report he states:

"'It is reasonable in view of our experience with other estates to expect such trees as yours to yield at the rate of about 300-350 lbs. per acre per annum, and to obtain only at the rate of about 180 lbs. with no apparent reason for such a shortage is a very puzzling matter.'

"The final yield per acre per annum was 224 lbs., the shortage of the estimate resulting from the non-recovery after wintering and the upset in labor caused by the influenza epidemic was about 17 percent.

"In closing his report Mr. Pinching writes: 'After carefully considering the matter I cannot think of any explanation, scientific or practical to account for the deficiency.'

"Well, gentlemen, with regard to the soil at Bukit Toh Alang not being so rich as on some other estates and the prospect of reaching a maximum output per acre per annum of only about 350 lbs. Mr. Pinching's report confirms what I have pointed out to you at these meetings before and this is the reason that the board decided to take up virgin land now in process of development at Kuala Kettil.

"Mr. Huson's report opens by stating:

"'I fully agree with what Mr. Pinching has noted in regard to the estate's comparative freedom from disease and the favorable observations of a specialist in mycology are a satisfactory feature in the welfare of the estate; moreover they narrowed and simplified my own field of investigation. I find, however, that I differ from Mr. Pinching in two aspects; (1) In observation of the growth of rubber, (2) In the suggestion that Bukit Toh Alang is a purely isolated case in the district in its failure to pick up last years' yield figures.'

"From what Mr. Huson has to say with regard to the growth of the trees we may conclude that the thinning-out process should have been begun earlier than 1916.

"Mr. Huson explains with regard to Mr. Pinching being unable to account for the non-recovery of the trees after wintering at Bukit Toh Alang, that the result of his experience in visiting other estates in the vicinity was that trees during the year under review were generally backward in picking up after wintering and that the case at Bukit Toh Alang was not an isolated one.

"Under general conclusions Mr. Huson writes as follows:

"'In my opinion the present state of affairs has been brought about by the cumulative effects of overcrowding and malnutrition, latterly aggravated by lack of rainfall. In the light of modern knowledge this impoverished land should never have been asked to support 15 x 15 rubber. This is of course merely wisdom long after the event, and the trend of planting opinion was not sufficiently advanced at the time to have precluded the course originally taken, but as thinning out has been generally advocated in the Malay Peninsula for at least six years I think it a pity operations were left so late, as only a modified benefit can be expected. Given a sufficiency of rain in the latter part of the year, and not too many wet mornings I expect the crop to increase gradually to about the 15-16,000 lbs. mark say in December-January, but it will be unwise to "push" output.'

"With regard to thinning out both Mr. Pinching and Mr. Huson report the good effect of this process on the rubber on the acreage which received early attention. During the year under review 12,456 trees were thinned out and this year's estimates includes an alloted $1,520 for the continuance of this work.

"With regard to Mr. Huson's expectations that the crop would increase gradually to about 15-16,000 lbs. mark say December-January, these expectations were more than realised as the crop for December was 18,572 lbs. and for January 18,328 lbs.

"Careful note has been taken of suggestions made by Mr. Huson with regard to cultivation, etc.

"I trust I have said enough to reassure shareholders as to the prospects regarding the development of our Bukit Toh Alang Estate. The shortage in output which I have endeavored to explain is responsible for the differences reported in the general comparative statistics of the working of the estate.

"With regard to our new land at Kuala Kettil, provisional grants for acres 1,799, rods 2, poles 19, as yet forth in the directors' report, have been lodged for safe keeping at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation in Penang. The capital costs of this land, $9,201.55, stand in our balance sheet at Tls. 5,211.39. On develpment the total expenditure to date has been Tls. 15,655.86. The estimated area cleared and planted up is 300 acres, we hope to be able to finish up the block on which this is situated by planting up a further 40 acres during this year, the expenditure in dollars is quite in keeping with the estimates given you when I first announced our purchase and prospective development of this new land.

"It should be noted that costs and expenditure at Kuala Kettil are kept separate in our accounts, the estate being at present an asset paid for out of the past and present earnings of the Bukit Toh Alang Estate proper.

"Mr. Parker, our manager, resigned his position about the end of our financial year and his first assistant, Mr. Kenney, is at present acting as manager. At his request we have arranged with Mr. Jaffray, manager of the Victoria Estate, to undertake the supervision of development at Kuala Kettil. Mr. Kenney still pays regular visits and is in general charge.

"The accounts need no explanation; in addition to the Kuala Kettil Estate we have liquid assets amounting to Tls. 6,663.60.

"The profit for the year is Tls. 1,948.08 which, considering the unfortunate shortage in our crop, is not comparatively unsatisfactory for the difficult year we have passed through. This profit with Tls. 18,018.09 brought forward from last year gives Tls. 19,966.17 to be dealt with and it will be proposed later to write off Development Account the sum of Tls. 7,548.43, the amount expended on the development of the non-producing portion of Bukit Toh Alang Estate for the year.

"Before putting the usual resolutions, I shall be glad to answer to the best of my ability any questions shareholders would like to ask regarding the estate or the accounts."

No questions were asked and the following resolutions were put and carried:

That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended March 31, 1919, as presented, and the disposal of the balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account as recommended be passed and adopted.—Proposed by Mr. N. G. Maitland, seconded by Mr. J. H. Osborne.

That Mr. E. A. Measor be re-elected a director of the company.—Proposed by Mr. G. Grayrigge, seconded by Mr. Hugo Reiss.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company for the ensuing year at a fee of Tls. 300, for auditing the company's books at Penang and Shanghai.—Proposed by Mr. G. Grayrigge, seconded by Mr. S. David.

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SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jentzeli dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Sunkiang dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunghiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.58	18.49	....
Nanking dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.05	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehzah dep.	8.45	11.06	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yehzah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sunghiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei dep	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jenkeld dep	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.5*	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE) ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow....	dep	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao..	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the traffic return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended July 9, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1919	1918
Gross Receipts	$37,067.34	$33,580.26
Loss by currency depreciation	9,303.54	7,781.94
Effective Receipts	$27,763.80	$25,798.32
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	26.29	24.30
Car Miles run	86,271	81,032
Passengers Carried	1,692,833	1,547,974

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$635 B.
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$437½
North China	$222½ S.
Union of Canton	Hk. $190
Yangtsze	Tls. 250
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	$23 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$141
Hongkong Fire	$330 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	
Indo-China Pref.	$158
"Shell"	200/-
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 38 B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 40
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 12½ B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Yaub	$2 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$157½ B.
Shanghai Dock	$37 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 27 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 100
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 92½ B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 76
China Land	Tls. —
Shanghai Land	Tls. 69 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 5
Shanghai Hotels Ltd	Tls. 17½ B.
China Realty (ord.)	$5
China Realty (pref.)	$5
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 305 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 86 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 205 B.
Oriental	Tls. 110 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 215 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 35½
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 15½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 83 B.
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$159 B.
Green Island	$8½
Langkats	Tls. 21½ CNI
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 105 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	Tls. 88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	35.35 B.
Weeks	$11½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7.60 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3.10 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 22 B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.75 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.65 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.85 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6½ B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5½ B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 13½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 4½ S.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 15½
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 10½ B.
Padang	Tls. 9 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4 B.
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 0.75 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.90 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8 S.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8 B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Durl	Tls. 8½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.40 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.40 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.70 B.
Tebong	Tls. 14 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 14
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 79 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 21½
Horse Bazaar	$5
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
Shanghai Telephone	Tls. 75
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 155 B.

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For Vladivostok
Per R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk.....July 11
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. July 12

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Per T.K.K. s.s. Siberia.....July 13
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WING ON'S

It Pays!

CROKER, IN NEW YORK, TALKS OF THE OLD DAYS

Former Tammany Chieftain Tells Of Time When He Was Dictator Of Politics

LAMENTS FRIENDS' DEATHS

Discusses Prohibition, Profit Sharing, Racing, And Prize-Fighting

New York, June 5.—Richard Croker, who retired as leader of Tammany Hall in 1901, was "at home" to friends, new and old, in his suite at the Hotel Savoy yesterday. With Mrs. Croker the former Tammany leader arrived Tuesday from Palm Beach, where he makes his home while in this country. Mr. and Mrs. Croker will sail today on the steamship Carmania of the Cunard Line for Liverpool on his way to his Irish estate at Glencairn, four miles from Dublin. He will return to America in October.

Mr. Croker, who is 76 years old, is the picture of health. His face wears the deep tan of outdoors, and he appears full of physical vigor. Few of his old friends would recognise him should they chance to meet him on the street. The stubby beard, familiar from his old pictures, has disappeared. In its stead he wears a short, bristling mustache.

Mr. Croker received some of his old newspaper friends at the hotel last night and chatted freely with them for a long time. He seemed willing to discuss anything except American politics and the Irish question. Prohibition, profit sharing, racing, and prize-fighing were among the topics not taboo. He talked with animation and smiled with pleasure as he recalled political happenings of years ago. Once the smile faded. That was when he was asked if any of his old Tammany friends had called to pay their respects.

"I haven't any old friends left," he answered. "They are all dead."

"But there must be many left?" one of his auditors suggested.

Non-Committal On Hylan

"In my house in Ireland," Mr. Croker replied, "I still keep the menu of a dinner I gave at this very hotel eighteen years ago, just before I retired. With it is a list of the two hundred guests who attended. Every year I have been going over that list and scratching out the names of those who have died. When I go over this time I will have to scratch off ten or twelve names. How many do you think there are left? Guess."

Someone guessed that seventy-five would still be among the living.

"No," said Mr. Croker. "There are just thirty left."

Mr. Croker said he had not met Charles F. Murphy, his successor as leader of Tammany Hall, since he came to town. Mr. Croker has not been in this city for two years. Last summer he spent at Palm Beach, where he has bought considerable land and has built a house on the ocean front. He said he had no intention of returning to New York to live, but that he intended to divide his time between Palm Beach and his Glencairn estate.

"The Palm Beach climate in winter and the Irish climate in summer agree with me," he said. "Besides, I need active occupation. There is nothing I could do here except go to the theater at night. I have no intention of going back to politics. I am through with that."

"Did you meet Mayor Hyan at Palm Beach?" he was asked.

"Ye-es," he said somewhat quizzically. "How is he doing?"

"That's what we intended to ask you?" he was told.

"Well, I will have to interview you about that," said Mr. Croker. "Down at Palm Beach he seemed to be an active and a very democratic fellow."

"'Al' Smith is doing pretty well, isn't he?" Mr. Croker asked. "From what I have read he seems to be making good and to be well liked by the people, and well posted on many subjects. I do not think I know him. He came into politics after I got out. But I do know that a fellow who began as 'Al' Smith began and worked his way up to the position he holds deserves much credit."

Picks Dempsey To Whip Willard

The talk drifted to the high cost of living. Mr. Croker admitted that it was costly to live, but said there was a reason for it, the increased cost of labor.

"And I do not know that is to be much regretted," he said. "I have always favored good wages for workingmen, but I have also been a consistent believer in the worker earning his wages. I think the men in industry should go further and admit their workers to a share in the profits. Men would work harder and more steadily; there would be no strikes, and more money would be earned, both by the employer and the employes, if the workers were partners.

"And," he added, "I think the workingman will suffer no harm if they let him have his glass of beer or wine. This bone dry business, in my opinion, is all wrong, and I never was a drinking man."

A question whether he would continue to take an interest in racing brought lament from the former Tammany chieftain over the death, last fall, of his great Derby winner, the stallion Orby.

"Orby was a great horse," he said. "He supported my whole racing establishment at Glencairn with his 'get.' I won some prizes last year with Orby stock. I have some horses over there and will race them after I get across."

Mr. Croker declined to discuss national politics and Presidential possibilities, but expressed himself in favor of the League of Nations.

"If the League will prevent wars, that is reason enough for any country to subscribe to it, even if it should have some drawbacks and involve some sacrifices," he said.

"Who will win the world's championship fight?" he was asked, as the reporters were preparing to leave.

"Jack Dempsey," was the response, quick as a flash. "He will win it in quick time, too. Dempsey is the most wonderful fighter I ever knew. If I were in this country, I would go to Toledo myself to see that fight. If you have any money to bet, put it on Dempsey."

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tean left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shnghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Sulyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The R.V..F s.s. Simbrisk arrived in Shanghai from Vladivostok via Nagasaki on Wednesday and will sail for the same ports this afternoon. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at three o'clock.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao will leave the Ningshao Wharf (Natao Bund) for Ningpo and Pootoo this afternoon at six o'clock.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangteen will leave the King-lee-yuen Wharf (French Bund) for Ningpo and Pootoo at four o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle is due in Shanghai from Vancouver and ports on July 20.

The K.M.A. s.s. Kwangping left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Burrumbeet (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Nanking on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Kwangse will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.

The P. and O. s.s. Dilwara, from Bombay, will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday afternoon and is due here on Wednesday, July 16, which is four days later than scheduled.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia left Hongkong for Shanghai at noon yesterday and is due at Woosung on Saturday morning at 11 o'clock. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty at nine o'clock to meet the liner and may be expected to reach the same Jetty, with inward bound passengers, at 12:30 o'clock. The Russia sails for Vancouver via Japan ports and Victoria, B.C., on Sunday morning and the tender Alexandra with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at six o'clock Saturday evening.

PASSPORT PHOTOS

Finished in one hour, or less, if need be.

Burr 2 Broadway

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Weather
Continued cloudy weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 73.1 and the minimum 66.9 the figures for the corresponding day last year being 83.9 and 71.4.

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2410 VOL. VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 己未年六月十五日 SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1919 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

MANDATE EXPLAINS WHY CHINA FAILED TO SIGN TREATY

Peking Asserts Delegates Followed Instructions Of Government

CRISIS IS FEARED

Action At Paris Leaves Country Still At War With Germany

PLEA FOR UNITY

Hope For Admittance To League By Signing Austrian Treaty

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, July 10.—A mandate has been issued stating the reasons why the Chinese Delegation did not sign the Peace Treaty. No reference is made to the cessation of a state of war with Germany.

Proclamation To Be Issued

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 7.—The President is engaged in drafting a proclamation to the people stating that the reason why the Government sent word to its delegation at Paris not to sign the treaty of peace is that not only he himself but the Cabinet and the Foreign Office as well received thousands of petitions from all classes of the Chinese people, urging the Government not to sign the treaty. Several thousand similar messages were sent directly to the Chinese delegation and in view of these expressions of popular opinion the Government deemed it best to leave the treaty unsigned and negotiate directly with Germany for a separate peace. The Government has in all cases endeavored to meet the legitimate wishes of the people and in this instance has furnished a noteworthy illustration of this desire.

The President's proclamation goes on to say that the country is now face to face with a great crisis, perhaps the greatest in its history, as the Government is obliged to deal with Germany alone and is not yet a member of the League of Nations. The attention of the Western world has been drawn to China as it never was before, and thus, in addition to realising the strength which lay behind China's refusal to sign the treaty, the statesmen and peoples of the West will gain a clearer insight into China's internal situation. This situation is still bad, and it is to the country's interest, both from a domestic and from an international viewpoint, to set to work at once on the task of putting the house in order. Unless China shows a united front, with both the North and the South willing to yield some of their demands in order to attain this end, she will soon be ruined in a domestic sense and will be too weak to establish her just claims before an international tribunal.

President Wins Support

So much for the policy of President Hsu in China's domestic and foreign affairs. That he is receiving the support of the people and of many of the country's big military leaders goes forth from the numerous messages received by the Government from all classes of Chinese people, as well as from Tuchuns Chang Tso-lin, Pao Kuei-ching and Ni Shih-chung, endorsing the action of the Chinese delegates in not committing China to the terms of the treaty.

General Hsu Shu-cheng, on the other hand, is much exercised over China's failure to sign and yesterday he had a long interview with the President on this subject. In this conversation Little Hsu told the President that China's failure to sign ha completely isolated her from the rest of the Allied world and left her with a battle on her hands which she was not strong enough to fight successfully. After bringing forward all the arguments that have recently appeared in the Japanese press on this subject, Hsu strongly urged the President to recall chief delegate Lu Cheng-hsiang and have him tried before the Peking Administrative Court for failure to do his duty; and he at the same time recommended that the Chinese Government make

(Continued on Page 3)

California's First Chinese Practising Lawyer

Chang Chung Wing

Chang Chung-wing, the only Chinese ever admitted to the California bar, has opened offices in San Francisco. He was born in China and educated in the University of California, later graduating from the Law School of St. Ignatius College. He is twenty-nine years old and a relative of the former Chinese Ambassador to the United States, Wu Ting-fang.

Urgent Cable Plan Put Into Operation From Here To States

Company To Take Preferred Messages At Triple Rate For Present

The Commercial Pacific Cable Company announces that as from yesterday "urgent" messages will be accepted for urgent transmission between China and North America. The rate will be three times the ordinary rate. This service is experimental and may be suspended at any time.

Italian Minister Here From Peking

Signor Garbasso Is Guest Of Consul-General For Italy; Leaves On Empress

Signor Carie Garbasso, Italian Minister to Peking who leaves on the Empress of Russia this afternoon, arrived from Peking last night and is a guest of the Italian Consul-General.

Signor Garbasso goes direct to Rome where he is to take the position of Foreign Minister in the Italian Cabinet.

NEW ITALIAN DISORDERS DUE TO LIVING COSTS

Prices Cut By Tradesmen In Effort To Stem Uprisings In Various Cities

(Reuter's Service)

Rome, July 6.—Food and clothing shops in Milan and other towns have been raided. One person was killed and several injured in the disturbances at Brescia. The tradesmen in several towns have considerably reduced their prices. The Government is taking stern measures against monopolists. The Socialist parties disclaim responsibility for the disorders.

Widespread Demonstrations

Rome, July 5.—Demonstrations of protest against the dearness of food have occured in Turin, Leghorn and Palermo. The tradesmen in Rome have agreed to 50 percent reduction in prices.

Woman Suffrage Bill Is Passed In Commons

Measure That Is Adopted Also Gives Them Right To Sit In Parliament

(Reuter's Service)

Ottawa, July 5.—The House of Commons has passed a Bill entitling women to vote and sit in Parliament.

Final Fight For Control At Peking Opened By Anfu Club On Chou Shu-mo As Premier

Appointment Decided Upon At Meeting Called By President Is Side-Tracked For Time Through Efforts Of Militarists

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 7.—At a meeting at the President's Office yesterday it was decided that Chou Shu-mo should be the next Premier and that his name should be submitted to Parliament for its approval. A despatch to this effect was as a matter of fact drafted, sealed and deposited with the present Cabinet for transmission to Parliament at a suitable moment; but it now appears that the time has not yet arrived when the Anfu Club will agree to Chou's premiership.

As soon as the Anfu leaders got wind of the fact that the President and his friends, supported by General Tuan Chi-jui, were pushing Chou Shu-mo's candidacy they sent a telegram out to the provinces advocating provincial support for Tien Wen-lieh, the present Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, who in their opinion will be a more pliable Premier than Chou. Various of the Anfu leaders took Tuan Chi-jui seriously to task for his support of Chou; and on this issue, at least, there is a radical split between General Tuan and the reactionary wing of the Anfu Party.

The objection of the Anfuites to a Chou Shu-mo cabinet is based on Chou's avowed independence in regard to the Anfu demands, which he regards as unreasonable and in violation of the principles of constitutional government. The Anfu men do not want to lose control of the government if they can help it, nor yet do they desire to stand out in open opposition to a cabinet formed on non-partisan lines and backed by the people. Their policy is to maneuver for a cabinet embracing all parties and headed by a man with a good political record, yet weak enough to bend to their will, thus enabling them to achieve, under the guise of a decent government, the aims and policies that they have pursued for the past two years.

The fight for the control of the cabinet is the last big fight for the Anfu Club, whose members realise that if they lose this they lose all. They can afford to compromise or even yield on the domestic peace situation provided that they can obtain a preponderating influence in the cabinet; for with the cabinet under their domination the domestic peace problem will take care of itself as far as they are concerned. Hence persons close to the political situation here do not expect Chou Shu-mo's appointment to go before Parliament for some time yet. There will, instead, be a prolonged political struggle between the President and the Anfu Club for the control of the cabinet, with the Anfu men putting forward Tien Wen-lieh, Wang Yi-tang, or any one whom they may think of at the moment, and with every delay favoring the policies of the President.

When the situation in regard to the cabinet has become acute enough to arouse the general interest of the public and to array behind the President the support of the thinking elements of the Chinese people Chou Shu-mo's nomination for the premiership will be submitted to Parliament with every chance of its going through. The Anfu men have had one test of what united public opinion can do in this country, and they would rather bow to defeat gracefully than be broken in what will prove a hopeless struggle.

Willard Was Loser From Start Of Fight

Gong All That Saved Him In First Round And He Never Recovered

(Reuter's Service)

Toledo, Ohio, July 4.—Jess Willard never recovered from the first body blow, the gong only saving him when he had swollen cheeks and his right eye had been closed. In the second round Dempsey seven times knocked him helpless to the ropes and Willard's seconds threw up the sponge. In the third round the spectators were shouting "Stop it—its murder."

A total of 40,000 people witnessed the contest which took place in an open arena. The temperature was 115.

INTER-ALLIED LOTTERY IS PROPOSED IN FRANCE

Scheme To Repair War's Ravages To Go Into Measure In Chamber Of Deputies

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 6.—A gigantic Inter-Allied Lottery of 5 milliards of pounds as a scheme to repair the ravages of the war will be brought as a Bill before the French Chamber of Deputies. Tickets would be circulated throughout the Allied and Associated countries at a profit, which is estimated at 2 milliards of pounds, for the rebuilding of the devastated areas of France.

CRISIS HAS DEVELOPED AT WEIMAR, IS RUMOR

Division Said To Be Due To Conflict Between Imperial And Prussian Views

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, July 5.—Rumors are circulating in Weimar of a serious crisis within the Government regarding the new division of Germany, the views of the Imperial and Prussian governments conflicting.

LLOYD GEORGE RESTING

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 6.—Mr. Lloyd George has arrived at Criccieth for a fortnight's complete rest.

Lord Cecil Reviews Situation In Europe

Most Urgent Problem, He Says, Is To Adjust Continent's Economic Affairs

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 5.—Lord Robert Cecil, speaking at Hitchin today said that the economic situation in Europe was as serious as it could possibly be. People were unable to get sufficient food, and there was a general breakdown of all transport, and the whole system of credit was seriously injured or absolutely destroyed.

The most urgent problem in foreign affairs, he said, was to try to set right that economic position and for that purpose, even in our own interest, we must be prepared, if necessary, to come to the assistance of Europe and we must in particular so frame our peace policy as not to hinder the economic recovery of Europe. If we did not we must not be surprised if revolutionary ideas developed which would ultimately engulf, if not ourselves, at any rate every other country in Europe.

CANTON SHOPS CLOSED AS MARK OF PROTEST

Non-Appointment Of Dr. Wu As Civil Governor Is Cause Of Demonstration

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Canton, July 11.—The voluntary closing of all the shops in the Chinese city is believed to be in protest to the non-appointment of Dr. Wu Ting-fang as Civil Governor of Kwangtung and also as a demonstration of sympathy with the anti-Japanese boycotters.

Women Attend Meeting

Hongkong, July 11.—The mass meeting in Canton yesterday afternoon was largely attended, women being included. The meeting unanimously resolved that all treaties concluded by the Peking Government during the war should be abrogated and many speakers urged the downfall of militarism

Mr. Yamazaki Named Japanese Consul Here

Official Notice Comes From Tokio That He Will Fill Shanghai Post

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, July 11.—Official: Mr. Yamazaki has been appointed Consul-General at Shanghai.

How Big Four Has Settled Italy's Claim On Adriatic

Informative map showing how Italy's Adriatic claims have been settled by the Big Four at Paris.

TWO-DAY CELEBRATION IN FRENCH CONCESSION

Anniversary Of Fall Of Bastile To Be Commemorated Tomorrow And Monday

The celebration of the 130th anniversary of the Fall of the Bastile will take place in the French Concession tomorrow and Monday. The annual lantern procession will start from the French Municipal Hall on Rue du Consulat at 8:45 o'clock tomorrow evening. The route of march will be along Rue du Consulat to the French Bund, Avenue Edward VII, Rue Montauban, Rue du Consulat, Rue Kraetzer, Rue du Cimitiere, Avenue Joffre, Route Voyron and disbanding at the French Park.

Monday morning at 8:30 o'clock, at Verdun Gardens Consul-General Wilden will review the defense forces of the French Concession and details from French ships in the harbor. The colors will be saluted, Consul-General Wilden and staff will inspect the units and will then deliver a short address.

A reception will be held at the Consulate-General Monday morning at 11:30 o'clock and there will be a concert at the Cercle Sportif Francais in the afternoon, beginning at five o'clock.

Moving pictures will be screened tomorrow night on Boulevard Montigny and on Monday night at the French Park and Boulevard Montigny. There will be a band concert at the French Park Monday night beginning at nine o'clock.

Chinese will join in the celebration and all Chinese in the French Concession will fly their flags. Local organisations, including the Commercial Federation, Students' Union and China Labor Union, have issued circulars requesting all shopkeepers in the Concession to "celebrate with their French friends."

ALLEGED JAPANESE PACT IS UP IN U.S. SENATE

Resolution Asks Wilson What He Knows Of Secret Treaty With Germany

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, July 8.—Senator Cabot Lodge has presented a resolution to the United States Senate asking that President Wilson submit information concerning the alleged Treaty between Japan and Germany.

HUNGARIAN POLITICIANS SEEK ASYLUM IN VIENNA

Appeal Is Directed To Allies To Free Country Of Rule Of Bolshevists

(Reuter's Service)

Copenhagen, July 6.—A number of fugitive Hungarian politicians have arrived in Vienna to appeal to the Entente to liberate Hungary from the domination of the Bolshevists and to help the Hungarians to form a moderate Socialist Government.

DIVIDE CITY FOR CANVASS IN AID OF SCHOOL FUND

Campaign For Money For New Institution To Reach All U. S. Business Men

Further steps in the campaign to raise funds toward the erection of a new Shanghai American School were taken yesterday afternoon at a meeting held in the United States Court for China when the city was divided up into 35 districts which were assigned to workers for a systematic canvass.

The workers plan to visit personally every American business man in town, this part of the campaign being carried on independent of other work being pushed by the missionary workers. Literature has already been mailed to Americans throughout Shanghai and the outports.

The sum to be raised in China is Tls. 150,000, necessary for the purchase of the land required for the new school. The building fund of G.$300,000 is being raised by business men and heads of missions in America and it is reported that over half the amount is already in hand.

GERMANY SENDS WORD SHE IS READY TO PAY

Reopening Of Communications To Be Effected Gradually As Foe Meets Terms

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 6.—The German Government has sent a Note to M. Clemenceau stating that Germany is prepared to carry out at once the clauses of the peace treaty concerning reparation and proposes the immediate formation of a commission of Allied experts to begin, with the co-operation of a German delegate, the assessment of damages.

The ratification of the peace treaty will not imply the re-opening of postal and telegraphic communication between France and Germany. This will be ceded progressively as Germany executes the conditions of the treaty.

Chinese Issue Statement

Paris, July 7.—The Chinese Delegation at the Peace Conference has announced that although it refused to sign the Treaty with Germany it will sign the Treaty with Austria, thus automatically securing China's membership to the League of Nations.

CAPTAIN FRYATT'S BODY IS ON WAY TO ENGLAND

Remains Taken From Cemetery At Bruges To Offices Of Government

(Reuter's Service)

Bruges, July 6.—The body of Captain Fryatt was taken yesterday evening from the cemetery to the offices of the government of the province, where this morning enormous crowds filed past the coffin which, in the afternoon, will be conveyed with all due honor to the station, en route for England.

R-34 IS WAITING FOR FAIR WEATHER FOR RETURN TRIP

Start Back Over Atlantic Set For Last Tuesday Is Delayed

STORY OF VOYAGE

Flight Of 3100 Nautical Miles Longest Ever Made By Any Aircraft

PETROL RUNS LOW

Destroyers Sent To Give Aid In Emergency Not Needed

(Reuter's Service)

New York, July 8.—The return of the R-34 has been further deferred owing to unfavorable weather.

Landing Of Airship

London, July 6.—The Air Ministry announces that the R-34 landed safely in Hazelhurst Field, Mineola, at 2 o'clock this afternoon (Greenwich time) and thus accomplished a voyage of over 3,100 nautical mines the longest flight ever made by any aircraft—in 108 hours and 12 minutes.

The air-ship completed the distance under its own power. American destroyers were sent to her assistance as a precautionary measure in view of her petrol supply being nearly exhausted but they were not utilised to tow her.

Arrival At Mineola

Mineola, July 6.—The R-34 arrived at 9:5 this morning, thus completeing its flight across the Atlantic without assistance.

Later: The R-34 landed at 9:55 a.m. in Hazelhurst Field.

Prepares For Return

Mineola, July 6.—The R-34 was first sighted emerging from a sea of mist. The airship circled the aerodrome at a height of a thousand feet until it learned by wireless telephone that everything was in readiness for it to make a landing. A member of the crew then descended in a parachute to superintend the arrangements for mooring, which was effected in ten minutes with the assistance of 500 American soldiers and sailors.

The commander, Major Scott, who was the first to alight, plainly showed the strain he had undergone while the crew were haggard and unshaven and their eyes bloodshot, but all very happy.

The return trip will be begun as early as possible, probably on Tuesday (8th) and the replenishing of the supplies of petrol and hydrogen has already begun.

The navigating officer made the statement that it was almost a miracle that the R34 had arrived after her experiences the previous night and he remarked that with the limited knowledge of weather conditions flying the Atlantic was very dangerous.

Congratulations Received

Washington, July 6.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels has telegraphed to the British airship R34 congratulating it on its remarkable achievement, which will serve to increase the cordial relations existing between Great Britain and America.

King Sends Word

London, July 6.—The King has telegraphed his heartiest congratulations to Major Scott and the crew of the R-34 on their splendid achievement and best wishes for their safe return. His Majesty says that the flight marks the beginning of a new era in which the English-speaking people, already drawn together in war, will be more closely united in peace.

Mr. Winston Churchill has also telegraphed his congratulations on the conquest of the Atlantic.

Summary Of Final Messages

New York, July 8.—The R-34 did not land at Montauk but proceeded to Mineola.

London, July 6.—The Air Ministry announces that the following mes-

sage has been received direct from the R-34 by the United States naval authorities at 4 o'clock this morning (Greenwich time):

"Position 67.30 West 43.20 North, course southwest by south, flying 1,500 feet. Come and meet us."

Destroyers Are Despatched

London, July 6.—A message from the R-34 asking for assistance was received at 2:59 yesterday afternoon, (Greenwich time) at St. John, New Brunswick. She reported she was close to Partridge Island at 5:30. Two American destroyers have been despatched from Boston.

Washington, July 5.—The United States destroyer Bancroft reached the R-34 at 11.40 tonight and is accompanying the airship across the Gulf of Maine.

Reaches Montauk Point

New York, July 6.—The R-34 arrived at Montauk Point at 7:30 this morning.

Halifax, July 5.—A wireless message from the R-34 relayed from Partridge Island tonight says "Rush help." Making for Boston at 22 knots. Come quickly, petrol giving out.

Mineola, July 5.—The R-34 has been instructed to make every effort to reach Montauk Point where there is a plentiful supply of petrol.

WILSON SENDS MORRIS TO TALK TO KOLTCHAK

Recognition Will Await Result Of Inquiries At Omsk By Ambassador To Japan

Paris, June 1.—Until Roland S. Morris, American Ambasador to Japan, reaches Omsk from Tokio, it seems improbable that further steps toward extending recognition to the Koltchak Government will be sanctioned by President Wilson, as he is anxious to have a report from Mr. Morris after he has fully discussed the situation with the Koltchak Cabinet and has investigated conditions at Omsk. Because of slow communications over the Trans-Siberian route, it is probable that it will be another week before Mr. Morris reaches Omsk.

While it is generally believed that Admiral Koltchak will accept the majority of the conditions under which the Entente nations and the United States offer recognition, it is likely the Omsk Government will seek modifications of the section providing for Russia's recognition of the Baltic, Trans-Caspian, and Trans-Caucasian Governments as autonomous and stipulating that any differences which may arise between them and the Koltchak Government shall be referred to the League of Nations.

The Russian commission in Paris, which is supporting Admiral Koltchak, holds this station to be prejudicial to a re-united Russia, for which a struggle is being made. The Trans-Caspian and Trans-Caucasian sections contain Russia's chief cotton and petroleum supplies, and the provisional governments there are largely creations of the British army, it is said. Consequently their recognition as autonomous would, in the opinion of Russians, make Turkestan and Trans-Caucasia virtually British zones of influence.

A. F. Kerensky, the former Russian Premier, and his sympathisers in Paris are strongly opposing the extension of recognition to Admiral Koltchak, on the ground, chiefly, that they believe him to be monarchical and have no faith in the pledges he may make to the Entente.

13 SOCIETIES LAUNCH EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN

Plans Formed And Officers Elected Yesterday To Enlighten Illiterate Chinese

A huge educational campaign for the enlightment of the illiterate of China was launched yesterday when representatives of 13 organisations held an organisation meeting at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., elected officers and drew up a program for the working of the campaign. The new organizations will be known as the Society for the Promotion of National Education.

Lecturers will be delegated by the new society to give free courses in factories and shops, and special meetings will be held on subjects of general knowledge, sanitary methods and civics. The work for the beginning will be limited to Shanghai and vicinity alone, but after a year, the movement will be extended to the interior of China.

The officers elected at yesterday's meeting to serve for the ensuing year are; Dr. T. H. Lee, president; vice-president, Shen Hsin-ching; secretary, Jui Hsian-yin; treasurer, Chen Chung-shen and a general committee consisting of Messrs. Huang Yen-pei, Monlin Chiang and Huang Ta-wei and Mrs. Ho Lu-chia.

The 13 organisations which form the new society are the Kiangsu Educational Association, the Vocational Educational Association of China, the Educational Society of the Shanghai City, the Shanghai Bureau for the Encouragement of Education, the World Chinese Students' Federation, the Western Returned Students' Union, the Shanghai Students' Union, the China Continuation Committee, the National Committee, Y.W.C.A., the Shanghai Y.W.C.A., the Shanghai Y.M.C.A. and the National Committee, Y.M.C.A.

DISPUTE OF TUCHUNS DEVELOPS NEW ANGLES

Reports Of Fighting Untrue But Civil Governor Has Not Taken Meng En-yuan's Seals

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, July 11.—The situation at Changchun is unchanged and the reports of fighting are untrue. It appears that the Civil Governor, Kuo, refused temporarily to take over the seals of the Military Governor of Kirin, General Meng En-yuan, who is therefore awaiting relief.

Kuo, as President of the Chinese Eastern Railway, is naturally not anxious to take over the additional responsibility of the Military Governorship as a conflict with General Chang Tso-lin, the Military Governor at Mukden, might be seized as an argument for complete Japanese military control of the Chinese Eastern Railway. Up to the present Kuo has received a large measure of international support in his gallant fight concerning the control of the Railway, which domestic strife might destroy.

In semi-official circles it is believed that the question of the control of the Railway is as much at stake as the post of Military Governor at Kirin and that if Pao Kwei-chin becomes Military Governor of Kirin a pretext would soon be found for removing Kuo, who would be succeeded by one of Chang Tso-lin's partisans, whose claim to the post of President of the Chinese Eastern Railway would be pressed as a matter of course.

Mexico Is Building Its Own Airplanes

Government Shops Make Motors And All, And Can Turn Out One Every Week

Washington, May 26.—The Army Air Service has learned that Mexico has forty airplanes. Of this number ten were constructed in the National Aviation shops near Mexico City and the others assembled there. The shops are equipped to make complete planes, and are said to have a capacity of one complete machine and six propellers weekly.

At first European and American motors were used in Mexican planes, but reports now indicate motors are being manufactured at the Mexican shops. The Mexico motor is known as the Aztatl, described as follows:

Eighty-horse power, 120 revolutions a minute, without vibrations, and functions perfectly at 2,500 meters. It is light, cheap and serviceable.

Work is also being done on a motor of 150 to 180 horse power. Propellers are manufactured of mahogany and other native woods. Some steps have been taken toward the construction of bombing planes and the manufacture of airplane bombs

JAPAN TO MAKE CHANGE IN KOREAN GOVERNMENT

Believed Successor Will Be Named To Governor Hasegawa Who Is In Tokio

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, July 11.—General Hasegawa, the Governor General of Korea, visited Mr. Hara the Premier, yesterday evening and after making a report on the riots in Korea tendered his resignation.

Report To Emperor

Tokio, July 10.—General Hasegawa, Governor-General of Korea, was granted an audience today by His Imperial majesty to report on the situation in Korea.

It is generally believed by those well-informed that General Hasegawa will not return to Seoul A bill for the amendment of the official organisation of the Colonial Administration is now before the Privy Council providing that a civilian shall occupy the post of Governor-General of Korea and its passage is confidently expected.

It is generally believed that Mr. Isaburo Yamagata, at present Chief of the Civil Administration of Korea, and a son of Prince Yamagata, will be General Hasegawa's successor.

The actions of the Japanese troops at the time of the repression of the riots in Korea are receiving the serious attention of the Government, while the Opposition is instituting special investigations in that connection, and there is no doubt that the Opposition will take issue with the Government concerning the matter at the coming winter session of the Diet.

American Ambassador Sees Brest Big Port

Wallace Predicts It Will Be Principal Outlet For French Products

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 6.—Mr. Hugh Wallace, United States Ambassador to Paris, has predicted a big future for Brest as the principal outlet for French traffic with the whole of America and also for the commerce between the States of Central Europe and America owing to its unrivalled geographical position and resources.

FRENCH AT ST. QUENTIN ASK AID OF CLEMENCEAU

Houses, Fuel For Winter And Relaxation Of Laws Among Requests Made

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 7.—M. Clemenceau has been visiting some of the districts in France which have been devastated by the war. Addressing crowds at St. Quentin who asked for comfortable houses before the winter, stocks of fuel, advances to farmers and a less rigid application of the administrative laws, the Premier said that St. Quentin was typical of what had occurred in other places, there being regrets and complaints but no acrimony, the speakers generally affirming their confidence in the Premier.

Rheims Given Award By President Poincare

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 7.—President Poincare has decorated the City of Rheims with the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

Asquith At Cologne, Gen. Robertson's Guest

(Reuter's Service)

Cologne, July 6.—Mr. Asquith is visiting Cologne as the guest of General Sir William Robertson.

Where Does the Money Go?

Even the average man lets a lot of money slip away in a lifetime.

Make no mistake—every dollar thoughtlessly squandered will sometime be NEEDED, and every dollar laid away in the bank will one day come handy.

Have a SAVINGS account. Add something to it from time to time.

If you do, it will soon take on SIZE. In time it will make you a master among men.

THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION

15 Nanking Road

OVER 2,200 ACCOUNTS

American Soda Fountain

Sullivan's

Sullivan's Fine Candies

11 Nanking Road

MINISTER OF PENSIONS GIVES ANSWER TO HAIG

Criticism That Was Made, He Says, Applied To System Now Modified

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 5.—The Minister of Pensions, writing to the press in reference to Sir Douglas Haig's evidence before the Pensions' Committee on July 1, says the figures quoted referred to the past not the present rates. He cites as an example Sir Douglas Haig's statement that a second lieutenant who was in a sanatorium, after the sanatorium deduction, has a balance of only £93 a year for his wife and children and shows that the total compensation in such a case is £412 a year and the balance now £178, apart altogether from maintenance and education allowances for the children according to their age.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES ARE HELD IN BRITAIN

United Open-Air Ceremony Is Conducted In Trafalgar Square In Afternoon

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 6.—Peace Thanksgiving services were held in every church and chapel in the Kingdom this morning.

Their Majesties and other members of the Royal Family were present at the service at St. Pauls, where the Archbishop of Canterbury preached.

There was a united open-air service of all the Protestant denominations in Trafalgar Square this afternoon, Salvation Army bands providing the music.

Greeks Retake Aidin, Venezelos Is Told

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 5.—M. Venezelos has received a telegram announcing that the Greeks recaptured Aidin on the 4th.

Jail For Extorters Preying on Returned War Service Coolies

Two Chinese, One Employed In Recruiting Office, Given Prison Sentences

For attempted extortion and theft of $5 from a coolie returned from war service two Chinese, one of them employed in the local recruiting offices, were sentenced to terms of two years and one year's imprisonment by Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Yui in the Mixed Court yesterday.

The complainant, named Eu Chiyoong, who had just returned to Shanghai from service as a stevedore in Mesopotamia, called at the recruiting office for his pay Thursday. On his way out as he was counting his money he was accosted by one Tsang Ling-pau, who asked the returned service man if he did not remember borrowing $5 from him before leaving the country. Tsang was a stranger to the coolie and he denied the claim, whereupon the former snatched a $5 note and handed it to another man who tucked it into his pocket. At the same time several others joined these two and began beating the victim. The service man, however, caught hold of his despoiler while a friend who was also drawing his pay caught hold of the other accused and they held fast till a policeman arrived.

In giving judgment the Assessor declared that it was an iniquitous thing that these returned coolies who had been in foreign parts in the service of the British Government should fall victims on their return to these abominable harpies. The first accused, who was found to have been convicted on seven previous occasions, three times for extortion, was given two years and the second, the employe of the recruiting office, who had pocketed the note, was ordered imprisoned for a year.

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just picture to yourself what that countryside will look like in a few years from now.

Where there are now green fields and trees will be streets and shops, mills and factories, and all the activities of an ever-growing city.

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G.$25,000 OFFERED FOR PARIS-NEW YORK FLIGHT

American Offers Prize For First Non-Stop Trip From United States

AERO CLUB TO FIX RULES

Can Make Start From French Capital And Come To U. S. If It Is Preferred

New York, June 1.—Raymond Orteig, proprietor of the Hotels Lafayette and Brevoort, has offered a prize of $25,000 for a non-stop flight from New York to Paris or Paris to New York by any aviator of Allied nationality. His offer was made to the Aero Club of America, which has under consideration the conditions to govern such a flight.

The distance from Paris to New York is roughly 3,600 miles, or more than twice that which has yet been covered by an airplane in a single flight. Mr. Orteig had made his offer to stand for five years, during which period he is confident that planes will be developed capable of making the distance.

"I decided to make the offer a few days ago," said Mr. Orteig, "because I had read so much about flights from Canada to Ireland, and New York to the Azores, Lisbon and England, and I said to myself: 'Where does France come in?' I wanted to offer some inducement for a flight which would include France.

"The question of conditions is left entirely to the Aero Club of America. Anything they say is all right. I mention New York to Paris, but if one end of the flight should be Montauk Point and the other any place near Paris, I would not be annoyed."

Mr. Orteig said that he had become interested in aviation during the last few months through meeting many of the French fliers who had come to this country. He joined the Aero Club of America a short time ago, when its dinner was held in honor of Rickenbacker. Mr. Orteig's proposal was made in the following letter:

New York, May 22.

Aero Club of America, 297 Madison Avenue, New York City.

Gentlemen.—As a stimulus to the courageous aviators, I desire to offer through the auspices and regulation of the Aero Club of America, a prize of $25,000 to the first aviator of any Allied country crossing the Atlantic, in one flight, from Paris to New York or New York to Paris, all other details in your care. Yours very sincerely,

RAYMOND ORTEIG.

The reply of the Aero Club of America to Mr. R. Orteig was as follows:

May 26 1919.

Mr. Raymond Orteig, 15 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

My Dear Mr. Orteig.—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of May 22 offering a prize of $25,000 to the first aviator crossing the Atlantic in one flight, from Paris to New York or New York to Paris, and of any Allied nationality, leaving the details to the Aero Club of America.

A meeting of the Board of Governors is convened for this coming Wednesday, when I shall be very glad to lay your splendid offer before them.

In the meantime, and to substantiate your initial offer as contained in your letter of May 22, would you be so kind as to give us a bank guarantee or put up this amount of $25,000 in escrow and draw up a formal deed of gift to the Aero Club of America to be presented at the meeting of the board for its official action.

I wish to tender on behalf of the Aero Club of America, its officers and members, our very great appreciation of this offer you have made and for the co-operation and support you are affording to the development of ocean travel. Yours gratefully.

Augustus Post, Secretary.

Mr. Orteig sent the following reply on Wednesday:

May 28, 1919.

Aero Club of America, 297 Madison Avenue, New York City.

Gentlemen—Your letter of May 26, through Mr. Augustus Post, Secretary, received, and in reply I beg to advise you that in pursuance of your suggestion of a bank guaranty as assurance of the fulfillment on my part of the offer proposed by me, I have made preliminary arrangements with my bankers, A. Iselin and Co., for the kuaranty of $25,000 to the Aero Club, to be paid by the club to the first aviator of any of the Allied nations crossing the Atlantic in one continuous air flight, from New York to Paris or vice versa, in accordance with terms and conditions to be laid down by the Aero Club and acquisced in by me. The offer to remain good for a period of five years from date.

If you will please submit to me the proposed terms and conditions of the club governing the flight, and with which it will be necessary for the aviator to comply in order to be entitled to the prize, I will write you a formal letter embodying the poposition in its final shape, together with the bank guaranty in relation to same

Very truly yours,

RAYMOND ORTEIG.

The Aero Club has not yet made known its action on the offer or its proposed conditions for the flight.

Mr. Orteig was born in France, near Pau, and has lived in this country since 1882. His two hotels have been great centers for the French in New York, especially during and since the war. The Hotel Brevoort is one of the landmarks of the city.

CHINA'S DELEGATES GET SUPPORT OF GOVERNMENT

In Proclamation Président Hsu Will Announce They Were Instructed Not To Sign

(Continued from Page 1)

a declaration to the Powers announcing that the action of the Chinese delegates in not signing the treaty is null and void and that China is now prepared to sign the treaty in its entirety. The President's proclamation, which will appear officially this week, is interpreted here as his reply to Little Hsu's arguments.

The action of the Chinese delegates in refusing to sign the treaty has undoubtedly strengthened the hand of the President and his constitutionalist following at home and there is now every chance that President Hsu will be in a position to force upon the military group in the North his views regarding the domestic peace situation. His appeal to the people to face the present crisis as a united whole is his first step in the campaign for the solution of China's domestic troubles and there is every reason to believe that this appeal will be followed by action of a definite nature.

Peace Outlook Bright

Word reached the Government from Shanghai yesterday to the effect that Wang and Chiang, the two Northern delegates, still find the South in a conciliatory frame of mind and that everything is ready there for the re-opening of the peace conference. Tang Shao-yi and his colleagues, they say, are ready to yield ground on many of the famous "Eight Points," and the main issue confronting the new conference will be the question of the two Parliaments. If the Peking Parliament can be dissolved in favor of the Old Parliament there can be peace in short order; and, even if the dissolution of the Peking Parliament is out of the question, there is still the chance of a compromise by which the Old and New Parliaments can sit jointly for the adoption of a constitution and the formal election of Hsu Shih-chang as President. Messrs. Wang and Chiang urge upon the Government the necessity of prompt action in regard to the Shanghai Conference and above all things, the appointment of Chu Chi-chien or some other qualified official to head the Northern delegation.

In official circles here, and even among members of the Peking Parliament itself, there is a growing feeling that this body cannot continue its existence in the face of the present acute situation. Parliament will, they say, be obliged by the pressure of public opinion and the needs of the hour either to compromise with the Old Parliament or dissolve and of these two alternatives the latter is in every way preferable. The Anfu Party will fight either issue and fight hard, but the Anfu Party is not as strong as it was and there are, besides, distinct signs that the Anfu Party is not the united force that it was two months ago. The party is splitting up into factions representing reactionary, moderate and radical views; and Wang Yi-tang is having great difficulty in keeping these groups together on the larger party issues. All of these factors tend to make the domestic peace outlook brighter than it ever was before.

President Is 'Yielding?'

Peking, July 8.—The President has sent a memorandum to Parliament requesting a statement of Parliamentary opinion as to the Government's attitude towards Germany in view of the fact that China, not having signed the treaty of peace, is still in a state of war with that country. In his memorandum the President says that Parliament's reply should be prompt and definite, as it is undesirable that China continue the war with Germany any longer than is necessary.

In this connection your correspondent is in receipt of a trustworthy report from Chinese official quarters to the effect that the President has telegraphed to chief delegate Lu Cheng-hsiang, instructing the Chinese delegation to enter into immediate and direct negotiations with the Japanese delegation at Paris regarding the return of Tsingtau to China. These negotiations are, it is said, to be based upon Japan's assurances to the Big Three regarding the return of the Leased Territory to China and the Chinese delegation is to act in the belief that the Japanese assurances on this point hold good regardless of the fact that China did not sign the treaty of peace.

The President's action in sending these instructions to Lu Cheng-hsiang is taken to mean that he has yielded in a measure to the pressure brought to bear upon him by Hsu Shu-cheng and other Chinese officials in close touch with the Japanese, as well as by the Japanese themselves, and that to satisfy the Japanese he will come to a direct agreement with Japan regarding the rights of the two countries in Shantung. It is pointed out here that the conclusion of such an agreement would effectually prevent China from bringing the entire Shantung issue before the League of Nations and that China, if she actually does enter into an agreement of this nature, will be selling her birthright just as much as she would have done by signing the Treaty.

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News Brevities

A special dinner is announced for tonight at The Trocadero—formerly the Tavern—which was recently taken over by "Jack" Raynes and is now being conducted along the most thoroughly up-to-date lines.

* * *

During the absence of Mr. P. H. Nye, Mr. N. G. Beale will be acting General Manager of the General Electric Company of China, Ltd.

* * *

There will be no session of the Mixed Court today, it being Commemoration Day.

* * *

The Manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation has received a telegram from the head office stating that an interim dividend of £2 5s. per share, subject to deduction of income tax, has been declared for the half year ending July 30, 1919. The dividend will be payable on August 11.

* * *

Mr. H. P. Sailor of St. John's University and Mr. D. K. Grady, formerly of THE CHINA PRESS, are among the passengers leaving for Vancouver this afternoon on the C. P. O. S. liner Empress of Russia.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. O. Clark, Messrs. J. Gilliam, C. F. Wolsiffer, H. J. Lopes, A. C. Remedios, E. Strassman, A. F. Diniz, W. Allanson, John A. Gatton, James McArthur and W. S. Dyer, were among the passengers leaving for the week-end trip to Pootoo by the Hsin Ningshao yesterday.

MAY MAKE PARIS FETE INTERNATIONAL AFFAIR

Intention Is To Have Troops Of All Allies Take Part In July 14 Celebration

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, July 6.—A report is current in official circles that an endeavor is being made to bring a contingent of British, American and Italian troops to Paris to take part in the French festival of victory on July 14 and also a composite detachment of 500 officers and men belonging to the armies of the smaller Allied Powers.

Celebration Tax Proposed

Paris, July 7.—A Bill has been proposed in the Chamber of Deputies to fix an eighty percent excess profits tax on the prices charged for seats, windows and stands to see the triumphal march of the French army on July 14.

PEKING IS OPTIMISTIC OVER PEACE OUTLOOK

Wang Ju-lin Probably To Be Named To Head Northern Delegation At Shanghai

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, July 8.—Chu Chi-chien, the former head of the Northern delegation at the Shanghai peace conference, and Chien Neng-hsun, ex-Premier, still refuse to lead the Northern delegation at the coming conference at Shanghai, and it looks now as if their refusal to serve were final. Hence the name of Wang Ju-lin, one of the two Northern delegates now at Shanghai, has been suggested for the post of acting chief delegate. Neither the President nor the Anfu Club are opposed to Wang, who is *persona grata* to the Southern delegation; and it is accordingly probable that Wang will either head the Northern delegation permanently or until some suitable man is found to take the position.

The entire domestic peace outlook is brighter from day to day, and it now begins to look as though the parliamentary issue, the main stumbling block in the way of the last peace conference at Shanghai, may yet reach a satisfactory solution. The present session of Parliament in Peking expires on August 12, and persons in close touch with parliamentary and governmental affairs here express the opinion that this session will not be prolonged.

The idea is that the Peking Parliament will leave for its Summer holiday on the 12th of next month and never be reconvened, thus lifting the bar which it has hitherto formed to peace between the North and the South. This plan gives the present Peking parliament a chance to go out with dignity and the reputation of not standing in the way of the unity of the country. When the North and South are reunited a new and legal Parliament will be elected, automatically superseding all previous Parliaments; and thus the status of the new legislative body will be assured, while the present Parliament will be out of existence, but with its legality unquestioned.

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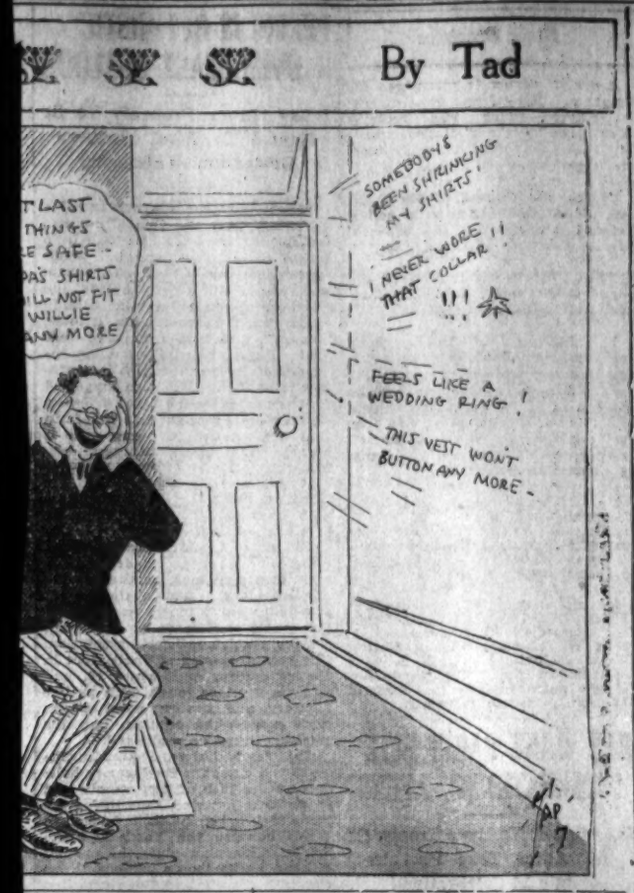
By Tad
T LAST THINGS E SAFE - PA'S SHIRTS ILL NOT FIT WILLIE ANY MORE
SOMEBODY'S BEEN SHRINKING MY SHIRTS!
I NEVER WORE 11 THAT COLLAR
FEELS LIKE A WEDDING RING!
THIS VEST WON'T BUTTON ANY MORE -

stood that these came to Shantung by way of Tsingtau.

The Dutch Minister has asked that the enemy subjects now in China be required to report to the local authorities only once a month. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has rejected the request.

August 25 has been fixed for the reopening of all government schools by the Ministry of Education. Students who did not take the final examinations last terms are ordered to do so before taking up new studies.

from 4 to 6 points higher than the ordinary bonds, and the sales of this species of bond have totalled some $5,000,000. The entire scheme from the point of view of both the Government and the investor is thus merely a gamble on Peking Government banknotes. If these notes go to par quickly and stay there, the Government wins; if the notes remain where they are for a few years, the investor comes out ahead of the game. At present the sale of these guaranteed bonds leaves the Government from $500,000 to $600,000 better off than it would have been if it had sold only the ordinary First Year Domestic Bonds. If, however, Peking Government banknotes remain at their present level for two years, the difference between the silver interest due on the guaranteed bonds and the interest paid in Peking notes on a similar amount of ordinary First Year Bonds will leave the Government a loser on the deal.

Government Again Broke

The money raised by the sale of these bonds has long since been spent, and the surplus of the customs revenue, which was released last Saturday after the protest of the Italian Legation had been withdrawn, has all gone to meet June salaries and military needs. Thus the Government is once more confronted with the problem of raising funds, which are required in large amounts for the expenses of Hsu Shu-cheng's Frontier Defense Army. To meet the financial needs of the Government for the current month Minister of Finance Kung Hsin-chan has, accordingly, sent out a circular telegram to all the provinces, instructing the provincial authorities to cut down local expenses to a minimum, to see to it that the land tax is levied efficiently and honestly, and to transmit as promptly as possible all surplus funds in the provincial treasuries. Furthermore, as this measure is not likely to be productive of large sums in the near future, Kung Hsin-chan is arranging for a number of small short term loans from Chinese and foreign banks in Peking and Tientsin.

Business Men's Lunch
at
Sullivan's Candy Store
every day (excepting Sunday)
11.30 a.m. until 2 p.m.
Price 60 cts.

Mongolian frontier before the end of this month.

As a result of this message a conference on frontier affairs was held in the Cabinet on Sunday, the meeting being attended by representatives from Heilungkiang, Kirin, Fengtien, Jehol, Chahar and Sinkiang, as well as by two princes representing Mongolia and Tibet and by the Minister of War and Hsu Shu-cheng, the Commissioner for the Northwestern Frontiers. This meeting decided upon various questions involving the improvement of the defenses of the frontier provinces and heard General Hsu Shu-cheng's report on the measures adopted to meet any invasion of Mongolia by Semenoff's men.

General Hsu told the meeting that 7,000 troops of the Frontier Defense Army had left Kalgan bound for the Mongolian frontiers late in June, and that of 2,000 troops sent to Kalgan from Peking early last week 800 were already on their way to their designated stations along the border. The advance guard of the former army had arrived in Kulun on July 1, and the troops were making satisfactory progress northward under unfavorable conditions. To assist the transportation of the Mongolian Expeditionary Force and its supplies the Government had already ordered 160 motor-cars in Peking and Tientsin; about one third of these had been delivered and the rest would be turned over shortly.

FRENCH FLEET WILL GO BACK TO PEACE FOOTING

Disturbances In Black Sea Have Not Affected Spirit Of Sailors

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, July 7.—The Minister of Marine has reorganised the French Fleet in view of peace time.

Everybody is acknowledging the fine spirit of the sailors, which has not been at all affected by the unimportant disturbances in the Black Sea.

the Hongkong Agent, Mr. W. W. Campbell, General Agent for Japan, and Mr. M. H. Hunt, Agent at Kobe, are due here on the Kasuga Maru from Japan. The party comes here for a week's conference of Pacific Mail men to be held at the Shanghai offices.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

It has been decided to appoint Mr. Chien Nung-hsun the Northern chief peace delegate, but he will not proceed to the South until the delegates now in Shanghai, Messrs. Kiang Shao-chi and Wang Yu-ling, have made some definite arrangements for the peace terms.

A telegram from Tuchun Meng En-yuan of Kirin states that he will hand over his seal to the Civil Governor, Mr. Kuo Chung-hsi, and proceed to Peking at once. The crisis between Fengtien and Kirin is believed to be over. The report that Kirin has declared its independence is unfounded. Rumors, however, are still strong in Peking about a Fengtien-Kirin split. Mr. Kuo Chung-hsi has again submitted his resignation. The appointment Mr. Sung Shao-lien to succeed him is reported, but will not take place until the crisis with Mukden is over.

A number of Hunghutze have become usually active recently in Chichow and its vicinity. It is under-

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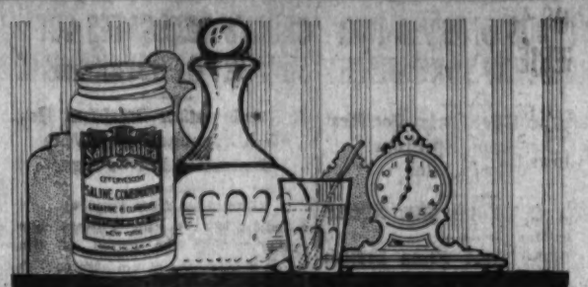

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FILIPINOS WIN ANOTHER IN SERIES AT TIENTSIN

Islanders Defeat Peking Marines By 9-0 Score; Masias Allows But One Hit

The 4th Philippine Infantry, with Masias pitching great ball, defeated the Peking Marines by a 9-0 score at Tientsin on the afternoon of July 9. Amling made the lone Marine single in the first inning. After that Masias was not touched. Yanon's stab of a hot liner near second base was the feature of the game. Sowden starred for the Marines.

Shanghai vs. U.S.S. Elcano

Shanghai hopes to play the U.S.S. Elcano nine at the Race Course tomorrow afternoon although the chances appear to be pretty slim. If the rain quits the committee will start getting the field in shape this morning and a hot Sunday sun will make the game possible.

Lawn Bowls

A league match between teams representing the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club and the Recreation Club will be played at the Recreation Club greens tomorrow afternoon at five o'clock. The Lawn Bowls Club team will be selected from the following: G. L. Campbell, J. J. Sheridan, J. Munro, W. Gater, J. T. Diselduff, A. D. Bell, J. Buckley, W. N. C. Allen, J. C. Macdougall, J. Park, H. H. Fowler, F. L. Marshall, Albert Taylor, J. D. Gaines, E. Payne, R. Simmons, P. M. Scott, W. A. Ogden, F. A. Sampson, W. B. Pitt and J. Valentine.

Captain's Competition Off

Because of the rain the Captain's competition, arranged for this afternoon, has been postponed. If the conditions of the green allow play today, a pick-up game will be arranged.

S. V. C. Orders

The following Corps orders were issued yesterday by Major T. E. Trueman, commandant, from headquarters, at the Town Hall:

No. 62. Leave: Short leave has been granted to the following Officers.

2nd Lieut. S. V. Mills July 2, 1919, to Sept. 1, 1919.

2nd Lieut. E. W. Godfrey July 14, 1919, to Sept. 1, 1919.

Captain R. H. Gaskin July 12, 1919 to July 31, 1919.

Today's Band Programs

Performances by the Public Band will be given today, weather permitting, program as follows:

(a) in the Public Recreation Ground at 5:30 p.m:

1. March—The Blue Riband...Bollog
2. Overture—Juanita .....Williams
3. Waltz—Amoureuse .....Berger
4. Selection—The Belle of Cairo Kinsey-Peile
5. (a) Novelette—Moonbeans...Cobb
   (b) Fox Trot—The Clown Dance Lake
6. Selection—Ma Mie Rozette...Caryll

(b) in the Public Garden at 9 p.m:

1. March—Our Director .....Bigelow
2. Overture—Le Flutiste .....Kling
3. Waltz—The Call of the Woods Tyers
4. Selection—Princess Ida ...Sullivan
5. (a) One Step—Oh Johnny; Oh Johnny; Oh; .....Olman
   (b) Fox Trot—Indianela ...Onivas
6. Humoresque—Piccolo Pio...Slater
7. Song—A Baby's Prayer at Twilight .....Jereme
8. Selection—Carmen .....Rizet

A. de Kryger, Conductor-in-Charge.

Charity Cup Shoot Attracts 45 Entries

Competition Will Be Held Sunday; Benevolent Cup Shoot Carded For July 28

Forty-four members of the Defense Forces and one member of the Shanghai Rifle Association have entered the Shanghai Charity Cup shoot which will be held tomorrow. The competition will begin at 7:30 a.m. Sunday's shoot will be the fifth competition for the trophy presented by The Nestles and Anglo-Swiss Condensed Milk Company.

The cup is to be competed for quarterly and won thrice consecutively or four times in all before becoming the absolute property of any holder.

Former winners of the cup are: Lieut. R. K. Hykes—American Company once; Lieut. E. W. Godfrey—"A" Company British, once; Q. M. Sergt. W. T. Rose—S.V.C. Staff, twice in succession.

Q. M. Sergt. Rose will become absolute owner of the cup if he wins the competition on Sunday.

The entries are composed of the following: "A" Co., British, 10 men; First Reserves, 8; American Co., 7; Maritime Co., 5; Japanese Co., and Machine Gun, three each; Italian Co., two; Second Reserves, The Engineers, "B" Co., British, Chinese Co., S.V.C. Staff, S. M. Police and S.R.A., one each.

The following have entered:

J. J. Brooks, H. Bone, H. J. Blatchford, F. Bonichi, A. M. Collaco, L. Canda, K. Chen, H. W. Dawson, J. Evans, E. Fasting, T. Fujii, A. C. Godby, E. W. Godfrey, A. Grossi, A. S. Goldsmith, E. Heen, R. I. Ito, O. L. Ilbert, G. V. Jensen, W. Lancaster, H. W. Lambert, Cecil McBain, T. W. Mitchell, H. F. Munns, C. Mills, A. L. Mottu, W. J. Monk, H. Noisshiki, S. H. Peck, E. A. Prince, H. Priestley, L. J. Quincey, S. A. Ransom, W. T. Rose, C. H. Ryde, C. Reeves, F. W. Snape, G. H. A. Snow, T. Spring, F. T. Smith, H. Tobias, N. Thomson, R. F. Wilner, G. H. Willder and A. V. White.

The competition is open to members of the defenses forces. The proceeds of the competition, after deducting expenses will be donated to the Blue Cross Fund of England and the Red Star of America.

The secretary will be very pleased to receive post entries which will be two dollars. Entries are to be sent to Mr. A. M. Collaco at the Russo-Asiatic Bank or may be made at the Rifle Range before the competition.

Benevolent Cup Competition

The second competition for the Benevolent Cup will take place on Monday afternoon, July 28. The trophy has been presented by the secretary of the Shanghai Rifle Association. Conditions will be announced shortly.

Many Powers To Seek Kaiser's Extradition

Twenty-Two Or Twenty-Three Nations To Sign Application Addressed To Holland

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 3.—The Associated Press correspondent in London understands that twenty-two or twenty-three of the Allied and Associated Powers will apply to Holland for the extradition of the ex-Kaiser Wilhelm.

FIGHT BEING MADE IN U.S. AGAINST DAYLIGHT SAVING

Effort Being Pushed To Have Congress Repeal Act Shoving Clock Ahead

Washington, May 29.—Checked in their efforts for the immediate repeal of the daylight saving act by the failure of the House Rules Committee today to legalise the repeal measure as a rider on the agricultural appropriation bill, enemies of daylight saving now are planning to push the repeal through Congress as a separate measure.

Twenty-six separate resolutions for the repeal of the daylight saving act have been introduced in the House since the session opened. One of these, probably the resolution introduced by Representative Esch, of Wisconsin today, will be considered by the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee in executive session. The committee will decide at that time whether hearings shall be granted. Opponents of the new time system fear that hearings would give an opportunity for its friends to delay a report by the committee indefinitely.

New York Official Protests

A memorandum by Attorney General Newton of New York, read to the Rules Committee by Robert S. Conklin, deputy attorney general, was largely responsible for the failure of the committee to grant the special rule requested by Chairman Haugen of the Agricultural Committee.

Attorney General Newton pointed out that the New York Legislature when the daylight saving law was enacted, made the state laws as to standard time conform to the new system. Since the Legislature does not meet again until January a change back to sun time would be impossible and New York would be compelled to observe two distinct time systems.

The New York Attorney General suggested that the present daylight saving period be permitted to run its course, and that the repeal take effect after the first Sunday in October. The resolution to be considered by the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee tomorrow would dictate a return to sun time at 2 a.m. on the third Sunday after its approval by both Houses.

Chairman Campbell of the Rules Committee said today that informal polls of the House show that two-thirds of its membership are in favor of the repeal of the law. His constituents in Kansas, he said, were unanimously in favor of the repeal.

After calling attention to the amendment to the state laws, enacted when Congress passed the daylight savings law, Mr. Newton's statement said:

"No section of the laws is more important than is this, for it needs but a moment's reflection to realise that the entire body of the state law is more or less dependent upon it. Contracts great and small, are governed by it; banking, transportation, navigation, traffic in liquors and foodstuffs, Sunday observances, elections and court proceedure are all regulated by it.

"Here is the law—Section 53 of the general construction law that applies: 'Any act required by or in pursuance of law to be performed at or within a prescribed time, shall be performed according to standard time.' Another section fixes a calendar day from midnight to midnight.

"It is difficult without going more exhaustively into the subject than I have had opportunity to do," the Attorney General continued, "to determine to just what extent law and business would become entangled and affer by reason of the sudden disadjustment of clocks without the state with those within. Presumably Federal government agencies both without and within the state would follow any change in the Federal statute. Then, if the Federal law be changed, we would face a time other than standard for the post office, the railroad, the telegraph, the telephone, the custom house, the Federal Bank Federal courts, Immigration and Internal Revenue and Naturalisation bureaus.

"Presumably there would be persons both within and without the state who would remain in ignorance of the lack of conformity between state and Federal time. Such persons would enter into contracts specifying a certain hour within the state for the performance of a certain act of the limitation of a liability. Would the state time or the Federal time apply? I do not know.

"Insurance policies existing and to be drawn hereafter, if they follow the standard form for fire, life, burglary, accident and surety insurance, contain, or will contain provisions governing the payment of premiums and the limitation of liability. How is the time specified to be understood? People die between 11 and 12 o'clock; fires occur, so do accidents, burglaries and defalcations.

"Legal papers in a very considerable percentage of cases are served by mail. The hour stamped on the envelope by the post office may be of importance in determining whether or not the papers have been served on time.

"If there be a lack of conformity in state and Federal statutes, vital rights might be involved in the determination of whether or not the post office recognised Federal time or state time.

"The inauguration of the blessed era of complete sobriety on July 1 might be postponed for sixty cursed minutes.

"The portion of the alimony club which evades its dues by residing in New Jersey and seeks Sunday relief by excursions to New York might make a fatal mistake as to when the mystic hour of 12 arrived.

"The New York Legislature of 1918 foresaw these difficulties and promptly amended the state law to bring it in harmony with the Federal law. The Legislature is not now in session in New York and will not be until next January. If the Federal law be now amended so as to take effect before the first Sunday in next October it will leave the state helpless to relieve itself from this confusion."

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U. S. DESTROYER ATTAINS EXPRESS TRAIN SPEED

Vessel At Bath, Maine, Trial Travels At Rate Of 57.63 Knots An Hour

Bath, Maine, June 8.—All previous speed records for American destroyers were shattered yesterday when the destroyer Hale in a trial run off the coast here made 57.63 knots. The best previous knot rate was 38.28.

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THAT INFANTS are peculiarly susceptible to opium and its various preparations, all of which are narcotic, is well known. Even in the smallest doses, if continued, these opiates cause changes in the functions and growth of the cells, which are likely to become permanent, causing imbecility, mental perversion; a craving for alcohol or narcotics in later life. Nervous diseases, such as intractable nervous dyspepsia and lack of staying powers, are a result of dosing with opiates or narcotics to keep children quiet in their infancy. The rule among physicians is that children should never receive opiates in the smallest doses for more than a day at a time, and only then if unavoidable.

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Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL much regret that for the first time for a hundred years war conditions prevent many of their products being shipped to China. They much appreciate the letters they are receiving, and in reply would state that it is fully recognised here that under the circumstances of life in China the absence of English delicacies and foods is a very real hardship.

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL will take care that not a day shall be lost in forwarding supplies when a return to more normal conditions permits. In the meantime they trust that those who have been accustomed to rely on their products will be good enough to accept this explanation.

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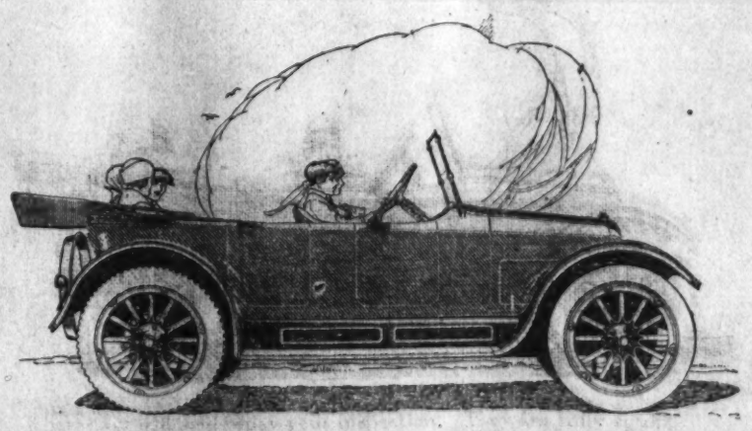

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Immigrants In America Are Going Back To Europe

Nearly 400,000 Have Left Through Port Of New York Since Armistice Was Signed, Keen To Display Wealth

New York June 1.—By the cut of their clothes and the thickness of their wallets they are Americans. But by their mustaches—long and silky, twirled and scraggly, black shot with gray, short and stubby, but for the most part sandy and droping at the ends—by their mustaches and the way they meekly huddle together in the paseport line at the customs building, they are aliens.

Every morning, starting as early as 5 o'clock, a motley line forms before the door of the customs building near the battery. It is the lowly counterpart of a winter night's line at the Metropolitan when Caruso sings, and the tenor's countrymen likewise predominates here.

With tickets clutched in work-worn fingers, passports bearing cheap photographs, and visees from consuls, the emigrant waits to receive a slip which will admit him to his ship on sailing day. And no amount of waiting seems to discourage him. He can get his slip only by coming two days before his ship sails; but he frequently comes a week ahead of time. Even then, if told to go and return later, he will hold his place in line.

Near 400,000 Mark

The demand for passports to Europe since the armistice has nearly reached the 400,000 mark, it was said at the customs building yesterday. This includes requests from thousands of American would-be tourists. But the bulk of the emigration business involving nearly 1,400 persons a day, comes from immigrants of short residence in this country who are willing to accept any sort of transportation to return to the old country.

Asked if he is taking much money back, the emigrant smiles, shakes his head and either says he has had work only part of the time, or has had doctor bills to pay.

But customs officials tell a different story. When emigrants find they may take no gold with them, nor more than $250 in bank notes or subsidiary silver, to neutral countries, nor more than $1,000 to Allied countries, they resort to last-minute expedients.

'Frisked' For Concealed Money

"When they are about to board ship" a customs intelligence officer said yesterday, "we 'frisk' them for concealed money. We usually find, next to the man's skin, some sort of belt carrying as much as $2,500 in gold and bills.

"A federal Reserve Bank man is on the pier. We require the emigrant to exchange his gold for notes, and if he insist on taking his whole pile with him he must carry it in the form of a draft, or he does not sail on that boat.

"These men are taking back fortunes with them. It is a common occurrence to see them with a sample pay envelope to display before their friends over there. This will frequently amount to $50 or $60." The most frugal of the emigrants, it was said, are the Greeks and Serbs.

Another proof of the emigrant's prosperity is the fact that circulars recently have been issued by certain steamship companies urging emigrants to book round trip passages in order to escape exorbitant income taxes.

Circular Called Misleading

Revenue officials have branded the circular as misleading and probably designed to sell tickets. It declares among other things that "a non-resident alien or person, whether married or single, who has resided in the United States only temporarily and who goes back to his native country with the intention of not returning to the United States has no exemption whatever and is required by law to pay 12 percent income tax on his or her gross earnings in the United States before leaving the country."

The circular then explains that residents who show satisfactory proof that they intend to return to this country escape this tax.

"Where have you been working?" the emigrant is asked.

"Chicago; on railroad." Or it may be in the Pittsburgh steel mills, the copper mines of Arizona, the Pullman shops of Peoria, the textile mils of New England, or the soal mines of Pennsylvania. And those who have the sickness are often section hands with ruddy faces and gnarled hands.

Italians Predominate

Italians greatly predominate among the emigrants, with Serbs, Czecho-Slavs, Jugo-Slavs, Greeks, Albanians and other Southeast European peoples next. A few Scandanavians and Finns appear, but very few Russians.

Yesterday an American citizen of Russian birth, who had come all the way from San Francisco, found the English Consul would not vise his passport to Russia.

"It seems to me," he said angrily, "that England has more to say here than America."

The emigrants' clothes are of uniformly good quality and fully 50 percent of those in line wear neckties and collars. The majority are under forty.

Many of these will be met at the pier when they reach Europe and inducted into the army, it is said, though they do not always realise this fact.

Noted 'Jazz Band' Leader Slain In Dispute

Lieutenant James Europe.

Lieutenant James Reese Europe, leader of the famous band of the Three Hundred and Sixty-seventh Regiment (old New York Fifteenth), was slain while the band was giving a concert in Mechanics' Hall, Boston, Mass. Herbert Wright, a drummer in the famous band, is being held on the charge of having stabbed the band leader. Europe, famous all over the world as the American "Jazz King," acquired much fame by providing the musicians and composing a large part of the music used by Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle when the dance craze was at its height. "The Castle Lame Duck" waltz was his best known composition of this nature. He went to France with the American forces and while there organised a band from the colored fighters who were abroad. The band created a great sensation in Paris.

LIMERICK AGAIN NORMAL AFTER A UNIQUE STRIKE

Strikers Control City Government For 11 Days In Face Of British Military Powers

Limerick, Ireland, June 7.—This sleepy old city has resumed the even tenor of its way after an exciting experience with a government of strike leaders which seized the administration of the community's affairs and for a period of 11 days regulated the goings and comings of some 28,000 persons in the face of British soldiers and Irish constables.

The statement of one of the leaders that the "British can now see we do possess the ability to govern ourselves" may be taken as the real motive for their action. The controlling power in the leading Irish organisations desired to prove to the government the falsity of the repeated statement, that "Irishmen cannot govern themselves."

The Limerick experiment originated in an incident dating back to last year when members of the Royal Irish Constabulary searched the house of a Limerick postal clerk and found a revolver. For this he was sentenced to a term in prison. There he refused food and soon it was necessary to remove him to the Clare workhouse to save his life.

There a party of his friends entered the hospital and clashed with the guard. One constable was shot dead several others wounded, and the clerk also hit. He died within a few hours.

Funeral Starts Trouble

The military authorities learned that the dead clerk's friends were arranging to give him a military funeral at which all Limerick and Clare men were to appear in the uniform of their military organisations the "Irish Volunteers." Orders were issued from the military headquarters in Limerick forbidding a military funeral. The Irish leaders decided to attend the funeral, in their ordinary attire.

The funeral will never be forgotten in Southern Limerick. All business houses were closed and the blinds tightly drawn. Factories and workshops also were closed, sending many persons to the streets.

At 2 o'clock parties of armed men appeared at strategic points in side streets off the line of march. At each important point an armored car was stationed, its guns commanding the route to be followed by the funeral procession.

The funeral was held at 3 p.m. and the march from the cathedral began. No man wore a uniform but they marched with the steady stride and perfect rank of well drilled soldiers. Fifteen thousand of them were, with Mayor Alphonsus O'Mara and other city officials in the line.

The next day Limerick was proclaimed a "restricted area." Military lines had been established so dividing the city that workmen living in Clare and employed in Limerick must have passes to go into the city.

Unionists Around

This angered the trade unionists, who declared they ought to have the right to go to and from work without the consent of the British government. The Trades and Labor Council called a general strike. A proclamation was issued closing every factory and store, and generally placing the activities of the city under control of the strike leaders. It was instantly obeyed, not a store or shop opening. Even the newspaper and moving picture houses were included in the suspension order.

The military erected barbed wire entanglements at the Shannon bridges, and tanks and armored cars were so placed as to command every approach. All roads leading into the city were guarded, and soldiers took station in the railroad depot.

The strike leaders ordered the people to refuse to apply for passes but this was not generally obeyed. In other respects the strikers controlled the city's life. Not a public house was permitted to sell intoxicants, and not one drunken man was seen on the streets. Shops were opened by a proclamation a few hours daily in order that people might buy food and fuel but clothing, drygoods stores were kept closed. All food and provisions, as well as milk, were sold on a schedule prepared by the strikers and much lower than the ordinary prices. An automobile could be obtained only on a striker's permit then the car must be driven by a union man.

Strike Purely Political

The strike was political pure and simple. No questions of wages or working conditions was involved. It was a protest against the military power of the government and the Limerick leaders believed that if they had been able to command the united support of other trade unionists in Ireland and the financial support of trade unionists in England, they would have inaugurated the long expected general strike against the British government which is the hope and aim of a very great many Southern Irishmen.

But the strike failed because some of its wisest leaders believed the time had not come for anything more than a protest. They surrendered to the power of the military because, they said, their only desire was to show the world they would not submit quietly to have their liberties trampled upon. Not a shot was fired, not a man injured while the political strike was in progress.

However, one young fellow yesterday said that he expected that treatment.

Willing To Join Army Now

"It's the army for mine," he said. "I'll have to relieve the fellows who have been fighting. But I'm going."

It is difficult to find original reasons for returning. It is always a "sick mother," a wife, an estate to settle up, business reasons, changes caused by the war or sickness that causes them to leave.

Customs officials have their little jokes, and the one they like best is to find some one in line who wants special treatment. They inquire if he has his income tax receipt with him, and if he has not he gets "special treatment."

"All right, sir," he is told. "Just you go right up to room 609."

In room 609 "Big Bill" Edwards takes care of them. When they escape they are usually glad to wait their turn in line.

Two objectors who on March 13 demanded special treatment got it. They returned on April 1 to find the income tax law in operation. It cost them more than $1,000 apiece.

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